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#### THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

SENATOR BROWN'S SPEECH ON

An Earnest Attack Upon the Anti-Silver Views of the Secretary of the Treas ry-The Sherman Refunding Bill Under Review-Pro-ceedings of the House, Etc.

Washington, January 18.-[Special,]-Senator Brown spoke nearly two hours to-day on the resolution introduced by him last week, declaring the sense of the senate against the withdrawal of silver certificates and further restriction of silver coinage. He contended that the secretary of the treasury in recommending the restriction of silver, on the ground that it would drive gold from us, not only advocated the theory which would bring great hardships on laboring classes, but based that theory on fallacious reasoning; that silver is to-day worth more in the latin union and other European states than here and the fact is that silver is leaving us and gold coming in. His speech was an able argument against the poll y advocated by the president and secretary. It will be a knotty problem for the advocates of contraction, and is considered one of the most powerful appeals for the silver certificate and a liberal coinage of silver yet made. The senator took plain hydrogelike view of the question calling on the president for information as to the execution of section 1753 of the rea plain, business-like view of the question, and the speech will be read with interest in Georgia and the country generally. The enemies of silver will be able to do

very little at this session. In his speech, Senator Brown reviewed our In his speech, Senator Brown reviewed our legislation on the silver question, showing its unfriendly character, and contending that while silver had not been able to withstand it, gold would not have stood it any better if the assaults had been made on that metal. As to what shall be the ratio of equivalents be thought the French standard was about the true one. That ratio was one upon which France would be willing to stand with the Linited States. Controverting the assume. United States. Controverting the assump-tion upon which he said the secretary of the reasury had based his recommendations for stopping silver coinage, that if this was not done gold would flow from the United States and silver would take its place, and we would be reduced in the commercial world to the level of the minor and less civilized nations. Mr. Brown argued to show that we had fixed the ratio between the two metals higher than it had been fixed by other commercial powers, (ours being sixteen to to one, while most of the commercial nations adopt fifteen and a half to one, and Germany now fourteen to one) and practically the very reverse of a flow of gold from and of silver to the United States would be the result of this. It quoted from distinguished financiers in gold and silver mono-metalism and bi-metal-ism alike, who discarded the theory of the gold and silver mono-metatism and bi-metalism alike, who discarded the theory of the secretary, and went on to demonstrate that the facts also were in the very teeth of the producing power. We were assailing our own interest in seeking to depreciate the value of this product, and in joining with Germany and Great Britain in giving to gold alone the name and importance of money. In favoring greenback redemption at par in coin, Mr. Brown said he was opposed to the idea of one currency for the bondholder and another for the people, and that the full measure of his rights and equities entitled the bondholder, under his contract, to payment in the silver dollars of the standard of 1870, which was 412½ grains. As to the proposed withdrawal of the silver certificates, he argued that these furnished a better currency than would the bank bills, which, as he understood the propositions of the president derstood the propositions of the president and secretary of the treasury, it was proposed to substitute for certificates. The banks would be under no compulsion to issue new bills to take the place of the certificates, and if they were so disposed could contract the present volume of the currency fifty mil-A worse currency would thus be substituted for a better, as the certificates were always redeemable promptly in legal tender dollars, while the bank bills, in case of bank failures, are not promptly, though they

silver certificates, the government avoids some cumbrous machinery and avoids the profit on circulation which, in the other

By retaining the

Washington, January 18 .- A communica tion was received from the secretary of the treasury in response to a senate resolution as to the present rates of duties imposed by France Germany and Mexico upon American manafactures. Numerous petitions for a commission to investigate the liquor traffic were presented

Mr. Davis, of Illinois, from the committee on judiciary, reported back favorably the bill to permit Mr. Ward Hunt, an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, to retire. He gave notice that he would ask its

Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on naval affairs, reported a resolution for the examination by that committee of the new system of naval defense invented by Captain J. Erricson and report thereon.

Adopted.

A number of bills, granting relief in individual cases were presented.

Mr. Blair offered a resolution instructing the committee on public lands to inquire into the administration of the land laws. Adopt-

The remainder of the morning hour was or The remainder of the morning hour was oc-cupied by Mr. Brown in remarks upon the currency question, his text being his resolu-tion declaring the inexpediency of contracting the currency by the withdrawal of silver cer-tificates or the discontinuance of silver coin-

age. At 2:25 Mr. Brown concluded and his resolution went over without action.

The senate then resumed the consideration

of the Sherman fresumed the consideracy of the Sherman funding bill.

Mr. Morgan opposed the bill. He said he was entirely satisfied of the ability of the government to pay \$550,000,000 of the Windom continued bonds in eleven years without drawing one cent from the surplus revenues and presented figures in illustration. He also gave figures showing the respective totals of the appropriation necessary to extinguish the whole debt in five, twenty and thirty equal installments. He was in favor of using this surplus to extinguish the debt at the rate of \$\frac{1}{2}\text{LOO} \text{(000) per annum. Commenting on the \$100 000,000 per annum. Commenting on the avowal which he said had been made by some senators in the debate of postponing the payment of a part of the public debt, and thus continuing in debt indefinitely in order to perpend the national banking system, he spoke of the incubus of the bank power he spoke of the incurrence which, having been created in a moment of folly, was now making its weight upon the government felt. He referred to the exclusiveness of the formed to the hasis of banking upon the government felt. He referred to the exclusiveness of the system of limiting the basis of banking to bonds of the government, to the value of franchise enjoyed by the banks by reason of their circulation being founded upon the credit and strength of the government, and to their apparent intention to continue business.

of avoiding a continuance of this system in definitely that the government should cease paying interest on securi-ties held by it for the redemption of circulation and further the substitution in their stead, from time to time, of state bonds of undoubted security as collateral, these be-

of undoubted security as collateral, these being taken at fifty cents on the dollar, or at any per centage low enough to make the security absolutely safe. Upon the conclusion of Mr. Morgan's remarks the funding bill was informally laid aside until to-morrow.

The bills introduced by Mr. George to encourage agriculture and manufactures—proposes to repeal all duties and imports now laid on machinery for the manufacture of cotton er woolen goods, or voods composed of cotton or woolen goods, or goods composed of hemp or jute; also, on all looms of mechanics which are used solely in such manual labor; also on all agricultural implements and on all

By Mr. Ferry-Relative to the compensation f letter carriers.

A message from the president was received.

sion, after which adjournment was had, THE HOUSE,

The house proceeded as the regular busi ness of the morning hour to call of commit-Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, from the coinage committee, made a report on the subject of metric coinages. Recommitted and ordered

as to the execution of section 1753 of the revised statutes for the promotion of the efficiency of the civil service and whether the sum of \$15,000 appropriated for that purpose is sufficient for the purpose. Referred.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the house resumed the consideration of the report of the committee on rules propose on the committee on rules.

ment relating to the committee on the im-provement of the Mississippi river, providing that it shall have the same privileges in reporting appropriations for the improvement of that river as are accorded to the appropriations committee, in reporting the general appro-priation bills. He spoke in support of the amendment as bearing on the question of

cheap transportation.

Mr. Dunk, of Arkansas, opposed the amendment, arguing that the question of improving the Mississippi river belonged to the commit-

tee on commerce.

Mr. Thomas, of Illinois, advocated the amendment and said there was no reason amendment and said there was no reason why the committee on commerce should have charge of the question, unless the object was to make appropriations for Mississippi to carry through the house the river and harbor appropriation bill. He asserted that the commerce of the Mississippi river was twenty-five times greater than the whole foreign commerce of the United States, and by the projected improvements, transportation would jected improvements, transportation would be cheapened thirty-three per cent. Mr. Thompson, of Kentucky, opposed the

mendment.
Mr. Springer, of Illinois, advocated the Mr. Springer, of Illinois, advocated the amendment and appealed to the eastern members to give to the interests of the great Mississippi valley the special committee provided for in the amendment.

Mr. Turner, of Kentucky, also advocated the amendment, and suggested that the committee should also have jurisdiction of the Ohio and other navigable tributaries of the Mississippi

Mississippi
After some further discussion, in which
Means, Kenna, Turner, Dawes, Hoar and
Willis participated, the subject went over for
the day without action, and at 4:20 the house

Senator George introduced in the senate to-day a joint resolution proposing an amend-ment to the constitution to provide for an States courts, inferior to the supreme courts by the people of the districts or circuits in which such judges exercise their powers. Another joint resolution, introduced by Mr. George, proposing an amendment to the constitution, provides for the election by the people for terms of four years, of postmasters, marshals, official attorneys representing the United States in inferior courts, and all other civil officials of the United States exercising executive or ministerial powers within the several states, excepting officers, for the col-lection, disbursement, or safe keeping of lection, disbursement, or safe keeping of United States revenues, and officers of the United States mint, and officers of the de partments and both houses of congress.

THE APPROPRIATIONS. The sub-committee of the house committee on appropriations reported the fortifications bill to a full committee this morning. It appropriates \$525,000, including \$175,000 for th

properties 50.000, herading fortifications and other works of defense; \$250,000 for sea coast defenses, including heavy guns, and \$100,000 for torpedoes, etc. TO BE REFUNDED. At the meeting of the house committee or laims to day Representative Turner made a

favorable report on the bill to refund to the state of Georgia certain moneys expended by that state during the revolutionary war. The report was adopted and Mr. Turner was directed to report the

#### THE LOST JEANNETTE.

#### Action of the Russian Government for the Relief o

the Crew.
Washington, D. C., January 18.—Secretary Frelinghuysen has received dispatches from Mr. Hoffman, United States charge, at St Petersburg, reporting the action of the Russian authorities in the aid of the survivors of the Jeannette. On receipt of the president's orders to make provision for the payment of the ders to make provision to the provision of the expenses of maintaining the rescued men and sending them to the United States, Mr. Hoffman had a conference with General Ignatieff. who showed very deep interest in the fate of the crew. He had already telegraphed to the Siberian authorities, to furnish the rescued men with money, if needed, and with supplies of every kind and to place the imperial telegraphs at their disposal. Active measures have also been taking for searching for the crew of the missing boat.

A Reign of Terror. A Reign of Terror.

New York, January 18.—A special to the Evening Post, from Galveston, says: Mexican reports says there is a reign of terror in Jalisco. In a recent election riot two men were killed and four wounded by the troops. In the same state ten bandits attacked a train, killed one trainman and stole some freight. During the election trouble at Guadalajrar, Lieutenant-Colonel Manuel Ayak was killed by Don Euzbia Barregan.

A Pierce Fire.

Pittsburg, Pa., January 18.—A fierce fire is raging in the lower part of the city. Holland & Sterrett's foundry, a three-story iron building, 259x50 feet, has been burned. The fire is now making great headway on ten three-story tenement houses owned by the Wood estate.

A Chicago Fallure.
CHICAGO, Ill., January 17—Jacob
dealers in white goods and notion
Liabilities from \$150,000 to \$175,000.

#### THE INSPIRATION

THAT LED TO THE ASSASSINATION OF MR GARFIELD

eclared by Mr. Scoville to Have Come From t Stalwart Leaders, Who Made Suggestions
Which Found Practical Lodgement in
the Crazed Brain of Guiteau.

WASHINGTON, January 18,-Mr. Scoville re umed his argument to-day, taking up and liscussing the statistics of insane criminals which have been introduced in evidence by the prosecution, and claimed that this evidence was of the greatest benefit to the defense. Discussing the horrors of crime as often shown in the acts of insane ciiminals, Mr. Scoville said: "There

jury, in my opinion if there were not reasons, and powerful ones, back of this prosecution, this prisoner never would have been brought to trial; but I tell you, gentlemen the jury, that back of

prosecution is an influence which I have felt, and which you may feel gentlemen, before this trial is ended. There are politicians who seek to hide their own fense, I do not propose to keep quiet. I say that such men as Grant, and Conkling, and Arthur are morally responsible for this crime, Conkling shall not escape-shall not shrink the responsibility of the state of things that led to this act he shall not escape the condemnation of the

American people if I can help it. For his American people if I can help it. For his share in the disgraceful scramble for office in that led to a conflict with the chosen ruler of this great nation, and led this poor insane man to compass what they would have hailed with satisfaction, as would, probably, have been such that the state of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could be politicians—I fit could occur all of Garfield, who stood in the way of the politicians—I fit could be politicians—I fit to politicans—I fit could be politicans—I fit cou share in the disgraceful scramble for office,

some differences, but then it could never had led a sane man to do such an act. But, on the contrary, gentlemen of the jury, what is the effect of your verdict? If you acquit him as an insane man why people will say some one is at fault. They say we will fix the blame upon the heads and hearts of those men who waged war upon our poor dead president until it drove this poor insane man from reading daily in the papers what Grant says, what Conkling says, and from constantly thinking upon it to his insane act of killing the president and these men in high places, the really and these men in high places, the really culpable ones, will go down to posterity with the stigma upon their names and the detesta-tion of their countrymen fastened upon their

#### A PROFOUND SENSATION.

Scoville's denunciation of Conkling nd Arthur created a profound sensation in he court room. As soon as a recess was nnounced, Mr. Scoville was surrounded ladies and gentlemen and congratulated on his fearless exposition. One gentleman laimed: "That is the correct sentiment, with the correct sentiment, and four-fifths of the American people are behind you on that."

The recess of an hour was enlivened by everal heated discussions in the corridors and upon the outside on the general question of noral and intellectual responsibility, as set orth by Mr. Scoville. During the recess Mr. scoville received the following telegram:

New York, January 18.—Mr. Soville, attorney or Guiteau: The New York court of appeal have ust decided that the prosecution, where some evicence of insanity is produced for the defense, must ake out a case of sanity beyond a reasonable toubt.

The counsel for the defense will call attention to this last decision and ask to charge the jury to that effect.

ARGUMENT RESUMED.

resuming his argument, Mr. Scoville alled attention to the fact that the action of the prisoner at the time of the shooting and immedsately afterward were entirely in keeping with the theory of insanity, and prove this quoted the nesses for the prosecution, who, he said, could not be charged with bias in favor of the pris-oner. Mr. Scoville then continued his review of the evidence, and pointed out various inci-dents in the prisoner's life which went to show insanity, or at least the lack of some-

men possessed.

Mr. Scoville continued to speak until three
o'clock, when court adjourned until to-morrow. The defense will probably occupy the greater part of another day.

thing in his mental composition which other

#### The Men Who Are Trying the As Although but little has been said of the jury

n the Guiteau case there is now beginning to be some speculation as to what will be their cerdict. Following is a sketch of the jurors: The foreman of the jury, Mr. John P. Ham-lin, is a well known saloon keeper. He is a mild-mannered man of forty-seven years and may be regarded as the type of social geniality. He has a prominent forehead, well shaped head, gray hair and mustache and light eyes head, gray hair and mustache and light eyes. He wears a black cloth suit, open vest, turn down collar and black tie. He holds in his hand a yellow cane with a carved ivory or horn handle. Mr. Hamlin wears a pleasant smile, and is withal quite dignified.

Mr. Frederick W. Brandenberg is a Jerman cigar maker, forty-five years of age. He is small of stature, with a head of average size, dark brown hair and mustache black.

dark brown hair and mustache, blue eyes, high cheek bones, prominent nose and a rounded forehead. Mr. Brandenberg wears a black suit, standing collar and a small black cravat. He pays especial attention to the proceedings, generally sitting with folded arms. He occasionally leans forward in quest arms. He occasionally leans forward in quest of the spittoon, and then twists his dark, heavy mustache as if resolving something in

Henry J. Bright is a retired merchant, and over 50 years of age. He is fat and chubby, and gives indication of living well. He has a high forehead, eyes of brown, cropped side whiskers, a full rounded face, a great acquiline nose with flattened nostrils and a large mouth and a tendency to a double whin. His

dark brown, in its quality and shape, be-speaks a tailor's art. He wears a turndown collar and a black cravat. Charles Stewart, the sleeping juror, is a

charles Stewart, the sleeping Jurot, is a merchant, over fifty years of age. He generally rests his head on his hands, as if troubled or asleep, and it is fair to presume that he has enjoyed many a refreshing nap in the court room during the trial. He has brown hair and whiskers, blue eyes, that look heavy and dull. His beard, which, like his his his region with green extends from his

heavy and dull. His beard, which, like his hair, is mixed with gray, extends from his temples to his chin.

His left hand neighbor is a veritable Irishman in shape, manner and behavior. Thomas H. Langley a grocer, 48 years of age. Mr. Langley has a low foreheal, dark hair, whitened with age, and short side whiskers. He has keen dark eyes and heavy brows, and his face gives evidence of inteligent attention. He dresses in dark blue clothing and wears a white cravat all crumpled and tightly tied around a standing collar. Mr. Langley rests ciminals, Mr. Scoville said: "There is nothing in this act to compare with some of these insane acts of insane criminals. And, gentlemen of the

To his right is another Irishman, Mr. Michael Sheehan, a well-to-dogrocer, forty-seven years of age. He has reddish tinted hair of fine fiber and side whiskers. He has a fine and honest expression in his mild, yet keen blue eyes. In fact, no man on the jury has finer or smoother features than Mr. Sheehan. He looks as if he had 'compute to a condition," writing wholes each of the converge their writing wholes each to the converge their writing wholes each to the converge their He looks as if he had "come to a conclusion" and would not care much about either the subsequent testimony of witnesses or argument of counsel. His hair is close cropped.

jury, to take up this feature of the case, but when I find out that the power and influence of this government used against me in of this government used against me in denying me the small pittance that I have asked—a fair and impartial trial—and the small facilities needed for proper defense, I do not propose to keep quiet. I say that such men as Grant, and Conkling, and Arthur are morally responsible for this crime.

Arthur are morally responsible for this crime.

proceedings in the court.
Thomas Hainline is an ironworker well ad-Thomas Hainline is an ironworker well advanced in years. He has a rounded forehead, and the lower part of his face is hidden in bushy, iron-gray whiskers and mustache that must be at least ten or twelve inches in length. Mr. Hainline's seat is in front of the window, and he often leans back against the will be a sea of the county in which he was convicted. Colonel J. R. Towers was appointed assistant keeper in accordance with the law. He was appointed about the 2d of October.

Yesterday The Constitution asked Captain Nelms how the new law was working. He responded:

ttention to the proceedings.

The jury is and has been deemed a most xcellent one, being possessed of more than rdinary common sense. They were selected

#### rom 159 talesmen. RUMORS FROM THE JURY ROOM

There seems to be a growing impression here that the jury in the Guiteau case will disagree. Several persons state that they heard one member of the jury say, prior to his being chosen as a juryman, that he believed that Guiteau was crazy, and among the de-fense and few relations and friends of the asassin, the opinion that one or more mem-ers of the jury believe that at least reasonable doubt of the prisoner's sanity exists, ap-pears to have grown stronger of late.

The Richmond and Danville. RICHMOND, January 18.—The stockholders of the Richmond and Danville railroad company at their unual meeting to-day authorized the president to subscribe in behalf of the company for ten thousand thares of the new stock of the Richmond and West Point Terminal railway and warehouse company. roint terminal railway and warehouse companialso to issue debenture bonds to the amount four million dollars, payable forty-five years af date, and bearing interest at the rate of six perceper annum, payable semi-annually out of the earnings of the company. Colonel A. S. Buft was re-elected president. General J. M. Logan v was re-elected president. General J. M. Logan was elected first vice-president, in place of Mr. Perkins, of New York, who resigned on account of fil-health, J. M. P. Talcot, second vice president, and Joseph Bryan third vice-president.

The Desilva Case.

New Orleans, January 18.—In the Desilva extradition case to-day Commissioner Cohen rendered a decision discharging the Cuban boy from custody. The Cuban authorities sought the extradition of Degore Desilva, aged 14, on a charge of abducting in Havana and improper connection with Maria Durax, aged 12. Desilva's mother asserts that she had paid the parent of the girl two thousand, dolars, and that the action brought was an attempt to blackmail.

Killed by Chloroform. Petersburg, Va., January 18.—Mrs. B. M. Nich-lson, a highly respected lady of Chesterfield ounty, died yesterday from enhaling chloroform while seeking relief from neuralgia.

#### WHAT MRS. GRUNDY SAYS. That there are seventy styles of fashionable note

That debutantes of the season have had no differently in becoming engaged.

That debutantes of the season have had no differently in becoming engaged.

That married ladies are accused this season of some exceedingly violent flirtations. That certain fashionables have the Wilde fever

That the social calendar for the balance of the nouth is nothing if not bewildering.

That the jewelers say that never had they known nore prosperous days than these. That fashionables now go to a wedding very much as if it were a nulsance and a bore.

That ministers say that the great gayety this year has injuriously affected the churches. That Oscar Wilde is astonished at the way he has been socially taken in and done for That the swell of the period would so his right hand than wear an overcoat. That hundreds of Americans are spending the rinter at Cleopatra's kingdom in the east.

That one of the results of the present extravagant seasons will be failures in the spring.

That reporters who put a Worth costume on every lady don't know that this is out of style:

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE PRIN-CIPAL KEEPER.

OUR CHAIN GANG.

hat Captain Nelms Thinks of the Operations of the Newest Chain-Gang Law-The Convicts
Well Cared For-Where The are
and How They Like it, Etc.

Yesterday a Constitution reporter was in the office of Captain John W. Nelms, principal keeper of the penitentiary, and took occasion to question Captain Nelms as to the workings of the law passed by the legislature at its last session in reference to the management of the convicts. The bill in question was "a bill to provide for the better inspection, management and control of the convicts of the state." The governor was instructed and authorized to appoint an assistant keeper of expire with that of the principal keep-

per annum, and his duty was lie accounts by a vote of 45 to 22, for John E. writing, under oath, to the governor, their condition. The bill also made it the duty of the lessees to appoint a whipping boss for shame behind the disgrace of this poor prisoner, and make him the scapegoat for their crime. I did not intend, gentlemen of the jury, to take up this feature of the case but.

This person was to be a discreet one, and was to be approved of by the goving the control of the case but.

George W. Gales, the youngest member of indicted by him. A report of the page of inflicted by him. A report of the name of

for tymen, at work on the Macon and Brunsheart.

Joseph Prather is a middle aged man, his business being that of a commission merchant. He has a long, hoary beard and mustache, smooth forehead, a large but well shaped nose and bright brown eyes. He frequently strokes his beard and pays strict attention to the proceedings, for there is a great weight on his become and brunsheart.

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Joseph Prather is a middle aged man, his business being that of a commission merchant. He has a long, hoary beard and thought the disease shall be properly cared for.

THE ARKANSAS TREASURY.

LITTLE ROCK, January 18.—The Churchilling progress, no indication is still in progress, no indication. five miles from Albany. Mr. Lowe is mak ing brick at Augusta and raising ore under West at Cedartown. Mr. Howard has his in-terests divided. He has some convicts rais ing ore at Cedartown and in getting out coal

tentiary?

There are now 1.191. "How are they divided up among the penientiary companies?"
"The Marietta and North Georgia railroad

has 220, No. 1 has 308, No. 2 has 333 and No.

"How many of these are white?"
"One hundred and fifteen."
"How many females?"

"Thirty-six."
"How many of these are white women?"

Two."
"Who are they?"

was commuted to ten years imprisonment. She was, you remember, tried for the murder of another woman. Then we have Lina Sor-rows, who is in for a term for voluntary manslaughter. She comes from Cobb.
"Where is Kate Sothern now?"

"Down on Ivy street acting as a do he family of Mr. C. B. Howard." When will her time be out?" "She was put in in 1878 to stay ten years."
"What do you think of the practical work-

ings of the new law?"

"I consider it a decided improvement for these reasons: Heretofore every guard in the penitentiary who was entrusted with a squad carried his strap and upon the slightest provocation he would take a convict down and whip him. This new law makes it obligatory upon the lessees to select a discreet person to reafer this dut. So that we have the converse the dut. ings of the new law?"

perform this duty. So that we have only on whipping boss. Corporal punishment is a lowed only when it is necessary." lowed only when it is necessary."

"How do the lessees like the law?"

"They take to it kindly and show a decided willingness to comply with it. There is no doubt that parts of the law are expost facto, mainly those passages which say that the lessee shall furnish a convict on his release with a suit of citizen's clothes costing not less than \$6.00 and enough money to pay his fare back to the county in which he was his fare back to the county in which h

three months. Then, too, the grand jury of the county in which a camp is located, is re-qu red under the law to investigate the camps."

"How about escapes?"

"How about escapes?"

"The escapes under the new lease are not one-fifth as numerous as they were originally. There have been within the past twelve months nineteen escapes. One of that number escaped from the camps of penitentiary company No. 1, and for that escape I received to-day a check for the \$200 fine which the law imposes for escapes. Mr. W. B. Lowe lost some, and has authorized me to draw on him for the amount. All the lessees have been cited to appear before the governor on the 31st of this month and show cause why they shall not pay the fine of \$200 imposed by law for each escape."

"Where do they have the fewest escapes?"

tiary company No. 1 has had only two escapes in seven year and I have received the \$400 for those escapes "If the people," co "who have heard so n ment of the convicts h of the mismanage-uld take the trouble

to go to these camps without notice and investigate for themselves, they could easily satisfy themselves that the tales of horror that they hear are all false. Fur to the contrary they will find the convict of Georgia in a better state of health, better clothed, better cared for, and in better a reters than the cared for, and in better a street than the free negroes at large. In a unipority of cases where they are discharged or pardened they immediately enter into a contract with the lessees and continue to work, and the lessees pay them from \$3 to \$5 per month more than they are willing to give to ordinary free labor."

#### POLITICAL HAPPENINGS.

RICHMOND, Va., January 18.-1 a.m.-After the penitentiary, whose term of office should a prolonged and desperate fight the readjuster caucus at 12:45 o'clock nominated S. Brown er. His salary was fixed at \$1,200 Allen, of Augusta county, for auditor of pub-Massey the present incumbent. Massey's defeat was due to his refusal to submit to the caucus dictation relative to the appointment of subordinates in his office. Six of his friends withdrew from the caucus before the vote was taken. There is some talk of his nomination in the general assembly to-morrow, with the hope that enough of his disaffected friends will join with the democrats to elect him

An attempt was made to-day in the general assembly to incorporate in the continuing toint order which had for its object the elec-tion of certain officers, the election of auditor of public accounts, railroad commissioner and several circuit judges. A resolution to that effect was passed in the house but when it came to the senate the whole joint order the number of hours worked and at the end of a convict's service he was to be provided with a suit of citizens' clothes to cost not less than six dollars, together with transportation to the county in which he was convicted.

Colonel J. R. Towers was appointed assistant keeper in accordance with the law. He was appointed about the 2d of October.

Yesterday The Constitution asked Captain Nelms how the new law was working. He responded:

"The bill also provided that it should be the duty of the lessent the whole joint order was rescinded, and Mr. Newberry Massey, readjuster, moved to defer the election of auditor and others until next Tuesday. A spirited debate ensued, indicating for the first time during the present session, a split among the senators of the dominant party. The resolution to defer the election until Tuesday was finally adopted by a vote of 23 to 11, nine readjusters sequently concurred in the resolution. Leading men of both parties will hold conferences to the number of hours worked and at the end of a convict's service he was to be provided was rescinded, and Mr. Newberry Massey, readjuster, moved to defer the election of auditor and others until next Tuesday. A spirited debate ensued, indicating for the first time during the present session, a split among the senators of the dominant party. The resolution to defer the election of auditor and others until next Tuesday. A spirited debate ensued, indicating for the first time during the present session, a split among the senators of the dominant party. The resolution to defer the election until Tuesday was finally adopted by a vote of 23 to 11, nine readjusters.

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ing men of both parties will hold conterences to night.

When Governor Cameron some days ago vetoed the bill which has for its object the consolidation of the railway lines outside the state with those under the jurisdiction, some fear was entertained that the bill looking to the consolidation of the Richmond and Allegheny road with lines through the western

ate to-day.

The presiding officers of the city council have been requested to call a meeting to make some arrangements by which any mem-

LITTLE Rock, January 18.—The Churchill-investigation is still in progress, no indications of an early ternhination. The friends of Governor Churchill say he will come out of it with flying colors; or, in other words, will explain the discrepancy fully and satisfactorily. There is no denying the fact that the people of the state are becoming restive under the long delay in which the investigation has been involved. The investigation committee commenced work last March, and since then has been in session nearly nine months. The cost to the tax-payers has been just \$24 per day, or in the neighborhood of \$6,000. The committee went over the records of the treasurer's office for six years past. This, of course, required time, and perhaps it has been unjustly consured for a delay that could not be avoided; but it is certain that many people attribute sordid and mercenary motives to it in Justly echsured for a delay that could not be avoided; but it is certain that many people attribute sordid and mercenary motives to it in the matter of the time consumed in making an examination of the books. Another thing has caused great complaint, and that was the manner in which the investigation was conducted. The committee concealed all the discoveries which it made, and the proceedings throughout smelt strongly of red tape and star-chambers. On the other hand, Governor Churchill himself has been severely censured for not pushing his examination of the books more rapidly so that his explanation could be given to the public at an early day. The public is now promised that in this respect there will hereafter be no ground for complaint. The findings of the committee and the explanation of the Govnor will probably be given publicity simultaneously. The total amount of the deficit as reported by the committee is something over \$164,000. The only question at issue is whether Governor Churchill can account for the shortage. That he is entitled to certain eredits is well known and his friends ear these That he is entitled to certain cred its is well known, and his friends say are others which go to his credit and will square the account. A prominent demo-cratic politician being asked how the investi-gation would end, answered solemnly: "In smoke!"

THE NEW YORK LEGISLATURE. ALEANY, January 18.—The assembly met this morning, but without taking a ballot for speaker a motion to adjourn until to-morrow was made and carried by a vote of 61 to 57.

DESMOINES, Iowa, January 18.of the legislature reassembled yesterday. Wilson was elected United States senator for the long term and McDill for the short term.

### INSULAR INCIDENTS.

Small-pox is still raging at Milan, Tennessee In a fire at Van Buren, Kansas, the loss was \$20,

The Galt house, Louisville, has been sold for \$300,000. The president's daughter has left Washington for New York.

Boston is taking precautions against theatries The new police force of Memphis was sworn in

Taunton, Massachusetts, has been taken in by a commission swindler. The Chattanooga cotton factory has declared a

A Chattanooga elopement was frustrated by the usband s watchful sponse.

Richard Wheatly was killed by a gunpowder ex-

A Horrible Murder in Southern Georgia-The Child Murderer Arrested-Pire in Mayaville-The Swelling Rivers-Railroad Track-Lay-ing-Gleanings From Decatur.

QUITMAN, January 18.-[Special.]-A most horrible murder was committed in the southern portion of our county on Saturday night last. Dan Tison, a colored man, had just returned from a festival and while sitting by the fire some person or persons (unknown) placed a double barrel shotgun through a crack in the house and fired a large load of shot in the burr of his ear, blowing off the back of his head and producing instant death. His step-daughter was engaged to a boy named Randall Denson, and Tison violently opposed the marriage and threatened to kill Denson on Sunday, Suspicion rested on Denson and three others, who are now in jail awaiting further investigation and development.—Quite a number of northern people with us, some buying homes here.

DECATUR, January 18.—[Special.]—Decatur has another valuable addition in the family of Mr. Jack Culver, of Washington county. We learn he will run a dairy farm.—Mr. M. S. Sams has gone to Louisville, Ky., as a clerk in the office of C. P. Atmore.—Mr. W. J. Houston has received two fine Ayreshire calves from New York. There is a large amount of fine stock in this vicinity. It is proposed to reorganize the Decatur agricultural club on the first Tuesday in February. Such men as M. A. Candler, W. J. Houston, J. W. Kirkpatrick, John Byce, J. F. Edwards, W. Neal, J. B. Wade, M. W. Johnson, T. C. Howard, Dr. A. F. Pharr, and others, would make a live club.—Mr. John Goldsmith is now clerking at D. H. Dougherty's.—Earnest M. Word is the youngest and livest mayor in the south.

Rome January 17.—[Special.]—The recent-heavy rains have greatly swollen our rivers. The Oostanaula has overflowed its banks in many places, but the favorable change in the weather to-day precludes the possibility of a flood. No damage has occurred so far, and it nood. No damage has occurred so far, and it is not likely that any will ensue. — Mr. W. T. Comer, a workman in Noble's foundry, had his arm badly mashed while at work this afternoon.—Professor Allen Curr opens a series of lectures at the opera house to-night for the benefit of the Young Men's Library

MILLEDGEVILLE, January 17.—[Special]— Miss Lucy Tinsley second daughter of Cap-tain Howard Tinsley ,died last night. She has been a great sufferer from rheumatism, which finally attacking her heart, caused her death.—The local board of trustees of our college have commenced work on the public buildings here under the appropriation of the last legislature.—The Methodists will commence soon to remodel and modernize their parsonage. The Presbyterians are about remodelling their church and brilding odelling their church and building about rem

GAINESVILLE, January 16.—[Special.]—The remains of Bobbie Butts, who died in Atlanta last night, reached our city this evening. He was a nephew of our ex-Mayor G. H. Prior, and was a general favorite here.—Uncle Dan Quattlebaum, of boarding house fame, is lying very low at his home in this city. He is not expected to live.— Four miles of tract on the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern railroad are laid and the work is being pushed as rapidly as the weather

ELBERTON, January 17.—[Special.]—The trial of the parties for assaulting Judge Oliver resulted yesterday in the discharge of Herring and Campbell and binding Almond over in one thousand dollar bond for his appearance at the superior court.—Mr. Smith, who is charged with shooting a negro child last Saturday, has been arrested. He denies the urday, has been arrested. He denies the charge and a preliminary examination will be had to-day. The child is still alive.

an ankle severely sprained, but no other persons injured

MAYSVILLE, January 17.—[Special.]—A very disastrous fire occurred here this morning about 2 o'clock, the building being the dwelling of Mr. Hugh Atkins. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an act of an incendiary. Most all of the household goods were saved; loss \$2,000

#### What the Papers Say, THE ART EXHIBITION. Macon Telegraph.

The committee of citizens appointed to formulate plans and suggest methods for carrying out the national art association, met on yesterday and prepared their report, which will be submitted to a mass meeting of the citizens to be held at Masonic hall on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. We learn that the com mittee were unanimous in their judgment as to the perfect practicability of the scheme, and decided, without a dissenting voice, that a stock company was the better way of carrying out this great enterprise. They have recommended to organize at once a company with a capital stock of \$50,000, divided into \$25 shares, payable in installments, and when ten thousand dollars are subscribed the company will be formed, officers elect-ed and work will be commenced at once on the building at some suitable point. on the building at some suitable point. When the building is so far completed that it can be used for the art exhibition, it will be arranged for that purpose. Afterward it will be finished up in elegant style as an opera-house, and so become a permanent improvement in Macon. There will be store rooms underneath and rooms for offices, which will always bring in a sufficient revenue to make the investment are visited. revenue to make the investment a paying one. There is no doubt about raising the required amount. Several gentlemen are ready to give the metric. the matter an energetic send-off. Others have been waiting to see whether anything permanent could be reached, and will fall into line and help out with their money and influence. Every indication is encouraging and the ides of October will present one of the most extensive well are the state of the control of the most extensive well are the state of the control of the most extensive well are the state of the control of the

held in the country. Let every citizen who feels an interest in the success be present at Masonic hall on Friday night next. THE OUTLOOK.

tensive as well as attractive exhibitions eve

Milledgeville Recorder. On every side we hear men say, "this is goon every side we near men say, "this is going to be a mighty hard year on the poor farmers." They have, most of them, no provisions on hand to run their farms this year, no money to buy them and but little, if any, credit. This outlook, at the first glance, does seem a gloomy one; but it may be a blessing in disguise, and bear fruit of the richest flavor in the end. If the hard lesson the year shall teach makes the farmers make more at home. teach makes the farmers make more at home and spend less abroad, it will be an invalu-able one. Most farmers have been just one year behind ever since the war. How are they ever to catch up and get even if they do not practice self-denial, and change their farming methods? When they make the food crops the main dependence, and the cotton crops the main dependence, and the cotton crop a secondary reliance, they will throw that ugly one year behind clear out of the way, and their progress will then be steady and sure.

killed a negro woman. Her head wassevered from her body. The woman's name was Marie Washington. She lived on Mr. James Supple's place, near the city, and was near home when killed by the train. She was very deaf, and not expecting any train at that hour of the day was not aware of any danger. The engineer blew down brakes and reversed his engine but the speed was too great to are his engine, but the speed was too great to ar-rest the progress of the train and prevent the unfortunate, accident. No blame can be at-tached to the officers of the train.

THE RETURN OF THE HUNTERS. Pensacola Advance and Gazette.

The party of hunters, consisting of Bishop Beckwith and Rev. Mr. Weade, of Georgia. Messrs. W. K. Hyer, B. R. Pitt, T. W. and W. H. Hutchinson, F. G. Pou, J. C. Keyser and Dan Waldroth, who have been up in the Choc tawhatchee region for the last nine days, re-turned Friday afternoon by the steamer Her-cules. They report that they had an enjoya-ble time, and found game enough to keep them busy. Four deer and about one hunthem busy. Four deer and about or dred ducks fell victims to their pieces.

SUDDEN DEATH. Walton News.

Walton News.

Mrs. Sukie Malcom, widow of the late Rev. George Malcom, died suddenly at her son's house in this county in her ninetieth year last Saturday morning. She was a most remarkable woman, remarkable for her great age and for her cheerful, amiable disposition, and for the great number of her offspring. She has now living more than six hund ed children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, and great-great-grandchildren.

In the bright autumnal days the temptation to comfortable exposure yields its fruit in a most pernicious cough and irritation of the throat. Dr. Bull's Cough-Syrup stands unri-valed as a remedy for throat and lung dis-eases. 25 cents a bottle.

There are now published in Berlin 478 separate newspapers and periodical prints, of which 43 are classified as official organs; 66 as political mouth-pieces; 143 as auxiliary to science and art; 150 as serving the interests of commerce, trade and agriculture: 21 as be ing religious in their aims, and 55 as being devoted to various ends.

"Deserves and Should Receive."

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 19, 1881. H H WARNER & Co -Sirs Your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has been used in my family with good results. The remedy deserves and should receive the highest recommenda JUDGE ROBERT J. ELLIOTT.

Professor Bruniati estimates the Jewish population of the world at 7,000,000 persons, of whom more than 5,500,000 are in Europe. Of these Russia contains about 2,700,600; Austria-Hungary, 1,500,000; Germany, 650,000; and Roumania, 400,000. Thus, these four states contain about 5,250,000 Jews; while Turkey contains only 100,000, England and Holland 70,000 each, and France only

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for onstipation of my bowels caused by a temporary derangement of the liver, for the last three or four years, and always when used according to the directions with decided bene HIRAM WARNER

Late Chief Justice of Ga."
Genuine prepared only by G. H. Zeilin &

An English gourmet praises the mussel, and says to its haters that it is the component part of most of the "oyster sauce" in London restaurants. For the raw oyster itself he would have one claret glass of stout; or for propose receives a saying of the later. nervous people a glass of milk; or, as the best dissolvent, a small glass of gin. Americans do not generally like the greenish yellow oys-ters (and on the deep shell) which some of our French and German friends prefer. And in a good German restaurant, not long since fried oysters were served with cold boiled ausages and hot red cabbage.

-Coussens's Honey of Tar is the best remedy in the world for coughs and colds, and is invaluable to singers for clearing the voice. jan14 d1w sat tues thurdw1t

A Washington correspondent relates the MACON, January 18.—[Special.]—The outgoing passenger train for Columbus was run into this morning at 8:15 just outside of the car shed by the engine of a freight from Savannah. The collision turned over two coaches. Mr. Brown Willerby, of Perry, had an ankle severely sprained but see the context of the columbus was run over two coaches. Mr. Brown Willerby, of Perry, had an ankle severely sprained but see the columbus was run over two coaches. Mr. Brown Willerby, of Perry, had over

#### A Sure Cure For Piles.

Do you know what it is to suffer with piles? If you do, you know what is one of the worst torments of the human frame. The most per fect cure ever known is Kidney-Wort. In cures constipation, and then its tonic action restores health to the diseased bowels and prevents occurrence of disease. Try it without delay. The dry and the liquid are both sold by druggists.—Globe.

A carrier-pigeon, bearing the number 479 upon a metallic band around its leg, alighted on the pilot-house of the steamer City of Portland, in Boston, at 7 o'clock last Thurslay morning, and when the pilot attempted o catch it, flew to the top of the smoke-stack and fell inside, apparently overcome by gas from the fires. Later in the day it was taken

Cast iron hollow ware holds its own against all the new innovations for cooking.

Let not any man deceive himself with the thought that, because the general spirit of his life is right, his minor shortcomings shall bear no better fruit. No man sins and does not suffer for it. Toward our infirmity, God has infinite tenderness; but he never lets us do wrong and escape the evil consequence This is his kindness toward us—that by his chastisements he forever seeks to turn us back into the way that leads to blessedness. -George S. Merriam.

LONE JACK, Mo., September 14, 1879. I have been using Hop Bitters, and have re-ceived great benefit from them for liver complaint and malarial fever. They are superior to all other medicines.

P. M. BARNES.

The Collier White Lead and Oil Company, of St. Louis, Mo., are again running and prepared to fill orders. Their works were totally destroyed by fire May 28th and again September 21st of the past year. To rebuild and get in shape for business at this time is a high compliment to their energy and perseverance. Collier Company brands of lead and oils are known over the entire country. See adver-

—One voice all over the land goes up from mothers that say, s "My daughters are so feeble and sad, with no strength, all out of breath and life at the least exertion. What can we do for them?" The answer is simple and full of hope. One to four weeks' use of Hop Bitters will make them healthy, rosy, sprightly and cheerful. sprightly and cheerful.

tisement in this paper.

I have known what the enjoyment and advantages of this life are, and what the morrefined pleasures which learning and intel-tectual power can bestow; and with all the the main dependence, and the cotton crop a secondary reliance, they will throw that ugly one year behind clear out of the way, and their progress will then be steady and sure.

KILLED ON THE TRACK.

Times and Recorder.

On Thursday afternoon about 1 p m, a lumber train on the Milledgeville and Eatonton branch of the Central railroad, ran over and techniques. The control of the c



Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

An Preparation on earth equals Sr. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. tions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE. A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. &

land -div ton av nex to or fol read mat KIDNEY WORT

### KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE for all Kidney Complaints and for all diseases of the

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge. If you are billous, dyspeptic, constipated, or suffering from maleria, Kidney-Wort is the remedy you need.

-LIVER. -

FAIL NOT TO TRY IT. PRICE SI. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

KIDNEY-WORT

MAGNOLIA BALM

### A SURE

# RECIPE

Positive relief and immunity from complexional blemishes may be found in Hagan's Mag-nolia Balm. A delicate and harmless article. Sold by druggists everywhere. It imparts the most brilliant

and life-like tints, and the closest scrutiny cannot detect its use. All unsightly discolorae. All un tions, eruptions, ring marks under the eyes, sallowness, redness, roughness, and the flush of fatigue and excitement are at once dispelled by the Magnolia Balm. It is the one incomparable

Cosmetic.

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KIDNEY-WORT. KIDNEY WORT

FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION. No other disease is so prevalent in this coun-ry as Constipation, and no remedy has ever qualled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a ure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate he case, proper use of this remedy will vercome

PILES. THIS distressing com-mplicated with constipation. Eldney-Wort rengthens the weakened parts and quickly res all kinds of Piles even when physicians d medicines have before failed.

PRICE SI. USE Druggists Sell KIDNEY-WORT

Land to the second seco MPERISHABLE

PERFUME. Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER

Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

COLORS,



TEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, January 12, 1882.—John Martin has applied for exemption of personalty, and I will pass
upon the same at 10 o'clock a.m., on the 3d day of
February, 1882, at my office.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

30 AND 32 LETITIA STREET,

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

# J. P. STEVENS & CO.

# JEWELERS,

# FACTORY AND SALESROOM

34 WHITEHALL STREET.

Genlera Agents for C & G Cooper's

PLAIN, PORTABLE, TRACTION

-AND-STATIONARY ENGINES, SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, SMUT MACHINES, ETC. Also for the Hamilton Stationary and Monarch Portable, Traction and Road Engine. These latter guaranteed to draw 4,000 feet of lumber, or 20,000 pounds of freight over ordinary roads. Also the Eclipse and Merchant Saw Mills, manufactured at these works. The machinery of these two houses has no superior in the United states. In stock and for sale: CIRCULAR SAWS, SOLID AND PLANER TOOTE

-AND-AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

of all kinds.
WHITE & MILLES,
Cor Broad and Hunter sts. Atlanta, Ga,
oct2—d6m sun thurs w6m

### FAIRMOUNT,

A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES SITUATED UPON

EDUCATIONAL.

CUMBERLAND PLATEAU, n Tennessee Coal Co. Railroad via Cowan TENTH YEAR BEGINS MARCH 15th, 1882. TENTH YEAR CLOSES DEC. 15th, 1882.

THE SITUATION OF THE SCHOOL, ITS VA-cation in winter and continuance of session during the summer recommends it to those who wish to escape the trials of malarial districts. TERMS, PER YEAR, \$294.00 The Musical Department of this school covers a wide field. It is a regularly graded school and it course of study is under the direction of

THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC,

at Cincinnatj. There is a summer term of this department, beginning June 1st and continuing till October 1st, for those who wish to study Music alone.

MRS. H. B. KELLS,

or

MR. SILAS MCBEE

Monteagle, via Cowan,

Tennesser

Major L. Mims, Mr. Paul Romare, Rev. Wm. C. Rt. Rev. W. M. Green, Rev. W. P. DuBose, Sewanee, Tenn. Rt. Rev. Alex. Gregg, Judge A. H. Willie, Gov. Benj. G. Humphreys, Hon. R. S. Buck, Vicksburg, Miss. Hon, W. B. Spencer, New Orleans, La. Hon. Jacob Thompson, Memphis, Tenn.

Circulars can be obtained by request from Mr. Romare, Atlanta National Bank. jan17—d2mo



STARTLING DISCOVERY! LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

m of youthful imprudence causing Prema ay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has dis-covered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. FFTVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 10-div sat tues thur &wkyly

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

D. R. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN Treatment; a specific for Hysteria, Disziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermator. hrosa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature old age, caúsed by overexertion, self-abuse, or overindulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar sbox or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied by five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale and retail agents, Atlanta and Macon, Ga. Orders by mail will receive prompt attantion.

H. K. BENNETT & CO. COMMISSION MERCHANTS

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COTTON YARN AND WARPS



All the drawings will hereafter be under the ex clusive supervision and control of GENERALS G. T. BEACREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY. A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FOR-TUNE. SECOND GRAND DISTRIBUTION CLASS B. AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1882-141st Monthly Drawing.

Louisiana State Lottery Co. Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legisla ture for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$350,000 has since been added. By an overwheiming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 21, A. D., 1879.
ITS GRAND SING LE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly. ake place monthly.

It never scales or postpones.

Look at the following distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE \$30,000. 100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH. HALF TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

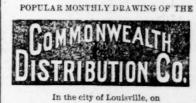
LIST OF PRIZES. 1 Capital Prize.... 20 Prizes of 100 Prizes of 200 Prizes of | 500 Prizes of 20. | 1,000 Prizes of 10. | APPROXIMATION PRIZES. | 9 Approximation Prizes of 8000. | 9 Approximation Prizes of 200. | 9 Approximation Prizes of 100. | ... 10,000

1857 Prizes, amounting to... ..\$110.400 Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all points, to whom liberal compensation will be paid. For further information, write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by Express or Registered Let ter or Money Order by mail. addressed only to M.A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, I.a. or B. FRANK MOORE

B. FRANK MOORE r B. FRANK MOOKE, 127 La Salle street, Chicago, Ills., formerly No. 212 Broadway. New York City, or M. A. DAUPHIN, Atlanta, Ga. N. B.— rders addressed to New Orleans will reeive prompt attention.

The particular attention of the Public is called o the fact that the entire number of the Tickets for each Monthly Drawing is sold, and conse all the prizes in each drawing are sold and janio-d&w4w nx rd mat

---40TH---



Tuesday, January 31st, 1882.

These drawing occur monthly (Sundays excepted, under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kenincky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 21st, which is the following desired and the fo endered the following decisions: 1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are fair.

N. B.—The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

JANUARY DRAWING.

1 Prize.
1 Prize.
1 Prize.
10 Prizes \$1,000 each.
20 Prizes 500 each.
100 Prizes 100 each.
200 Prizes 100 each.
201 Prizes 20 each.
202 Prizes 20 each.
203 Prizes 20 each.
204 Prizes 200 each.
205 Prizes 200 each.
207 Prizes 200 each.
208 Prizes 3000 each.
209 Prizes 3000 each.
200 Prizes 3000 each.

Half Tickets \$1. Whole Tickets \$2.
27 Tickets, \$50.

Semit money or Bank Draft in letter, or sent by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Postoffice order. Address all orders to R. M. BOARD-MAN, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., or 9 Broadway, New York.

dec31—d4w tues thur sat&w3w

Debtors' and Creditors' Notice. A LL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE OF
B. L. Dann are requested to settle at once, else
their accounts will be sold at public sale. Those
having clams will please present them properly
certified for payment.

JACOB HAAS, Administrator,
Basement of Dodd's Building, 32 Alabama st.
jau3 d3w-sun tues fri

MEDICAL CARDS.

P. A. D. BELLAMY,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
7 Whitehall street room 3; office hours 11 to
0'clock. Residence at West End.
Chronic Diseases a specialty. jan13 dlm

DR. O. N. BRADBURY.

Specialty—Diseases of Women and Children. Residence and Private Office, 78 Luckie street.

Jan 3 dim

DR. K. C. DIVINE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office 42 & 44 Whitehall street,
Residence, 167 Jones street.
Third door west of
McDonough street.
25 jan1—dsm DR. JOHN S THOMPSON,

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HOMPSON,
DENTIST,
No. 37½ Whitehall street,
Atlanta, Ga. DR. CH. R. UPSON,
Offices: 66 and 68 Whitehall Street,
The medical and surgical diseases of
NOSE, EAR, THROAT AND LUNGS.

DR. D. O. C. HEERY.
Office at Messrs. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar's
Private office, No. 131 Marietta street, two blocks
above the post-office. Diseases of the rectum, genita,
urinary organs and syphilis a specialty.
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the Macon dental de ol. Dealers in all kinds of
dental goods.

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ARCHITECTS,
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9 Whitehall St. ATLANTA.
Reference: American Exchange National Bank
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867 sep25—d6m Hugh H. Starnes.
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WANTED-TO BJY A SECOND-HAND TOP Buggy, but little worn. Address, giving price and condition. R. W. Tidwell. jan19 dit

WANTED—BY THE FIRST OF FEBRUARY, TO buy or rent a small house, or rent three rooms in a residence convenient to the street car lines; do not require board or furnished rooms. Address C. H. S., P. O. Box, Atlanta, Ga. 50 BARRELS ONION SETS, 25 BUSHELS LANDRETH'S EXTRA TOGETHER WITH A FULL LINE OF A TLANTA AND WEST POINT STOCK WANT-ed, for which highest market price will be paid. Parties should communicate promptly with Branch's Son & Co., Augusta, Ga. Garden, Field and Flower Seeds,

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I will give more prompt attention to uphotstery in all fits branches-bedding, mattresses and
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#### AUCTION SALES.

NEW YORK DINING ROOM, NO. 12 DECATUR street, at auction. Will be sold, Tucsday, January 24th, contents of above. For particulars ee Sunday Constitution.

21 BUGGIES PHAETONS, CARRIAGES, DOC-platform wagons, from the International Cotton Exposition, will be sold at auction, in front of store, corner Marietta and Broad streets, without reserve or limit, on Monday, 23d January, 10 o'clock, regardless of the weather. D P Ellis & Co, Auctioneers.

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WILL BE PLEASED TO ACCOMMODATE persons wanting board, either by the day, week or month, at 3s and 40 lyy street, L. B. Davia. Refers to Moore, Marsh & Co., S. M. Inman & Co., T. M. Clarke & Co., Colonel W. M. Lowry and Rev. J. H. Martin, D.D. Atlanta, Georgia, also to Inman, Swan & Co., New York.

TOR RENT-BRICK DWELLING, 8 ROOMS, with all modern improvements, water and gas, stable and garden, No. 212 lvy, corner Baker street. Possession first February next. J. Robinson, No. 11 East Alabama street. jan19 d2t—thur spn E. E. BROWN & SON, PROPRIETORS.

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HAVING RENEWED MY LEASE OF "THE Grand Central Hotel" for a term of years, I beg leave to inform the public that the house has been thorough proved Black Walnut Furniture,

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Mining Interests our Specialty. Send for our Advertised list.

EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—THE PETIAdvertised list.

Shocklist.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—THE PETIIt tition of John S. Wise, James W. Loyd, W. H. Clayton and Their associates, shows that they desire to to transact, in said county, the business of buildings, "equipping and maintaining, on such lands as may be purchased or acquired by them, all suitable louses for the thorough preparation of said lands for the exhibition of any and all kinds of agricultural products, manufactured articles, minerals and live stock, and to construct a race-course on said grounds for the trail of the speed of the blooded stock, and to do all other things ordinarily connected with the business of a fair exposition and race-track, and not lin committee the louse and the laws of Georgia or the United States.

Their corporate hance is to be the "SHERWOOD PARK COMPANY." Their capital to be employed is to be one handred thousand dollars, and their place of doing business is to be Adapta, Georgia. They desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years with all the privileges incident to corporate power provided for under section 676 of the Code of Georgia. However, and the provided for under section 676 of the Code of Georgia is to be one handred thousand dollars, and

#### FRIERSON & LEAK.....AUCTIONEERS, COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

BY VIETUE OF AN ORDER OF THE SUPErior court of Fulton county, granted December 14, 1881, we, the undersigned commissioners, will sell at public auction at the court house door in Atlanta, on the first Tuesday, the 7th day of February next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot No. 84, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, fronting fity-eight (58) feet on the northwest side - Bradberry street, and extending back same width one hundred and twelve (112) feet, bounded on the northeast by G. W. Stewart et al., and on the southwest by a lot owned formerly by Lanier, now by James Patillo, and being the second lot south of Hayue street, with the 4-room dwelling (No. 42) and other improvements thereon. Titles perfect. Terms cash, Sold for partition.

T. A. FRIERSON, H. F. LEAK, W. R. PHILLIPS, Jr. W. R. PRILLIPS, JR. W. R. PRIL

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS having demands against the estate of Isaac G. Mitchell, deceased, to present them to the undersigned for payment. Notice is also given to all persons indebted to the estate to call and settle with the undersigned. RUSSELL C. MITCHI-LL, Administrator of the estate of Isaac G. Mitchell. Atlanta, Ga., December 15th, 1881.

decl6 law6w

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, January 7, 1882—W L Stanton, administrator on the estate of Sylvanus L Morgan, has applied for leave to sell the lands of said deceased. This is, therefore, to give sotice to all persons concerned, to file their objections if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, clear leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

380jan8—dlaw4w

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The Bartholomei Scandal and the R. w it Cau omatic Circles-A Unique Dinner Profaced by the Hosess' Unblushing Acknowl-edgment of Her Shame, Etc.

Washington, January 18 .- [Washington Post.]-A little over a year ago, when the Russian minister and wife arrived in Washington, Mr. Bartholomei was admired for his magnificent proportions and dark, handsome face. His English wife did not make so agreeable an impression, as from the first she was voted "queer." She is a fat, red-faced woman, with sore eyes and red hair. It was not, however, her personal appearance so much as her obtrusive and innate vulgarities which gave rise to the gossip which was at first only whispered, but which has been openly discussed since the return of the family to this city after a sojourn at Newport during the summer. While house-hunting a year ago, there was much talk about minister and his wife trying to beat down agents in regard to rent and no one appeared anxious to have them as tenants. For many weeks after they rented a house on Connecticut avenue they lived there without furniture or servants Visitors were never admitted to the domain and the servants whom they hired always left after a few days and carried away some of th awful secrets of the quite mysterious household. Not until last March, when the czawas assassinated and funeral ceremonies were performed in the mansion, had outsiders an opportunity to see the inside of the house The answer was always given to callers that madame was ill or not at home. One diplo matic dinner was given by the minisier and

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Atlanta, Ga.

A. daygood.

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RNEY AT LAW

al. W Starnes

aborn Wright,

eorgia. feb25—dtf.

, Georgia.

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AT LAW

his wife, and soon after fashionable society was convulsed with laughter and disgusted as the details of that dinner leaked out. It is reported that the guests arrived and were shown into the dining-room. where a table was set, but no dishes were seen. After all were seated, madame came in from the kitchen, her naturally red face considerably incarnadined by her ex ertions, and brought in a terreen of soup, which she ladled out and recommended to her guests in the following manner: "You must eat this soup. I know it is good, for I made it myself and watched the cook to see that she did not spit in it. It is a Russian custom for the cook to spit in the soup." Other articles for the dinner were brought in by the porters of the tradespeople from whom they had been ordered, and the hostess in her most genial manner asked her guests to make themselves at home and assist her in tearing off the brown paper and putting the articles in the dishes. It was a real picnic dinner. The conversation was as refined as the banquet, for madame, with the utmost frankness, announced that it was quite the thing to be ille. for madame, with the utmost frankness, announced that it was quite the thing to be illegitimate; that her husband was illegitimate, and she was illegitimate, and, she added, "our children are illegitimate." Since that awful dinner the history of the Bartholomeis has been no secret. The diplomatic circle felt scandalized, and the diplomacy of Secretary of State Blaine was taxed to the utmost how to obtain an indefinite leave of absence for

to obtain an indefinite leave of absence for Russia's representative. It is averred that Mr. Willamor, the first secretary of the legation, has remained in New York and refused to come to Washington until the Bartholomeis left. Mr. Willamor is now charge d'affaires at the legation. It is also said that Mr. Bartholomie was a favorite of the late czar, who was not such a paragon of virtue as to be shocked at the immoralities of others, so that the liaison which existed between his favorite and the person who was not then favorite and the person who was not then his wife was no bar to diplomatic promotion. However, a husband who had for years been an obstacle to marriage died just as obligingly as did the unhappy wife of the late emperor, and the subject, like his master, went through the forms of marriage. Mr. Bartholomei was then appointed minister to Greece, but Queen Olga signified her disapproval in such strong terms that the Russian minister of foreign affairs had to withdraw the appointment. strong terms that the Russian minister of foreign affairs had to withdraw the appointment and kindly sent the Bortholomeis to the United States. Last summer Newport was alive with scandal concerning the minister and his wife. The coarseness and vulgarity of the madame so shocked the sense of propriety and modesty of the guests at the hotel where they boarded that the ladies made complaint to the landlord, and he had to recomplaint to the landlord, and he had to request Mme. Bartholomei not to appear at dinner in such extremely decollete dresses.

dinner in such extremely decollete dresses. Madame one day told a young lady she intended giving her a dinner at the Casino, and actually issued invitations. When the day arrived madame wrote that she could not obtain the room and the servants she wanted, and consequently recalled the invitations. About the 1st of December Mr. Bartholome sold out his household effects in this city, and the family said they were to leave Washington immediately. Although there was no furniture in the house, the family continued to occupy the empty mansion, and not until the last day in the year did Mr. Bartholomeicall upon the president to bid him farewell. Officially they have departed, but bodily they may still be seen here as they were a week

call upon the president to bid him farewell. Officially they have departed, but bodily they may still be seen here as they were a week ago. One of the "on dits" of the day is that the late Russian minister can outboast all other husbands While some may point to their progeny and say, "I have only been married three years, and have four children," he can say: "I have only been married one year, and have had seen children." It is suggested when Russia sends us a minister that it will be well to send the marriage certificate along with the other credentials. It is a new thing for this country to have so much trouble with Russian ambas, sadors. In the days which are past and gone there was a strong bond of friendship between the United States and Russia. There never was a more popular minister in Washingington than Baron Bodisco. He is still remembered, and the romance of his marriage with the beautiful Miss Williams of Georgetown, is frequently revived by those who knew the gallant baron, who was 40 years of age when he wedded the school-girl age seventeen. Baron Bodisco represented Russia for many years, and eight children were born in Georgetown. When his eldest son was old enough to be sent to Russia, the Emperor Alexander sent for him, and he was attached to the royal household. Mme. Bodisco went to Russia with her husband, taking with her all her children, who are Russian subjects. After the death of her husband and a suitable

to Russia with her husband, taking with her all her children, who are Russian subjects. After the death of her husband and a suitable time had elapsed, she married a British officer, Major Scott, and went with him to India. For a long time after the baron left here, there was always a Bodisco in Washington representing the Russian government.

Baron Stoeckle succeed Bodisco. He, too, married a handsome American. She was from Connecticut. The entente continued between the United States and, Russia down to the time of the De Catacazys. Then came between the United States and Russia down to the time of the De Catacazys. Then came a big scandal. "Old Cat," as he soon was called, brought with a him a wife whose beauty was the theme of everyone. Also, that wondrous beauty brought about their downfall. Her charms revived the remembrance that she had been seen at the national capital fall. Her charms revived the remembrance that she had been seen at the national capital once before. There was a little bower of love at Bladensburg, and here resided De Catacazy, then a young secretary cf Bodisco's legation, and his fair Greek, whom he had abducted from an old Italian diplomat in Buenos Ayres. His secret was discovered, and the young scapegrace was sent home by and the young scapegrace was sent home by Baron Bodisco. Time brings about revenges as well as gray hairs, and the bitter conse-

quences of youthful follies. The Italian husband obligingly died and Catacazy married the handsome countess, and was appointed minister to the United States. Stern diplomacy had not then destroyed all sentiment macy had not then destroyed all sentiment in the heart of De Catacazy, and soon after he was established in this city he and his wife visited the cottage at Bladensburg where they passed their first days of love outside of wedlock. The story has often been told of the De Catacazy scandal and the peremptory demand by Secretary of State Fish to Count Gortschakoff for the recall of Mr. de Catacazy. Since then there have been three ministers from Russia, but they didn't stick any longer than our ministers to Russia do. ninisters from Russia, but they didn't stick any longer than our ministers to Russia do. We offended Mr. Shiskin by laughing at his chasseur who used to ride on the bax with his coachman, dressed in gay-colored regiment-als, and with a drawn sword. The chasseur became crazy and had to be sent home, and Mr. and Mme Shiskin left Washington in dis-gust and retired to New York, where he and his family lived, until, at his own request, he was recalled. No doubt he says we are an was re-called. No doubt he says we are an uncivilized race, and with the late experience, Washington society has enjoyed there is a disposition to say: "You are another."

Washington Post. Rev. W. P. Harrison, of the Mount Vernon Place M. E. church, lectured last evening upon the subject of "Moral Insanity," reading for his text the 16th verse, 24th chapter. book of Proverbs: "The man that wandereth out of the way of undersanding shall remain in the congregation of the dead." He said that for some weeks past, in our community, i judicial examination and trial has been in orogress, in many respects the most remark-tible in the history of our country. It was not his purpose to give his personal impressions as to what has or what has not een proven during the trial; but he thought it a most important thing that the public mind should be made up beforehand to sub-mit to the verdict in the case, whatever it may be. It is impossible for us to see the result that may grow out of this trial, or the evil that it may be the means of preventing in the future. But whatever the result, it is the duty of society to abide the result. It may not accord with our personal views, but our social state demands that every man shall lift up his voice and say: "So shall it be," to the decision rendered. He is himself a criminal who lifts his hand against judicial order.

The difference between the treatment of crime in this country and in Europe is that there society's interest is first cared for. If a wrong is to be suffered the individual must suffer and society go intact. In this country this state of affairs is just reversed. Many criminals are here set loose upon society through sympathy, while the danger society may suffer thereby goes for naught. Many a criminal's wife and children have been brought into courts of justice simply to appeal to the 'sympathy of jurors, and with great effect. At times the question of sympathy is made the whole issue, and a prenium thereby offered on crime. Some men say we punish men to reform them. If so we do a great inconsistency. A criminal goes to prison, serves his term, comes back, but finds all doors barred against him no one will help or trust him. If you claim that we punish to reform, then should we help to build up the destroyed reputation and

lend a helping hand to the returned criminal. The proper way to punish crime is to prevent it; to deter those who would commit it by placing them where their power to do wrong is lost. A man may know his right from his left hand, may know right from wrong, yet claim to be morally unable to rewrong, yet claim to be morally unable to resist doing wrong. There is something within him that compels him to ride down con science and commit a crime. This is evil, and evil only. It is wrong, conscious wrong, known wrong. There is no sin that is inevitable or irresistible. The most deprayed and desperate case the power of God can save.

It is an awful thing to have to hold the balances between society and the man and say that the life of the man must be forfeited. say that the life of the man must be forfeited. It is one of the most terrible of duties, but, nevertheless, we must face the right—the law must be upheld. Society must be protected.

must be upheld. Society must be protected. Accepting the theory of irresistible impulse, we are all morally unsound. We are sinners, and we cannot be judged by the law of God and escape. Can we say that there is a single sin that we have committed that God has not given us the power to resist? He that begins to justify himself and resist God will very soon find himself in the content of the dead?

Mr. Fred barr, Mansieltt, onlo, writes as follows: After suffering with rheumatism for six months and applying a number of remedies without benefit, I procured a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil from my druggist, Mr. C. W. Wagner, and am happy to state that after using one bottle, I can now dress myself which I had not been able to do for some time.

The Petersburg Index-Appeal says that during a late cold spell a number of the citizens of Chesterfield county, Va., were enabled to fill their ice houses, in whole or in part, with ice of very good quality. Chesterield is the center of a numerous colony of

You have allowed your bowels to become habitual costive, your liver has become torpid, the same thing ails your kidneys, and you are just used up. Now be sensible, get a package of Kidney-Wort, take it faithfully and soon you will forget you've got any such organs, for you will be a well man.—Albany

\$500 REWARD.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headwche, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness, we annot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, w.l. in the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated, Large boxes containing 30 Pills, 25 cents For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The PIll Makers," 181 and 183 West Madison street, Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt or a 3 cent stamp. LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Agents.

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SICK ROOMS purified and made pleasant.
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CATARRH relieved and cured.

DIPHTHERIA cured. ERYSIPELAS cured. BURNS relieved instant-PREVENTED In fact it is the Great Disinfectan a Purifier J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

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WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. The following Time Card goes into effect January NORTH BOUND. NO. 3 WESTERN EXPRESSS-Daily. Leave Atlanta... Arrive Marietta... NO. 11-DAY EXPRESS-Daily except Sundays. Leave Atlanta .... NO 17-LIMITED EXPRESS-Daily except Saturdays LOCAL EXPRESS-NORTH-Daily except Sundays rrive Kingston No 1 carries Pullman Cars Atlanta to Louisville, Atlanta to Cincinnati, New Orleans to Washington. No 17 carries Pullman Cars Atlanta to Rockwood, which is open to receive passengers at Union Depot SOUTH BOUND. NO 4-FAST EXPRESS. Leave Chattanooga ...... Arrive Atlanta NO 2-SOUTHERN EXPRESS. Leaves Chattanooga ....... NO 12-LIMITED EXPRESS-Daily except Sundays Leave Chattanooga..... Arrive Atlanta . ROME EXPRESS.

. 4 43 am 

B. W. WRENN, Gen Pass Agt.
R. A. ANDERSON, Superintendent.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAIRGAD, ATLANTA, December 17, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

TRAIN NO. 51-EXPRESS AND PASSENGER. TRAIN NO. 53-DAY MAIL AND PASSENGER (Sleeping car to Atlanta.)

TRAIN NO. 55-F ST MAIL COMING SOUTH.

TRAIN NO. 54-FAST MAIL.

T. M. R. TALCOTT, G. M. I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent. A. POPE, G. P. and T. A.

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

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(Daily, Except Sundays.)
L've Atlanta - 4 55 pm L've Covington 5 40 pm
Ar. Covington, -7 10 pm Ar. Atlanta - 800 am
DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.

(Daily, except Sundays.)
L've Atlanta - 1235 pm L've Decatur - 205 pm
Ar. Decatur - 1 14 pm Ar. Atlanta - 245 pm
No 4 EAST DAILY.
L've Atlanta - 8 30 pm L've Augusta - 5 55 pm
Ar. Atlanta - 8 05 am
Ar. Atlanta - 5 00 pm
Ar. Augusta - 6 30 am Ar. Atlanta - 5 00 pm
Ar. Atlanta - 8 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at regular scheduled Flag Station.
Connects at Augusta for all points East and South-East.

TAM NOW RECEIVING A NEW SELECT STOCK of Fancy Family Groceries at the above number, which I offer to my customers at the lowest prices . Your orders respectfully solicited.

J. D. CLEATON,

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Connects at Augusta for all points East and South-Superbornees at Augusta for all po

# PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

O'N AND AFTER SUNDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1881, trains will run over this line as ollows

TRAIN NO. 50-EXPRESS AND PASSENGER. TRAIN NO. 52-DAY MAIL AND PASSENGER. 

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GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., December 10, 1881.

Commencing Sanday, 11th instant, the following
Passenger Schedule will be operated:
NO. 2 EAST DAILY.
L've Atlanta - 8.30 am | K. ve Augusta - 10.30 am
AT. Athens - 4 40 pm | Macon - 7.10 am
" Washington - 2.55 pm | Milledg'e 9.10 am
" Carmak - 1.26 pm | Milledg'e 9.10 am
" Milledg'e - 4 48 pm | Wash'g'n 11.30 am
AT. Macon - 6.45 pm | Athens - 9.30 am
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OR SCROFULA or any BLOOD DISORDER, Dr. In either stage, whether primary Clarke's secondary or tertiary, are an inval uable remedy. They never fail to cure when directions are followed.

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CORRESPONDENCE containing important news salisited i. all parts of the country. UNDER no circumstances will the editors under

take to preserve or return manuscripts not available ADDRESS all letter and telegrams, and make all drafts : checks paybale to

THE CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 19, 1882. THE Texan pistol is always loaded.

A PENSION of \$5,000 per annum is proposed for Mrs/Garfield.

THERE have been 4,000 bills introduced in the present session of congress.

POLIVIA and Chili are at peace, but Bolivia ist not be friendly with Peru.

LORD LURGAN is dead, aged 51. He owed his fame to the possession of a coursing hound. THE president sent to the senate vesterday

the name of Daniel T. Boynton to be pension agent at Knoxville, Tenn. THE readjusters are disarranging them selves over the plunder. That is the rock

against which all patriotic bodies split THE charges against ex-Secretary Sherman, ade by a treasury clerk, have not been sustained before the committee, and will be

Tursenate committee on pensions favo the increase of Mrs. Lincoln's pension, with the exception of Mr. Groom, who favors a rect gift of \$100,000.

dropped.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the Richmond and Danville railroad, in Richmond, vesterday, Colonel A. S. Buford was re-elected to the presidency.

THE government of Russia is extending to the survivors of the Jeannette every assistance possible, and has given instructions for a thorough search for the remainder of the

LORD ZETLAND, a liberal peer, refuses to follow Mr. Gladstone. The lord is a little be hind the age, but circumstances over which he has no control will continue to push his kind up.

REPRESENTATIVE TURNER has been instruct ed by the committeee on claims to report fa vorably a bill to refund to the state of Georgia certain moneys expended in the revolu

SPEEDY reports are promised from the governor of Arkansas, and the committee of investigation, respecting the issues between them. The governor, if nothing worse, is certainly bad bookkeeper.

THE Iowa legislature on yesterday elected Mr. Wilson for the long term, and Mr. Mc-Dill for the short term, in the United States senate. Mr. Kirkwood will have to go back to driving his oxen.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL BREWSTER has decided to revive the practice of his earlier predecessors in office, Wirt, Pinkney and Black, and hereafter will appear in the supreme court in all cases affecting the government. This is also the English practice.

THE first practical speech of the session was delivered in the senate yesterday, by Senator Brown, in opposition to the recommendation of the secretary of the treasury for the withdrawal of silver certificates and the restriction of further silver coinage

Russia has a habit of sending scurvy diplo mats to this country, whose social relations re not such as to commend them to decent society. The retiring minister, Bartholomai. however, is about the meanest importation ever thrust upon the American foreign office.

SENATOR GEORGE, of Mississippi, believes that the most direct way of securing civil service reform is by an appeal to the people. To carry out this belief he has introduced into the senate a proposed amendment to the constitution, making the offices of United States judges, attorneys, marshals and postmasters

THE annual product of precious metals in states and territories west of the Missouri river, including British Columbia and receipts at San Francisco from the west coast of Mexico reported to Wells & Fargo, is: Gold, \$31,869,686; silver, \$44,077,820. California shows an increase in silver and a decline in gold. Nevada shows a falling off; Utah, Colrado and Arizona an increase.

THE progress of the small-pox is still unchecked. During the week ending January 7 there were two deaths in San Francisco, Cal. During the week ending January 14 there were six deaths in Richmond, Va. One new case was reported in Milwaukee, and one death in Holyoke, Mass.; ninety-one new cases and twenty-four deaths in Pittsburg. Pa,, and fifteen new cases and five deaths at St. Louis, Mo.

In his remarks to the jury yesterday, Mr. Scoville skillfully unmasked the real criminals in the assassination of the late president. His remarks were bold and to the point. His picture of Conkling precipitating a deadly onflict over a small office, and of Grant' hot haste in returning from Mexico to take part in the assault upon the president, suggests that it is not always the tool who is the greatest criminal, but the men who inspired the

SENATOR HILL AND DR. FELTON. Mr. Hill's letter, which since Saturday has been making its way to Atlanta by means of our system of fast mails, arrived yesterday morning, and will be found elsewhere in this issue of THE CONSTITUTION. While it is not the most important, in some respects it is the most interesting letter that Mr. Hill has ever had occasion to write. Dwelling upon the Grady gave Dr. Felton no sort of excuse for has advocated the proposition except the two his savage onslaught, Mr. Hill proceeds to Georgia senators.

which appear to have been of the most inti-mate character. The impartial reader will doubtless agree with Mr. Hill that if there was anything in the report of the interview cal culated to offend Dr. Felton, he owed it to his intimacy with Mr. Hill to seek a personal explanation before making an attack so disproportioned in its bitterness to the alleged ofense. The tone of Mr. Hill's letter is manly, and its temper admirable throughout. These qualities add weight and impressiveness to

his statements. It is true-curiously true indeed-that every charge brought against Mr. Hill by Dr. Felton, was as true when the two were intimate friends as it is now. All this Mr. Hill brings out with eloquent and elaborate distinctness. On the other hand-and what is of the most importance-Mr. Hill pays high tribute to Dr. Felton's constancy and conscientiousness as a democrat. He was an inde pendent, but still a democrat, and he sought by every means in his power to advance the interests of the democratic cause and the cause itself. He was willing even to accept the democratic nomination; he was anxious to align himself with the party as a regular, and in this direction he sought the friendly offices of Mr. Hill. These facts are important, and we are glad that Mr. Hill has called renewed attention to them. They show that whatever may have been the attitude and intentions of other independents, Dr. Felton was always an earnest democrat. Why should he not continue to be a democrat? So far as we know nothing has occurred calculated to drive him out of the party, or further away than his own chosen position of independence. We know of no emergency that compels him to desert this position and enter into a coalition with republican spoilsmen. The proposed coalition, let us hope, has got no further than the incipient stage defined by the Markham house caucus. If Dr. Felton will listen to the advice of his friends it will go no further. He has no excuse for destroying his

at the Markham house. The controversy between Mr. Hill and Dr Felton is to be regretted; it is to be regretted indeed, that any cause for such a controversy exists. It is largely personal, but the relations which these gentlemen bear and have borne to the public invests it with a certain degree of pub lic interest, and for that reason the columns of THE Constitution have been opened to

democrat, if you please -by lending his influ

ence and his name to such a combination as

give each a fair and impartial hearing. GEORGIA IN CONGRESS.

Mr. Black introduced, after the holiday re ess, a bill to authorize the sale of Oglethorpe parracks in Savannah, and Mr. Buchanan bill for the relief of Thomas M. Jones. Mr Buchanan also introduced a bill to appropriate \$100,000 for the improvement of the Chat tahoochee river. The speaker directed that the bill be sent to the committee on comnerce through the petition-box; and in the course of the discussion that followed this decision, the fact was made public that bills relating to the establishment of post-roads are not real bills at all. Such bills are never nee shad printed or numbered, and never come before the house. Clause 5 of rule 21 makes such bills mere papers of form that suffice to get a member's name into the Record and satisfy perhaps a constituent or so-nothing more. After they are presented they go to the petition-box and then to oblivion

On the motion to appoint a select commitee on woman suffrage Senator Hill discussed the appointment of select committees in general. They are generally appointed for the purpose of giving somebody a chairmanship that somebody may have a clerk. Mr. Hill proceeded to urge the giving to every senator who has not a committee a clerk. He thought the country would approve such an expenditure. "Why," said he, "if I were to attend to all the business in the departments and otherwise that my constituents ask me to perform, I could not discharge half my duties in this chamber; and every senator, I dare say, has the same experience. It is to the public interest, therefore, in my judgment, that every senator should have a clerk. I am unable to employ a clerk from my own funds; many other senators are more fortunately situated: but still I must do that or move the appoint ment of a special committee for the purpose in an indirect way of getting a clerk. It is not right."

Through the petition-box Mr. Black presented bills for the improvement of Brunswick harbor, Savannah harbor, the Altamaha river, and the Romney marshes; Mr. Buchanan presented the petition of G. A. B Dozier and others relative to interstate commerce; Mr. Cook, the petition of D. G. Hughes and others for a mail route, and a petition of citizens of Sumter. Schley and Marion counties for a mailroute between Americus and Buena Vista: Mr. Speer, the petition of James V. Smith for a post route, and Mr. Stephens, some papers relating to the war claim of Bernard Rice, and the patent claim of William Wheeler

In the senate petitions from the Good Templars of Georgia and from the grand division of the Sons of Temperance of the state were referred to the committee on finance. without instructions. Senator Brown offered a resolution to authorize the employment of a clerk for each senator not a chairman of a committee, the clerk to receive \$1,200 a year from the contingent fund of the senate. Governor Brown, in the course of a speech in support of his resolution, stated that it was a physical impossibility to attend to the duties of a senator without the aid of a clerk. He himself needed two clerks, and he had two now in his employ. "There are some sena-'tors," he said, "in this chamber who "have the means to employ any 'elerical aid they may need; others are not so fortunate; and if matters remain as they now are, we shall soon reach a period when no one but a man of wealth can properly represent a state in the senate, because without clerical aid he cannot discharge the duties required of him properly; and because the salary paid is not sufficient to maintain him and his family in anything like respectability, and employ the necessary clerical aid." The subject went over at the infact that the report of his interview with Mr. stance of Senator Sherman. Thus far no one

review his personal relations with the doctor | The speaker with marked discourtesy re

ut Mr. Blount on the appropria the member from the sixth from discussing bills to appropriate money whenever they come up. He exposed in very plain terms the policy of the superintendent of census by which the government had become morally esponsible in violation of law for a large pay ment of money. He was willing to vote for the appropriation under the circumstances, but he put on record a ringing protest against the nanner in which the claim in question was created. Mr. Blount never talks in congress anless he has something to say-something that the people as well as the representatives should read.

Senator Brown offered the following reso ution:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient and unwise contract the currency by the withdrawal from c culation of what are known as silver certificates, o discontinue or further restrict the coinage

Resolved further, That gold and silver coin, base pon a proper ratio of equivalence between the wometals, and issues of paper, predicated upon nd convertible into coin on demand, constitute he proper circulating medium of this country.

Senator Brown stated that he intended to liscuss these resolutions at an early day. He also offered an amendment to the three-per cent bond bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to receive subscriptions at one national bank in each city having a population of 10,000. The amendment was ordered to be printed. Our junior senator is evidently giving considerable time to financial subjects, and his speech on silver coinage will doubtless disclose the whole extent of his views on currency questions.

A CORRESPONDENT suggests that the coalition has

bottom. We had supposed it was all bottom THE fact that Judge Lochrane hasn't been heard vigor and earnestness. The judge is our stormy

MAHONE is endeavoring to smooth over the diffi culties of his office-seeking friends. This is the great trouble in such movements. Men who are usefulness as a democrat—as an independent willing to indorse republicanism in order to secur office are apt to fall out among themselves when the scramble comes. Mahone's beard will drop out pefore the season is over

that which showed the fingers of its left hand ies over Oscar Wilde. His preciousness is said to as prominent as the brand on a Texas steer.

> WE should not be at all surprised to see it an nounced by some suspicious coalitionist that the Macon art exhibition is a movement in favor of Blaine for president in 1884.

> SENATOR MCPHERSON is of the opinion that the epublican candidate in 1884 will be David Davis It seems to be generally conceded that Judge Davis s the Aunt Betsey Jane of the republic, and, a uch, deserves special recognition.

THE St. Louis Post-Dispatch, three years of age has cut its eye teeth, moved into new quarters, se ured new presses, and will continue to rattle things wherever a pile of dry bones is to be found. We send up our congratulations in order that they may arrive before the card-basket is removed from the front door.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cincinnati Enquirer in timates that Dr. Miller is to be the coalition candidate for governor, while Dr. Felton, if he can sucseed in carrying the seventh district, is to be trans ferred from the house to the senate, to succeed Senator Hill-this depending upon whether the independents can carry the legislature. The "ifs' and to the improvement of rivers and harbors in this programme are as thick as bones in an Oco-

> GENERAL TOOMBS is reported as saying that it there is to be a coalition of independents and re-publicans, he wants to have a say so about who is the best man to vote for. This appears to be in the nature of a plea for organization.

THERE is another rumor in the republican organs to the effect that Mr. Tilden has retired from poli tics. This is not official, however.

THE independent attack upon Mr. Stephens for leclaring in favor of democratic organization is not yet "formulated." Indeed, an idea has got abroad somehow that Mr. Stephens is rather a tough custo-

In politics nearly everybody would rather straddle the coupling pole than to be the big dog under And yet, the big dog under the wagon sees a good deal of the country and has considera-

BECAUSE the leading papers of the state are no engaged in abusing Dr. Felton and his friends as norse thieves, some of the independents are intimating that the democratic organization is about o join the republicans. It would seem from this that the good humored attitude of the leading papers is the deadliest blow that has yet been struck at independentism.

THERE is one plank in the democratic platform upon which our independent and republican friends can afford to stand. We allude to vaccina

It is reliably stated that the garters on Osc Wilde's hind legs are tied with a true lover's knot. The more the public finds out about this young man the more sweetly precious he becomes. EDITOR MARTIN, of Rome, with praiseworthy

vigilance, is pursuing Dr. Felton all through his recently formulated platform Ex-Governor Smith informs a correspondent of

the Cincinnati Enquirer that the Blaine movemen has an undertow in Georgia. This is quite a tribute to Editor Grubb, of Darien, and Editor Moore of Augusta.

PERSONAL.

MR. HAYES admires chromos.

GUITEAU is afraid of lightning. ANNA DICKINSON debuts as Hamlet at

JUSTICE HORACE GRAY looks more like an JOHN KELLY has been confined to his house r several days with a severe cold

NATHAN DAVIS, the English traveler and riter, is dead at the age of 70 years. Miss Dawes, the daughter of Senato

Mrs. Custer, the mother of the late General Custer, died at Monroe, Mich., yesterday morn-Kraszewski, a Polish favorite, last yéar-

he is advanced in age-wrote twenty-on-MR. LONGFELLOW is much better, but he will be obliged in the future to take greater care of

SENATOR VEST owns an addition to Kansa aty which is expected in ten years to be worth a million dollars.

COLONEL ARNAT VON STEUBEN is busy pre-paring a report on the centennial celebration a forktown for the Emperor William of Germany. MRS. SARAH BELLE MCLEAN, widow of John IcLean, late of the United States supreme cou ied in Cincinnati on Friday, aged eighty years. THE Berlin correspondent of the London Post says: "The wife of the son of the Crown Prince Frederick William is reported to be en-ciented."

FRANCIS MURPHY addressed a large temper ance gathering at Dundee, Scotland, recently, a which 414 signatures to the iron-clad pledge were EDITH GRAY is a variety actress who charms

her audiences by her shrinking bashfulness and fragile beauty. Still, she fired four shots at a gam bler in Council Bluffs. SENATOR WARNER MILLER is an arden

KUTKOW, the editor of the Moscow Gazette, is said to be a more powerful man in Russia at the present day than even General Ignatien, and to be the power behind the throne.

ME, LABOUCHERE says of Mr. Gladsto he is too kind and long-suffering and that his oppo-nents take advantage of this kindness to insult him without having to fear the consequences.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES said at a meeting the Massachusetts histori al society lassek, that in the case of Richard Henry Dana, law MR. HENRY WEBB, who recenly died in

o, Oswego county, at the age of 76 years, was the of nine brothers, all the rest of whom are ring, their average age being 75 years. MRS. MYRA CLARK GAINES has parted with and instead of instituting a investor.

She recently sold a valuable lot on a avenue, Washington, for \$17,017.50

GENERAL P. St. George Cooke, of the army, writes to the Army and Navy Journal lamenting that Fitz John Porter's statements "are likely to hold their place among the countless fictions of his-

SENATOR FAIR lives in Charles Sumner's old

THE late Senator Wagner held a policy fo in an accident insurance company. Mr. Park Valentine, who with his bride was on the same train, had a policy for \$3,000 in ne company.

J. W. Riley, the Indian poet who visited mbridge the other day, was much petted by Mr. ngfellow. The aged writer received the young in warmly, and told him that his verses had the A PORTRAIT of the Honorable James Russel

RTRAIT Of the Honorabic sames reassent has lately been painted by Mrs. Anna Lea He is represented as wearing the red robe e donned at Oxford when his benorary de-JACOB BRANDT, a wealthy Wash. ugtonian on Friday, aged seventy years. He was inter largely in steamboats, and when his close l, General Burnside, went on the Roanoke lition Mr. Brandt's efforts and advice were of

Simon Few, known as a traveler, died at

ner countries. There is scarcely a countries bitable globe that Mr. Few did not visit. DR. FRANCIS B. PHELPS, of Dorcester county, is the champion veteran legislator of Maryla He served in the house of delegates continuou from 1828 to 1843, and after that ten years in tate senate; was in the constitutional convent of 1867, and served again in the state senate in 1

IN GENERAL

Two new gambling establishments are being erected in Nice.

Paris produces more than two hundred ooks and pamphlets a week. STATISTICS show that women commit sui ide most frequently on Suuday JUST after house-cleaning time is the most cure period for the divorce court. \*Ir is only ten years since that in France the

THE London librarians who sell theate ekets receive fifteen per cent from the theater and in per cent from the purchasers.

"WE are an old man," is a grave yet amus g style in which a leading editorial of the Meri un, Mississippi, Mercury opens. CHICAGO has 4,000 citizens who call themlves "odd fellows," and the rest of the popula on is generally called rather queer.

THE color line has extended into Canada The citizens of Toronto were refused the skating rink because of their colo BLACKWOOD having accused Mr. Gladstone coining the compound word "blood guiltiness," has been discovered that it occurs in the fifty

A Scottch Baptist church is said to have peen organized in Patagonia. There are Chinese Saptist churches in Gulana, and a French one in the Argentine Republic.

THE Maori Christians of New Zealand show at zeal and diligence in building churches. Six churches were finished by them during 1881, nd four more are in progress. Firry leather straps, each a foot long, two ches wide, and very thin, have been purchased y the Port Huron, (Mich.) board of education for se in punishing pupils in the schools.

THE supreme court of Wisconsin has decidd against the students of the state university who bjected to the exaction of a fee of \$ 0 per year for acidental expenses on the ground that it is a free It is said of the crown jewels of England

AT IS SAID OF THE CROWN JEWEIS OF ENGLAND
that when they are used by the Queen on occasions
of state they are conveyed from the Tower in a cab
under care of two assistants. It has been suggested that they be protected en route by a guard of
mounted soldiers. At the funeral of Chief-Justice Pierpont, of Vermont, at Vergennes, the preacher caused some resentment among the mourners by expressing sorrow that the deceased had "never given expression to those views which are considered necessary to the Christian."

THE Maxwell ranch contains 1,700,000 acres of New Mexico land, and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad passes through it. The man nta Fe railroad passes through it. The man hose name it bears got it by marriage and burchasing various interests. He has put it into a English stock company, and a fence is being buil around it, preparatory to the raising of blooded stock on a large scale.

Still another submarine tunnel is in con-STILL another submarine tunner is in con-templation. It is proposed that one shall be con-structed under the straits of Messina, and the Italian minister of public works has already au-thorized the surveys. Messina will be one of the termini and Reggio, in Calabria, the other. The government has reserved the right to carry out the enterprise itself should it care to do so.

THE farmers of Maine are not likely to for et the year 1881, for every crop was successful and the universal harvest was almost without a parallel to the annals of husbandry. Large crops are often h the annals of musuality. Large crops ess profitable than smaller ones, owing to hat general abundance lowers the price; ear scarcity in other states has stuffed the if Maine farmers, who are getting from er cent more for their produce than they

He wins at last who builds his trust In loving words and actions just.
The winter blast is stern and cold,
Yet summer has its harvest gold. Sorrow and gloom the soul may meet, Yet love wrings triumph from defeat. The clouds may darken o er the san, Yet rivers to the ocean run. Earth brings the bitterness of pain, Yet worth the crown of peace will gain. The clouds may darken o'er the sun, Yet rivers to the ocean run. The wind may rout among the trees. et great ships sail the stormy seas Full oft we feel the surge of tears, Yet joy has light for all the years. On every banner blazon bright, "For toil, and truth, and love we fight."

CURRENT COMMENT. Conkling's Complaint.

St. Louis News. Conkling complains of malaria. We had though Smiles and Tears Chicago Inter-Ocean

"A smile" in the bar-room makes tears in thome; remember that, young man. Boston in Doubt. New York World. Boston sternly rejected the smiles and even re-ented the existence of Sarah Bernhardt. Boston snow deeply dubious about Cscar Wilde.

A Pressing Appeal. Springfield Republican. A man who was extremely anxious to see President Arthur the other day, wrote on his card, "M wife is a personal friend of one of your grooms

To Be Kept in Mind. The fact for uneasy stalwarts, who are eager to argue everything all over again, to keep in mind in that Guiteau's bullet did not make them right and Garfield wrong.

New York Herald. Senator Beck, of Kentucky, deserves credit for its manly effort to bring to the attention of the country and of Congress the iniquities of the ar-ears of pensions act.

The Other Ox is Now Gored

Bradford Era.

When Whitelaw Reid paid somebody to steal the Tilden cipher dispatches it was boasted of by him in his newspaper as a great piece of enterprise. Now, when somebody steals his dispatch on Garfield

nneed by him as most dis-

Food for the Lady-Like Young Mer Bronson Alcott has been casting about proper diet for the votaries of estheticism an concluded that fruit, and not vulgar, bloody is the proper caper. The young theologians of Tribune have accordingly ordered a crate of cumbers from New Orleans.

Press Pungencies Philadelphia Pres

Georgia is going to be the Pennsylvania of the outh. Atlanta will be its Philadelphia. The address from the prison cell settles it. Gui-

A Word for R. B. H.

It is getting to be fashionable to denounce Pres is getting to be tashionable to denomine First thayes. With a stalwart president dispensing or and marking out the policy of the governit, abuse of Hayes is safe, and perhaps, somesprofitable. Let us not forget, however, that administration of President Hayes was the purnly most beneficent we have had for many is. It made stealing unfashionable.

Between Small-Pox and the Halter.

Baltimore Gazette.

Governor Blackburn, of Kentucky, has informed he counsel for "Maj." Hicks, who is under senence of death for murder, that the execution of he sentence will not be interfered with because of he fact of Hicks's illness with small-pox. Physians of the jail say that the condemued man canot be safely approached by that time, but the execution is that natural death will settle the difficulty instead of the hancman. ity instead of the hangman. A Scene at a Paris Wedding.

Correspondence Boston Journal.

A young lady in Paris was recently fined fifty rancs and sentenced to pay fifty francs damages or rushing at another young lady who was walking up to the altar of a church on her bridegroom's run and tearing the rown of orange blossoms from ing up to the attar of a church on her bridegroot arm and teating the crown of orange blossoms fri the bride's head. "You don't deserve to wear you have done me too much harm!" shrieked t girl, after which she fainted away, but was pick up by the beadle and handed over to the police.

Senator Brown's Work.

Correspondence Augusta Chronicle Senator Brown will be heard upon this important testion. I inclose a copy of his amendment to e Sherman bil'. He will elaborate it carefully terate of both races, Senator Brown is busily en aged in conference, with New England and other ifluential senators, purfecting a measure that will we practical and not theoretical relief to those who sed it in Georgia and the south.

A Word for the Dead.

Cincinnati Gazette.

If the Italian opera, translated into the American vernacular, be an additional elegant entertainment to the cultured people of America—a proposition upon which, in view of the pervading presence of Emma Abbott, we decline to take the affirmative—if, we repeat, it be a blessing, then a word of tribute is due to Caroline Richings, who died at Richmond on the 14th. She preceded Parepa in giving opera in English with a good company. In fact Parepa reaped the fruits which Caroline Richings planted. She was an elegant and aocomplished woman, and an honor to the stage.

The Assassin's Defense.

Mr. Reed's plea for Guiteau, like Mr. Scoville being speech, is characterized by unexpected cidity and vigor. The case of the defense has een whittled down to the little end of nothing. of this lawyers have sufficient self-possession, the jury and to evince their own sincerity the arnestness with which they plead for an avectoristic since his cross-x xamination has been sel lemmed. Some of Mr. Reed's historical infe

A Thrifty Egotist.

The Critic.

We doubt if there are any persons in America who take Oscar Wilde's present venture seriously. If there be such, they should be told that he is a young gentleman of excellent parentage. liberal education, and good parts, who is willing to accept the financial rewards of an absurd notoricity rather than a legitimate reputation; who is triveling in this country under the management of the same agent that the state complement in which he is sun this country under the management of the same agent that runs the comic opera in which he is supposed to be burlesqued; and who may be said to successfully "represent" nothing under the heavens save an exceedingly thrifty egotism. Is it not preposterous that such a man should go anywhere—even to the jungles of south Africa—to preach gospel of "good taste?"

A Relie of a Bad Era.

A Relie of a Bad Era.

Boston Herald.

The prominence of Mr. Robeson in the counsel of the republican party, and in the working organ zation of congress, is not reassuring. Robeson belongs to a bad era and a bad company of publicmen. In a time of reckless extrawagance, favorif ism and general looseness of administration, Robeson was one of the most active and shameless. I here were not a great many crooked and corruptings about his administration of the navy department, he has been terfully belief, and the mannen which investigation of his career has been me as not inspired confidence. He now seems to n which investigation of his career has been he has not inspired confidence. He now seems to consider himself the republican leader in the hous of representatives, and not without cause, when we consider his hand in the organization and hi

New York Tribune.

Mr. Beecher did not give out the special text, but his sermon yester day morning was a most forcible presentation of the passage: "But the tonge can no man tame: it is an unruly evil, full of deadly poison." He made a complete disavowal of the charges which he recently brought against the Brooklyn board of education and the women employed as teachers in the public schools. Seldom has the Christian pulpit appeared to as little advantage as on this occusion, when a great preacher felt compelled to swallow a mouthful of his own calumny. We find it hard to believe that Mr. Beecher realized what he was saying when he uttered the original charge. He has made all the amends that were possible under the circumstances—except that he neglected to offer any apology or to express anything resembling regret. New York Tribune

A Reform in Education.

Philadelphia Record.

"What the country needs in the educational line is a reform in the system of public instruction, so that, above every other consideration, it shall look to the greatest good of the greatest number. Too great consequence has been and is attached to the so-called higher branch. But are logic, rhetoric, intellectual philosophy, and so forth, in fact higher branches of learning than reading, writing and arithmetic? They certainly are not more important. Men and women may make a very decent figure in the world, and live a life that is well worth living, without studying such things at al. To be able to read, write and cipher, however, is indispensable to a fair equipment for the every day duties of the world. Upon the teaching of these the common school system should especially lay stress. It is questionable, in fact, if it can rightfully go any further than these rudiments." Philadelphia Record.

Women Who Gamble

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The police sergeant spoke of a discovery made more than a year ago of a house in a respectable quarter where women of good position and conceded respectability gave vent to a passion for gaming, staking their pin money at faro and the less scientific games of chance, black and red, chuck, aluck, and English hazard. While walking a beat in the locality he noticed the mysterious actions of ladies who called in carriages and only entered a certain house after much manouvering. He one evening arrested a servant girl employed in the house. At the four courts some ivory chips were found in her pocket, and then she weakened and made a full confession to the effect that gambling was regularly carried on in the house, the patrons all being ladies, and the games being presided over by her mistress. The sums wagered were always small, but it was straightout gambling all the same. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Utah Diagrace Baltimore Gazette.

Baltimore Gazette.

It is nonsensical refinement to deal with this Utah blot with kid gloves—it should be not only rubbed out, but the knife should be laid at the root of the evil with no greater loss of time than may be required to sharpen it. Romanists, Wesleyans, including Protestants of all shades of belief, and Hebrews—it deed, all religionists who believe in the God of the Bibfe, as well as all who respect as citizens the best developed state of society and government—plead for the extirpation of this social and civil cancer from the body politic. Freedom of religion is one of the corner stones of our political and social fabric, and tolera ce has sacred guarantees in our foundation laws; but it would be a strange perversion of the very objects and ends of such wise policy for an enlightened mind, trained in the highest christian civilizaton, to embrace within this tolerance an organized community of polygamists we cannot call it a religion—that teaches crime and obstructs the instrument lities of the law through the courts.

Police Court Names.

Police Court Names. Salt Lake Tribune.

When Justice Pyper called the names of William Muggins in the police court yesterday morning, nine faro-players, arrested the night before, sat before him, but none answered. Three times was the name of Muggins howled at the door, and then the judge remarked, "His trial is postponed." The

ers as one man and said, "That's me."
"In that case," said the court, "where is Jim
Fisk, Vanderblit, Julius Gesar, and the balance ar-

There was some merriment over this sarly the judge, and the faro-players looked con They had all given fictitious names the night and had forgotten to write them on their "Who is Victor Hugo?" asked the court.
"Who is Victor Hugo?" asked the court.
"I am," said a short, thick set man; that is if I
ain't Horace Greeley When I am arrested I sometimes give one name and sometimes another. Forget which I gave last night."
Finally the court fixed the names to the right
parties and also the fines.

Slush and Human Temper. New York Herald.

New York Herald.

There seems to be no limit to the capacity of New York streets for becoming disgustingly muddy upon the slightest provocation in the nature of a rain fall. The street-cleaners or private enterprise may make a pavement apparently clean, but a slight shower moistens the powdered trap or granite that lies on the surface and turns it into an adhesive paste that neither shoe-brush nor clothes-brush can remove when it is dry, and water and cloth are equally ineffective while it is wet. The natural consequence is that any one who wears good nether garments on a rainy day may be sure of losing temper on arriving at home and inspecting the clothing aforesaid. If men could tuck their trousers into boot-tops, a la Omaha, or if ladies could wear Turkish toggery without being arrested by the police, the results would even then be bad enough to shoes and gaiters, but while fashions are as they are the only ways of maintaining serenity during sloppy weather are these: Do not go out of doors, or, wear only bad clothes in bad weather, or, buy wet weather clothing on credit and neglect to pay. All of these methods have their disadvantages, but one or other must be adopted by every one who does not keep a carriage and objects to spoiled wardrobes and ruined temper.

An item in the cablegrams apropos the taking of le Italian census is so worded as to mislead the eader unfamiliar with the tapal court. Of "500 ersons inhabiting the Vatican." says the item. city as well as papal court. In its eight thousand apartments are lodged the lay as well as clerical adjuncts of the pope s government. On the ground is a barrack for 500 or more pontificial guards. These in some cases have their wives; all the officers have their wives. The vatican is built for a third of a mile on the side of the old hill of Janiculum: as a consequence its lower or basement portion is far above ground on the iront looking toward the Tiber. In the upper apartments, reached by at least fifty steps, are the vast statuary museums; above these again the paintings. To reach the vast stretch of apartments inhabited by the pope long flights of broad marble stairs, at least a hundred in number, must be ascended. The sistine chapel itself, with its wondrous "Day of Judgment" of Michael Angelo and the frescoes of Rafael, is fully a hundred feet above the street level at the entrance of the palace. Scores of women are kept constantly employed in the endless suites of art galleries, libraries, kitchens and what not necessary for the maintenance of such an army of people, so that the proportion of one-third women to five hundred retainers by no means corresponds with what the bald and disingenuous cable item seeks to imply.

Miss Perkins' Lover.

"No, Cigaret-Charley," she said, using the name by which he was known among the wild, reckless et with which he associated; "I can never be your

oride."
"Pansy – Miss Perkins," said Reginald, in those deep, thrilling tones of his; "I cannot let you go! Stay one moment—only one How that tich voice rang in her ears! Despite her-How that tich voice rang in her ears! Despite her-self it moved her strangely, "Very well," she said, "I will stav." Darting hastily to the hat rack in the front hall, Reginald numbled for a moment in the upper left hand pocket of his overcost and drew therefrom a piece of white paper. Returning to the parlor he knell beside the fauteuil on which Pansy had thrown herself in an agony of grief, and kissed away the bitter tears of pain and sorrow that were welling up into the beautiful brown eves.

lous one."
Pansy opened her eyes and gazed languidly at he paper. "What is it, Tootsie?" she mumured. ransy opened ner eyes and gazed languidly at the paper. "What is it, Tootsie?" she musmured. trawing himself up proudly and holding in one hand the paper and in the other his paneake hat Reginala Green said in proud tones: "It is a notice of my promotion to the ribbon counter. Hereafter my salary will be \$12 per week. Pansy, my precious one, we are saved." The girl looked at him lovingly. "You bet we are," she said, and her arms were clasped about his thirteen-inch neck in an extact of passing.

THE BRIDAL WREATH.

Fair Vennevil sprang upon lightsome feet Her lover to greet Her lover to greet;
His song rang out o'er the church roof gray;
"Good day! good day!"
And the little birds together joined in a merry lay.

she wove him a wreath of violets blue-"My eyes so true!"
He took it and kissed it, then flung it aside—
"Farewell, my bride!"
And singing turned away from her, bût came back
to her side.

Another she wove of cowslips fair; "My yellow hair." She gave him her mouth so sweet and small:

"Take all! take all!"

He kissed it, and they blushing stood, and let the garland fall. Another of lilles white she wove: "My right hand, love!" Backward and forward with braiding true;

He took them both within his own, and turning blushed anew. She plucked a flower from every bough; "All yours now!"
She wept and wove for her lover's sake;
"What you will, take!"
He kissed her and he turned away, and now, poor heart, go break!

Another of withered flowers she made: "Bridal wreaths fade!"
Her fingers were blue and her cheek was wan;
"Now putit on!"
But when she turned to see him, her lover false

Weeping she wove, and never ceased: weeping she wove, and never ceased:
"No ring—no priest!"
When midsummer day was over and gone,
She sat there alone.
But the flowers she wove into her wreath on earth
have never grown!
--From the Norwegian of Fjornson.

FINANCIAL FACTS.

New York, January 18 .- The share speculation pened in the main at 1/4 to 1/4 per cent lower than esterday's closing prices, the latter for Michigan Central. In the early dealings, although the market was somewhat irregular, an advance of 1/4 to 1 per cent took place, Memphisand Charleston leading the rein, which was followed by a decline ranging from 1/4 to 11/4 per cent, the latter for Pacific Mail; subsequently the market became stronger and sold up 1/2 to 31/2 per cents, in which the Rich mond and Allegheny, Memphis and Charleston and Denver and Rio Grande were most conspicuous in the early part of the afternoon, the last falling off 1/4 to 1% per cent. in which the Reading. Memphis and Charleston, Illinois Central and Deuver and Rio Grande were most prominent. The market subsequently recorded an advance of ¼ to 1¼ per cent. Richmond and Allegheny, East Tennessee Preferred, Missouri Pacific, Reading and Union Pacific being most prominent in the upward move-ment. In the late dealings a decline of 1/2 to 11/2 per cent took place. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western leading in the downward movement. The market closed weak. Transactions aggregated 400,

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N JerseyCentral
Norfolk & Wn Pre...
N. Y. Elevated
Ohio & Miss.
Preferred
Pacific Mail.
Panama
Quicksilver
Preferred 

WASHINGT Constitution I have read

THROUGH

Felton This letter not say mor as having be

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#### HILL TO FELTON.

THROUGH THE PERILS OF THE

Hon. Wm. H. Felton-A Statemen of Po-litical Affiliations and Matters of Personal Import, Etc.

Washington, D. C., January 14.—Editors Constitution: In your issue of the 10th inst. I have read the letter of the Hon. W. H.

This letter is certainly the most bitter and venomous summary of charges against my public and private character I have ever seen. The vilest production of carpet-bag slum could not say more to defame me. I am pictured as having been all my life—"before the war, during the war and since the war"-a "corrupt," "hypocritical," "malevolent," "mendacious" man whose counsels have "blighted the state of my birth," and "destroyed the

All public men are liable to abuse. All public men are liable to abuse. I thought I had enjoyed my full share and would have some exemption from such in the future. But this letter articles up needs to five assistance all the dirty scandals of years which he had so often denounced, the future. But this letter gathers up nearly all the worst calumnies of the past, colors them with new odium and then adds new ones invented by the author for the occasion. This fierce flood of vituperation comes, too, from a man of whom I never in all my life spoke or wrote one unkind word, but in whose behalf I had spoken and written more kind words than I ever did for any other man, and because of my friendship for whom for, seven years I had almost imperilled my own standing in the democratic party.

My self-respect will not allow me to retaliate in kind, and my respect for the people of Georgia will not allow me to descend to a contest of deity epithets. The explosion is personally harmless from overcharge, but this letter from Dr. Felton has a significance and meaning of public importance at this moment, and to show this meaning and the second to a significance and meaning of public importance at this moment. meaning of public importance at this moment, and to show this meaning and significance is the purpose of this writing. First, does Dr. Felton really believe the

charges he has rehearsed and invented with such sudden virulence? During the rugged voyage of the stormy periods in which my social and political life have been passed, I have sometimes heard pieasant voices. Many kind and partial things have been my ambition to deserve them. No man has been more earnest, or more frequent, or more fulsome in earnest, or more frequent, or more fulsome i this praises of me for forty years than Dr. Fel-ton. No man has repelled with more indig-nation all slanders upon my public and pri-vate life, and especially some of the very slanders he has now rehearsed to defame me.

gised me as ever a model public man, and has made conspicuous my indorsement of his personal and political integrity as proud evi-dence to the people of his fitness to be their representative. All the people of the district will bear testimony in support of this state-

Does any man or child believe that when Does any man or child believe that when Dr. Felton was indulging in these highwrought eulozies upon me, he really believed I was, and all my life had been, a "corrupt," "mendacious," "hypocritical" and bad man? If he,did not believe so while pronouncing such eulogies he has certainly shown himself to be the most expert hypocrite ever yet known. To act the part of such a hypocrite for a long series of years without ever ever to be the most expert hypocrite ever yet known.

known. To act the part of such a hypocrite for a long series of years without ever exciting the slightest suspicion of his sincerity, is a success in hypocrisy never before attained, and would entitle its author to the distinction of being the hero of hypocrites.

Up to the writing of this letter I do not believe Dr. Felton ever uttered an unkind word of me either in public or private. I am sure I never did of him. It is impossible to conclude that Dr. Felton believes the charges he ide that Dr. Felton believes the charges he has now made, because it is impossible for any man to attain to such perfection in hy-

here equaled by my worst enemy, even of the carpet-bag regime!

As there could be no possible reason for this conduct the next question is, What is the excuse for it? Dr. Felton uses for his excuse an interview with me reported by Mr. Grady, in which interview he says I abused him and made against him an implied charge of dishonesty. The reader will see the utter weakness of this excuse at once, for that an interview report-ed in the language of another should authorize such a flood of calumny against a

friend of focty years of unbroken confidence is too absurd. I am not now explaining or denying the interview. There is not a word in the interview which is or which can be justly construed to be personally unkind, and Mr. Grady, or The Constitution, has so disincely stated. But even if there was one tinetly stated. But even if there was one word which might possibly bear such a construction, even an enemy would have asked for an explanation before letting loose such a deluge of billingsgate and calumny.

But, aside from all this, there is one fact which it is my painful duty to state here, which will make this pretence of unkindness more damaging, if possible, to Dr. Felton's good name than the slanderous letter.

For years Dr. Felton and myself have been in the habit of writing frank and confidential letters to each other. One of the first things I did after reading his interview published in a Chicago paper and embodying his new platform, I wrote Dr. Felton just such a letter. In he unreserve of our long friendship, and feeling that his political course would somewhat involve me, as I had aways maintained his political honesty, and believing I might be better posted as to the meaning of recent political movements than himself, I for years Dr. Felton and myself have been the habit of writing frank and confidential etters to each other. One of the first things I id after reading his interview published in Chicago paper and embodying his new latform, I wrote Dr. Felton just such a leter. In he unreserve of our long friendship, and feeling that his political course would omewhat involve me, as I had aways mainand his political honesty, and believing might be better posted as to the meaning of ecent political movements than himself, I spressed the pain I felt on reading this interiew. I also said that if it was true I appresent the dangers ahead, and expressed the earn things I would make him a republican at that, I warned him the dangers ahead, and expressed the earn the dangers ahead, and expressed the earn the dangers ahead, and expressed the earn the dangers and honorable, and I carnestly abored to gratify them.

I never saw defect a affect any man as it did for a traver sally hads eritable that evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable that the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable that the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable that the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of his human nature. I have really had seritable the evil of xpressed the pain I felt on reading this interiew. I also said that if it was true I appre the dangers ahead, and expressed the earn-thope that he would not allow himself to ensuared at this late day into the repub-But in this letter I also said that

can party. But in this letter I also said that could never speak of him otherwise than indly. This letter he must have had before im when he made unkindness by contruction his excuse for abusing me as no slitical enemy had ever done! The letter as private, but I do not object to its pubation. Either Dr. Felton believed the charges ade and invented in his letter, or did not lieve them, and on this subject these prop-

him as a slanderer. And to say he made the charges for the excuse rendered is to discredit him both as a hypocrite and a slanderer.

The truth is the only cause of this unprecedented letter exists, and exists only, in Dr. Felton himself. After a hard struggle with the bitterness of defeat, and the wooings of ambition Dr. Felton has formed a new purpose, and is to have new friends and allies. He has not changed any of his political convictions, but he has changed his political purposes and affiliations, and he is himself ashamed of the change. He hopes to deceive others who have stood by him in all his struggles, and he hopes by deceiving them to carry them to his new The truth is the only cause of this unprece

deceiving them to carry them to his new allies. But he has no hope of deceiving me! He feels and knows I understand him, and that I will lose respect for him. He cannot stand democratic party," and as one who, "under professions of friendship," has always been treacherous and vindictive!

in my presence, and remember the assurances he has so often given me when begging me to stand by him, and that he could never deceive or disappoint me, and not lose respect for himself! There was but one desperate re-

> can fully understand the meaning and signifi-cance of Dr. Felton's letter and his "new movement." But before showing this I feel I ought to make a brief explanation to the de-mocracy of the state, and of the seventh dismocracy of the state, and of the seventh district especially. I did not approve of Dr. Felton's so-called independentism, but for four elections I refused to go into the district to oppose him, and for every election I gave him a new certificate of good character, personal and political, which I was often told by both parties and by himself he used with great effect. I often spoke well of him in private and in public, and twice, at his carnest receives introduced him in post complines. quest, introduced him in most complimenterms to large audiences in my own city

> of Atlanta.
>
> It is due to my self-respect to say that all I aid of Dr. Feiton I believed was true at the ime, and yet believe was true when said. In addition to the fact we had long been friends and that both the ladies he married were the daughters of highly esteemed friends, both of whom are still living, venerable in year and good works. I say, in addition to these facts. I had undoubted confidence in D Felton's democracy, and never once suspected he would disappoint me. His personal assu-rances on this subject were very numerous and of the most earnest character, and I would have believed his assurances alone. But his actions were entirely confirmatory of these assurances. I will state two facts on this

1. In Washington Dr. Felton attended the democratic caucus and respected its decisions as faithfully as any democrat in congress. We sat side by side during the 44th congress, and sat side by side during the 44th congress, and his votes were on the extreme democratic line. In contested elections for seats in the house he voted for democratic claimants even where democrats of the most pronounced type doubted their election, and I can even now recall one case in which he voted for the democratic claimant against the majority report of the democratic committee on elections, who reported that the republican was elected. These were certainly

then not only willing but anxious to be reconciled to his party and get the nomination.

The result of my inquiries were not encouraging and I so advised him. So again in 1878 I wrote a letter urging the Ringgold convention to tender Dr. Felton the nomination, and said in the letter that if they would tender it and he rejected it, I would canvass the district against him. I knew he would not reject

t, and I was anxious to see the reconciliation. I egret yet that the nomination was not tendered him. So again in 1880 I made, with others, and at Dr. Felton's request, an earnest effort to discourage any nomination against him. He was anxious to be brought into accord with his party, but thought the overture should come, or seem to come, from the

I deeply regret our efforts were not successful. If they had been successful I would not now be writing this very unpleasant letter,

fly into a mad rage with me and become an at once my worst calumniator. I now see he is a fallen and a changed man, and is a sad illustration of the dangers of a reckless ambition for political place. During the last six years the democrats of Georgia have frequently complained of what they called my encouragement of the independents. I did not encourage them and I did not abuse them. While the general was less than the second of the control of the control of the second of the control While the republican party in Georgia was dormant, and there was practically but one party in the state, it was natural that discusparty in the state, it was natural that discussions would spring up, and the opposing democrats under various names would contend for the offices. I was anxious that this should not breed bitmade and invented in his letter, or did not believe them, and on this subject these propositions are now established:

1. If he believes the charges he convicts himself of being the worst hypocrite on record.

2. If he does not believe the charges, he convicts himself of being the worst slanderer on record.

3. The excuse he offers for making the charges was not only unfounded, but was known to be false when offered! I will not announce the terrible conclusion as to what the letter and the pretense together convict him of being. I leave him with facts, and the simple

statement that a man who will be false to a friend will be true to nothing.

But every effect must have a cause, and this letter of Dr. Felton being an extraordinary effect must have an extraordinary cause, and that cause is not and cannot possibly be in anything I have said or done, nor is the cause in Dr. Felton's belief or unbelief of the charges he has made. To say he believes the charges is to discredit him as a hypocrite. To say he does not believe them is to discredit the cause in Dr. Felton's belief or unbelief of the charges is to discredit him as a hypocrite. To say he does not believe them is to discredit the cause in Dr. Felton's belief or unbelief of the charges is to discredit him as a hypocrite. To say he does not believe them is to discredit

they will be led blindly into the republican party.

Every intelligent and patriotic citizen of the United States must see the great importance of eliminating from our politics all war issues and race issues. No man has been more open and undisguised in the expression of the opinion than myself. But the truth is we can never get rid of either the war issues or race issues until we get rid of the republican party, and especially of the stalwart wing of that party. This party lives by these issues and would pass away forever without them.

Less than one year ago there was some hop -more than a mere suggestion-that a great and elevated movement was possible which would lift the country out of the mire of sectional hatreds, and form our political parties tional hatreds, and form our political parties on living issues adapted to every section alike. But this hope has been rudely brushed away, and the lowest and most infamous coalition for more corrupt party ascendancy has been formed in its stead. This coalition has already humiliated the noblest old commonwealth of the union by combining inversage and years. the union by combining ignorance and venality against intelligence, property and honor. This coalition embraces four distinct proposi-

1. The reopening of the race issues by

pandering to the ignorance and prejudices of the black race.

2. By encouraging local divisions among

the real, true, independent democrat ought to feel the most insuited by the offer. It as-sumes that he will betray his party either as the victim of his local spite or as the corrupt subject of a debauched civil service. It is understood that the selected leader in each state may write out his own platform that will suit him and his state, and he is not

to be embarrassed by any inconsistency in his platform with that of the national party, or that of any other state. Any thing that will entice or buy democrats into the coalition i o be considered "justifiable in morals and in law," provided, always, that the result shall enure to the benefit of the republican party and break down the bourbon democrats!

This is the whole scheme briefly stated. It is not new. It is precisely the scheme on which Catiline formed his conspiracy, and it s covered already with nineteen centuries o

nfamy!
I have an abiding faith that even the colored people will discard it, for to them it portends the greatest mischief. I believe the better class of republicans will repudiate the coalition and adhere to their party integrity; and the democrats who allow themselves to e ensnared into it will find no life long

be ensnared into it will find no life long enough to repent sufficiently their folly. Can anything be more utterly disgusting than the proposition to reform Georgia by such a movement as this?

In our state more than in any other the people are recovering from the effects of war and reconstruction. The race issue has completely disappeared from our politics in Georgia. Nearly one hundred thousand of the colored children are being educated by the taxes of the white race. The state has endowed a colored college. Colored mas now made, because it is impossible for any man to attain to such perfection in hypoerisy.

On the other hand, if Dr. Felton did not belief the charges to be true, and yet made them, and made them, too, with such furious mendacity, then he has shown himself to be the edonocratic party was called to met the most perfidious and ungrateful slanderer that the purlieus of a degraded form of poil tics ever produced. Without provocation, without explanation and without the slightest previous notice he has slandered an admitted friend of forty years, and a friend who, for seven years, exposed himself to the reproaches and criticisms of his party in order to maintain this one man in his political aspirations.

And he has slandered me, too, with a reckless violence and an abandoned untruthfulness never only willing broad and providence and an abandoned untruthfulness representation. The result of my inquiries were not encourage to the convention. The result of my inquiries were not encourage to the representation of the special purpose of ascertaining, if I could, whether Dr. Felton could probably get the nomination. He was anxious to avoid the repetition of the struggle of 1874, and I was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious to avoid the repetition of the struggle of 1874, and I was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious for him to avoid it, and he was anxious to avoid the convention. The result of my inquiries were not encourage to the call for a convention. It has been accomplished under the rule of the men who are denounced by trading politicans an arrow minded, intolerant bour being the condition of t republicans, who owe all their prominence to corrupt methods in the politics of their own states. If any man cannot see and understand the real meaning and significance of the new movement in Georgia, he is one who "having eyes see not, and having ears hear not." Must our peace be destroyed, race collisions again provoked, and our budding prosperity arrested merely to gratify a few men who are willing to run with all parties and be true to none?

For several years we have had divisions in the democratic party in Georgia, because having no common enemy to fight, we have fought each other. I have studiously labored to keep out of these party wrangles. I have

to keep out of these party wrangles. I have not hesitated to condemn what I believed was wrong even in my own party. But now that a new movement is made of a most insidious character to take advantage of our divisions and utilize them for the republican party, they will prove themselves the best democrats and truest

now be writing this very unpleasant letter, and the republican manipulators of the new coalition to capture the south would have to find another leader for Georgia.

I thus personally knew that Dr. Felton was not only a democrat, but a party democrat, and that his apparent hatred of caucuses was only apparent, for he attended the caucus in Washington, and was really anxious to have a voluntary caucus nomination in the seventh district of Georgia. I thought his desires were sincere and honorable, and I carnestly to heal grievances and labor most earnestly to heal all party wounds. The new enemy is already organized, and are opening the campaign before the snows of winter have melted. Let they will be weak because their coalition is incongruous and their purposes are iniquitions. They must not only be defeated but overwhelmed, and then no like coalition will rise to fret this generation.

The Savannah Races.

Savannah, January 18.—The second day's races of the jockey club was fairly attended. The weather being unfavorable, four of the horses entered in the different races were withdrawn on account of lameness. The only favorite running was badly beaten, and considerable money was lost.

First race, Helen Wallace, Farragut and W. K. started. Helen won in two straight heats. Time, 1:49, 1:49/5. Farragut went home in the first heat and did not run in second

Second race, Bonnie Castle and Tom Montagne run. B snnie won, this 2:18/4.

The third was the best race of the day, and the best time was made. Keno was the favorite. The straight heats were won by Pride with Keno second. In each, time, 1:47 and 1:48/4. There will be no races to morrow on account of holiday, it being General Lee's birthday.

Washington, January 13.—The hearing in the alleged straw bond star route cases was continued in the police court to-day. Beyond the identification of a quantity of papers which the prosecution desired to put in the evidence and which led to a great deal of wars gling, no substantial progress was made, and the court at 2:20 adjourned until to-

Thoy, N. Y., January 18.—The snowfalls in the Adirondacks region has caused great activity among lumbersien, who are busy cutting and hauling. The Adirondack railroad company is providing cais with axes, saws and crowbars, for use in case of accident.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

British Politics Again Growing Heated From South LONDON, January 18 .- Mr. Henry Stafford Northcote, member of parliament, who recently returned from America, addressing his constituency at Exeter, said he did not believe in the decrease of American competi-tion in the food market. It was, he said, idle to talk of the exhaustion of American lands. The supply of land for many years to come in the great northwest will be bound-

The death is announced of Sir Daniel Macnu, president of the Royal Scottish academy, and well known as a portrait painter. He The Finnesten steamship works at Glasgow

belonging to the Anchor steamship line were almost wholly burned early this morning.

Earl Grey has written a letter to Mr. Downay, the conservative candidate for the vacancy in the house of commons for the north riding of Yorkshire, declaring that he cannot understand how all who are cannot understand how all who are interested in land do not take the same view as Lord Zetland and refuse to continue to support Mr. Gladstone, who on every really important occasion acts against the opinions of the great whig leaders of the old days.

This defection of a large land owner from the liberal ranks it is considered will give the

election particular importance, especially in view of the fact that a number of tenant farmers who have hithview of the fact that a number of tenant farmers who have hitherto voted as conservatives have promised to support Mr. Rowlands as the liberal tenant farmer candidate, and an opportunity will thus be afforded on a small scale of judging how the growing importance of the land question has effaced the old division library areas.

2. By encouraging local divisions among the democrats of the south on any and all questions that are available for that purpose.

3. By promising the federal offices to such democrats as will agree to aid the work, and this is called "cementing the coalition."

4. By blatant pretenses of reform, and still more blatant outeries against that mystical monster—the bourbon democracy of the south.

And it is boldly proclaimed by the most dangerous and efficient man in the republican party "that anything which will build up this coalition in the south is justifiable in morals and law."

This is the foul coalition into which the independent democrats of the south are now so wooingly invited. Of all men on earth, the real, true, independent democrat ought to feel the most insuited by the offer. It assumes that he will betray his party either as

FRANCE.

London, January 18.—A dispatch to the Reuters telegram company from Paris says: It is stated that the negotiations on behalf of France with England and Spain for the conclusion of the treaties of commerce are now proceeding very satisfactorily. Wool stuffs and wines are the only articles which offer obstacles. obstacles.

A dispatch to the Reuter's telegram compa

ny from Paris states that the extreme left and the radical left to-day declared in favor of a complete revision of the constitution.

A dispatch to the Reuters telegram company from Paris, reports that a sanguinary

collision has occurred between the French and Italian workmen employed on the Brives and Montuca railway. Twenty of the rioters were wounded.

VIENNA, January 18.-The Presse says: The indictment against the accused nihilist, whose trial is to begin at the end of January, covers 31 pages and demands the sentence of death. M.M. Mourattieff and Ostroffski, procurators general, will conduct the prose

Buenos Ayres, January 18.—A Valparaiso dispatch announces the conclusion of a treaty of peace between Bolivia and Chili. The conditions are reported to be that Bolivia shall surrender her territory along the coast and break off relations with Peru.

A MEXICAN BALLOONIST

Goes Up Only to Come Down With Greater Force. LAREDO, Texas, January 18. -Information

s just received here from Cuautla, Mexico, of an extrrordinary and terrible accident that ccurred there on Saturday. It had been widely advertised that a balloon ascension

tators for a moment, when, rushing to the spot where the balloon mad failer, they found the terribly smashed and mangled body

found the terribly smashed and mangled body of the poor young girl lying lifeless beside the wreck of her balloon.

The Mexican women wrung their hands and wept over the dead girl, whose remains were afterwards tenderly cared for by the people and buried in the cemetery near the town. It was afterward discovered that the balloon was of altogether too frail construe. balloon was of altogether too frail construc tion for the risk of human life, as the material of which it was made was flimsy and easily rent asunder.

KILPATRICK'S FUNERAL.

The American Minister Buried with Great Pomp. WASHINGTON, January 18 .- The Chilian minister has mail advices fro Santiago, giv-ing a detailed account of an nusual demonstration at the the funeral of General Kilpat rick, United States minister to Chili. The funeral ceremonies were ordered by the Chil ian government, and were conducted by the Chilian secretary of state, assisted by the French minister and dean of the diplomatic French minister and dean of the diplomatic corps, the president of the Chilian house of representatives, and the consul general from the United States. The fun-eral services were held in the cathe-dral, the largest Catholic church edi-fice in Santiago. The requiem service in the cathedral was conducted by the bishop of Gandaurilla. The mass was preceded by an oration, and when absolution was given, the body was escorted to the cemetery by five regiments of Chilian troops, the members of the fire department, and a large procession of private citizens. At the grave, Senor Balmeceda, the foreign minister; Senor Alem-parte and Mr. Hillnanvold, a friend of Gen-erat Kilpatrick, delivered brief orations, and closed the civil ceremonial ordered by the government. Sentiments of profound grief and mourning on the death of General Kil-patrick, appeared in the Chilian press.

The Texan Platel.

GALVESTON, Texas, January 18.—A special dis-patch from Jonesborough says there was a shooting scrape on Monday evening between two young men named Upham and Woolf, in which the form-er was instantly killed and another seriously

wounded.

A Palestine special says: A shooting affray took place here yesterday between a brakeman and a bar-tender, in which the brakeman was shot through the mouth, inflicting a mortal wound. The bar-tender has been placed in jail. The affray was the outcome of a quarrel about a woman.

THE OAKLAND HORROR.

Progress of the Trial of the Three Flends. CATLETTSBURG, Ky., January 18 .- In the trial for butchery at Gibbon's Mansion, Ellis was this morning placed on the stand and his cross-examination resumed. He was required to face the jury and state if he was not lying all the way through. He looked the jury squarely in the face and stated with unusual emphasis that he believed in God and expected to answer for his statements and then declared positively that Neal and Craft were the clared positively that Neal and Craft were the persons without the possibility of a mistake who committed the murders. Counsel read the additional confession to Ellis as made in the jail at Maysville and witness stuck to it closely. Mr. Brown, of counsel for the defense, is making the cross-examination searching, but Ellis does not waver from his first statements. All the other witnesses are strictly excluded from the room during the examination of Ellis.

INTO THE RIVER.

Disaster Occurring from Incompetent Workmanahla LEBANON, Ky., January 18.-[Special.]-A oridge in the progress of construction over Rolling Fork on the Lebanon and Bradfordsville turnpike, eight miles from this place, fell yesterday by reason of the undermining of the false work by high water. Six men were on the bridge at the time. Aloysius Hayden was instantly killed, John Black had an arm broken and a man named Wattingly was severely cut on the head. James Walthen leaped into the water, a distance of sixty feet, and swam out un-hurt. E. A. Perkins of Cleveland, manager of the bridge and iron company, had his shoulder severeity wrenched and suffered a concussion of the brain, causing delirium. Joseph Shively had an arm broken

The Country Submerged.

The Country Submerged.

CANTON, Miss., January 18.—There is now the highest water ever known in the Big Black valle. The raffread track is submerged near. West static eight to fifteen inches and the water is rising, is still raining there. There was no rain south that on the 16th and 17th, and we cannot learn the condition of the water to-day.

Nashville American, 18th.

Nashville American, 18th.

The river still continued to rise yesterday and last night, and it seemed difficult to prognosticate when it would be likely to come to a stand. At 6 p.m., it measured 51 feet and three-teuths on the gauge and was still slowly rising. The measurements showed that it was within three feet and ten inches of the rise of 1847. It is thought, however, that it will stop rising this morning and begin to recede by noon, to-day. So far no lumber has been lost, the mill men having taken every precaution to secure their lumber.

recede by noon, to-day
So far no lumber has been lost, the mill men having taken every precaution to secure their lumber and rafts.

At 6 p. m. the river was running along the gutter on the south side of Broad to Market street. The steamer Ellä, which arrived yesterday morning from the upper Cumberland, unloaded her cargo of lumber on Broad street, nearly half way between Front and Market streets, a circumstance that has not occurred since 1847.

The back waters were over both South and North Cherry street, it measured about six inches on North Cherry street, and ropes were placed across that thoroughfare to stop travel over it. North Nashville, therefore, was only to be reached via Market and College streets.

The water lacked but a few feet of being up to the bottom chords of the railway trestle.

The south end of she dump in Edgefield was covered, and it lacked but a few inches of being up to the weather boarding of khea & Son's eleva or, in Edgefield.

dgefield.
The water was about three feet over the Mur reeshore pike and a good many houses in that le

freesboro pike and a good many houses in that lo-cality were subme ged.

Many more people were compelled to leave their homes, yesterday, on account of the additional rise.
The floor of the ice house on North Front street was covered to the depth of six inches in the after-

was covered to the depth of six means in the after-noon.

At 6 a. m. the signal service gauge read 49 feet 11 inches; at 1:21 p. m., 50 feet 6 inches; at 9 p. m., 50 feet 11 inches.

The water was running through Taylor's chair factory last night at 12 o'clock.

The first floor of the office of the bucket factory was under water at midnight.

Notice to Holders of Mutilated Coln.

Notice to Holders of Mutilated Colm.

WASHINGTON. January 18—A large amount of mutilated sliver has been sent to the United States treasurer under the impression that it would be redeemed, and he has always transmitted such remittances to the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia for purchase as bullion. He is now informed by the superintendent of the mint that under the rules governing the mint the smallest purchase of silver or deposit of gold received is \$100, and that upon all such there is imposed a melting charge of \$1, which he considers a heavy tax on small deposits. Heretofore he has taken those sent from the United States treasury, but as the number is largely increasing from all parts of the country he says he is forced to decline taking them in the future, and that no less amount than \$100 can hereafter be received at the mint. In view of this decision the treasurer will return to the senders all such remittances sent to his office for redemption.

The National Board of Trade

Washington, January 18.—The National board of trade held its thirteenth annual meeting at Wil-lard's hotel to-day with a good attendance of mem-bers. The president, Hon. Frederick Fraley, of Philadelphia presided, and Mr. II. 8. Bell, of Bos-ton, acted as secretary. The report of the executive committee was read, and gives a gratifying ex-hibit of the progress, present condition and aims of the organization. The Boston commercial asso-ciation was admitted to membership. The election of officers resulted in the re-election of Mr. Fraige

The Land League in America.

New York, January 18.—[Special.]—The Iris World of this week acknowledges the receipt of \$6,811.10 for the land league fund. This is thargest amount collected for any single week sine the inception of the inovement in America. The total amount received by the Irish World amount received by the Irish World by to date is \$265,629 85. Seventee branches of the land league have organized during the past week, making a total of 151 organized since the no rent manifesto was sent forth from Kilmainhain jail.

The Land League In America.

A Honeymoon in Eclipse. GALVESTON, Tex. January Is.—A special dispatch from Brackett, Texas, says George Brandon was married last week, and was arrested yesterday for a nurder committed in May, 1877.

Dangers of the Rull. Cuicago, January 18.—The limited express of the Pennsylvania railroad ran into a freight train at Eaglewood yesterday afternoon, severely injur-ing the engineer, fireman and six or eight passen

Anthracite Coal Interest. Philadelphia, January 18.—The anthracite interests have agreed to the stoppage of coal ning, January 19, 20 and 21.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

ALLEN-Died, at his residence, No. 173 W Foundry, S. W. Allen, at 11 o'clock p.m.
Funeral will take place at residence, 3 o'clock p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully in

DISSOLUTION--NEW FIRM

THE FIRM OF C. W. BRUNNER & CO., DOING business in this city, was dissolved on the lat instant, by the withdrawai of C. W. Brunner.

C. W. BRUNNER.

J. W. BRUNNER.

We will continue the Commission Produce business in this city, at the old stand. No. 28 Feachtres street, and solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late f.m., jan19 d2t J. W. BRUNNER & CO.

GRAND EXCURSION

FLORIDA, NASSAU, CUBA, MEXICO. Personally Conducted by Mr. H. A. Callan.

LEAVE ATLANTA, FEBRUARY 7TH; FEB-LAVE ATLANTA, FEBRUARY 7TH; FER-nandina, February 8th; Nassau, 11th; Havaua, 13th. February 21, embark for Vera Cruz. Mexico; February 25, arrive city of Mexico; March 12, ar-rive New Orleans; March 21st, arrive 8t. Louis; arrive Atlanta, March 23d.

arrive Atlanta, March 23d.

Persons desiring to make part or all this excursion can find out all particulars and get circular by writing or calling on MANN & JOHNSON.

No. 4 Kimball House, General Agents, jan19 d2w—thuy and these

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Mr. Henry E. Abbey espectfully announces M'ME ADELINA

OPERATIC CONCERT. GRAND

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 25, at 8:15 o'clock. SUPPORTED BY Signor Salvati, Signor Lavilli, Signor Pinto and

SIGNOR NICOLINI. The above artists will appear in the first part in a brilliant concert programme, after which will be presented with all the accessories of costume, scenery, and a

GRAND ORCHESTRA UNDER SIGNOR D'AURIA.
The Third (3d) Act of Gounod's Famous Opera,

"FAUST." 

LAST APPEARANCE, TO-NIGHT, of the original and only

VOKES FAMILY.

Jessie, Victoria, Fred and Fawdon,

Supported by a Comedy company of rare excellence in their original, musical, saltorial, operatic, tragical, comical extravaganza, entitled THE BELLES OF THE KITCHEN.

#### Preceded by the laughable Comedy entitled RUTH'S ROMANCE.

Seats on sale at Phillips & Crew's Music Store, Monday, the 16th. jan19 1t TWO NIGHTS---ONE MATINEE.

"When I say I can do a thing, I can do it!"-316TH -- PERFORMANCE -- 316TH

JOHN T. RAYMOND, FRESH! THE AMERICAN.

New Scenery! New Costumes! New Effects! Sup-ported by a specially selected company under the direction of Brooks & Dickson, as performed at the Park Theater, New York, NIGHTS

THE FAMOUS HAREM! Prices as usual. Reserved seats on sale at Phil lips & Crew's music store, We mesday, Januar 18th. 686—jan15 18 19 20 21

TWO NIGHTS ONLY. Monday and Tuesday, January 23 and 24. APPEARANCE OF

FRANK MAYO And his Mammoth Legitimate Company.

MEMBERS
Under the management of E. M. Gardiner,
MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23, oduction here of the Grand and Romantic Drama, the Greatest Play of Alexander Dumas,

THE THREE GUARDSMEN

TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, At the urgent request of Mr. Mayo's many friends, his original creation,

DAVY CROCKETT.

Prices as usual; reserved seats on sale at Phillips Crew's Music and Rock Store. jan18 d6t WE HAD WHOLE HEAPS OF FUN LAST NIGHT, AND

Afternoon,

TO-NIGHT Will repeat the Fox Chase after skating is about over SKATING Every

2½ to 5, and night - 714 to 10. 714-jan 19 1t GEORGIA, JASPER COUNTY-ORDINARY'S Moffice, January 16, 1882.—Joseph C Funders of said county, makes application for admini-tion on the estate of John M. Crow, deceased, tion on the estate of solid accounts of said county.

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objection, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why administration on the estate of said deceased should not be vested in h m

SPIRITUALISM Gives new impulses to the Christian's fulth, with proofs palpable of immortality. Its investigation and acceptance by the leading men and women of the 19th century is popularizing the movement in an extraordinary degree. Would you keep posted about its marvelous phenomena and work, then read our magazine, published for \$2.50 means.

phenomena and work, then remained phenomena and work, then remained published for \$2.50 per annum. Address, The Progressive Age, Atlanta, Ga. THE WORKS

OF THE Collier Comp'y OF ST. LOUIS, MO.,

Which were totally Destroyed by Fire on May 18th and September 21st, 18sl, ARE REBUILT!

Orders are solicited for Strictly Pure White Lead and Red Lead, Cold-Pressed & Pure Dark Castor Oil, Raw & Double Boiled Linseed Oil. jan19-d3m thur set tues 5thp

UPIN to 20 days. No pay all Cured WASHINGTON STREET

LOTS. I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC OUTCRY ON THE premises, at 2 p. m. Wednesday, 1st March, 1882,

FOURTEEN CHOICE LOTS, FOURTEEN CHOICE LUIS,
six on the west and seven on the east side of Washington street, between Clarke and Fulton streets.
Washington street is one of the most fashionable avennes of the city, and these lots are the only vacant property on it within easy access of the street cars. Elegant residences adjoin this property and several expensive mansions will be erected on this street in close proximity, this spring. Offers before sale day will be entertained. Title perfect. Terms, half cash, balance in six and twelve months, with 5 per cent. interest.

Real Estate Agent, 10 Fast Alabama street.

425jan8 td 5th p sun tues

### HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN BROKER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

STOCKS AND BONDS, Will Pay the Highest Market Price. Office, No. 10 East Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

#### WANTED.

10,000 State of Georgia 8 per cent Bonds that Mature in April, 1882. dect timos h of fi col

### FINANCE AND COMMERCE

				MOI	EI.
EXCHANGE-	COL	NSTITU	JTIO Jan	N OFFI	CE, , 1882.
Buying at BONDS-	p	ar   Sell	ling.		¼ pre
Confed'te bonds per \$1000 .\$2.00		Aug. Sav.		78110	@112
	@111			87	@ 89

per \$1000 .\$2.00	•	Sav. City 58	@112	
Georgia 6s 109	@111	nêw 87	@ 89	
Ga. 7s, 1886 108	@110	Macon City 97	@ 96	
Ga. 7s, 1896124	@126	Col. City 78	(4 80	
Ga. 7s, gold116	@118	Ga. R. R. 6s106	@107	
Ga. 8s110	@ill	Cent. R. R. 78.113	@115	
Western R.R.	-	W& A R. Les-	0	
Ala. first		sees; 10 pc.		
mortgage116	@118	inc'e b'ds115	@120	
Atlanta 6s 106	@102	Ala, Class A	0	
. " Water 7s. 111	@113	2 to 5 80	@ 82	
" City 7s111	@113	Class A small 80		
44 Filter D- 110	2110		2000	

NEW YORK, January 18-11a. m.—The stock market opened somewhat irregular but in the main ½ 6½ per cent lower than yesterday's closing quotations, the latter for Michigan Central. In early dealings the general list advanced ½ 6½ per cent, the latter for Memphis and Charleston. Subsequently the market fell off ½ 621½, per cent, Pacific Mail leading therein. At 11 o'clock there was a slight recovery.

NEW YORK, January 18—Noon—Stocks advanced (@1/2 per cent. Money 6. Exchange—Long \$4.81½; nort \$4.85½. dovernments dull. State Bonds quiet ud unchanged.

Byening—Exchange \$4.82. Governments fairly firm and ½ per cent higher for 4s; others unchanged; new fives 102½; four and a half per cents 114½; four per cents 118¼. Money 5@2. State Bonds dull. Sub treasury balances:

Coin	0 Currency\$ 4,512.000
Stocks closed irregular.	
Ala. Class A 2 to 5 61%	Lou. & Nash 97
do. Class A small 81	Mem. & Char 801
Ala. Class B 5s100	N. C., & St. Louis 861/4
do. Class C 4s 813/4	N. Y. Central13414
Chicago & N. W127	Pittsb'g F.W. & C135
do. Preferred1391/2	Rich. & Alleghany 36
Erie 4134	
East Tenn R. R 15%	
Ga. R. R165	Wab., St. L. & Pac 36%
Illinois Central 1351/4	
Lake Shore114%	Western Union 811/2
PARIS, January 18-2:20	p.m.—Rentes 83f. 80c.

#### THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, January 18, 18\*2

New York—Futures opened a fraction higher under a steady tone, and continued without much change until near noon, when the market developed a dull feeling accompanied by a downward movement in quotations which progressed throughout the remainder of the day. During the afternoon a barely steady tone prevailed, and the market was void of any speculative animation. The state of the market is such that to define its course is simply impossible, and the general feeling is very unsettled. The bulls are sanguine, and seem not much discouraged at the frivolous shiftings of the market. They assert that the shortness of the crop will tell the tale before the lapse of many weeks. The bears, on the other hand, are equally hopeful, and with heavy stocks in sight and with prices beyond a ligitimate range, predict an ultimate downfall. Such is the condition of affairs and a surmise is all that can now be rendered. At the close to-day the market had shrunk about 6@8 points since yesterday's close. The spot market remains unchanged, though there is something of an

easiness in the tone; middling 12c. Net receipts for four days 59,878 bales, against 91,770 bales last year; exports 41,582 bales; last year 79,315 bales; stock 1,157,957 bales; last year 908,701

Below we give the opening and closing quotatious

of cotton futures to-day:					
OPENED.	CLOSED.				
January12.07@	January12.06@12.05				
February12.23@12.24	February 12.13@12.14				
March12.50@12.51	March12.40(312.41				
April12.70@12.71	April12.61@				
Msy12.86@12 87	May12.78@12.79				
June13.00@13.02	June12.91@12.92				
July	July 13.03@13.04				
August 13.20@13.22	August13.14@				
Beptember 12.58@12.60	September12.48@12.00				
October11.90@11.95	October11.83@11.85				
Closed barely steady; sa	les 104,000 bales.				

Liverpool -Futures closed dull and easier. Spots-Uplands 6%d; Orleans 6%d; sales 14,000 bales, of which 10,000 bales were American; receipts 14,009;

The local cotton market shows no change. A good demand s:111 prevails, but sales are extremely moderate. The decline in New York to-day had no particular effect on our market, and the feeling shows considerable strength of tone. Prices admit of no change. Receipts to-day amount to 136 bales, of which 14 bales were received from wag-ons. We quote: Good middling 11%; middling 111/4e; low middling 107/8e; strict good ordinary 101/4e; good ordinary 101/8e; ordinary 8e; tinges 107/8e;

The following is our statement of receipts and

ship ments for to-day:	
By wagon 25  Air-Line Railroad 55  Georgia Railroad 56  Central Railroad 56  Western and Atlantic Railroad 56  West Point Railroad 56	
Total	
Total	
Grand total	107,244
Shipments for to-day	
Total	78,580
Stock on hand The following is our comparative statement	28,664
Beceipts to day	187
Same day last yearShowing an increase of	15
Receipts since September 1	106, 13

The following table shows receipts at the ports rom September 1 to date, compared with the same 

By Telegraph.

By Teiegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 18—noon—Cotton hardening middling uplands 6 11-16; Orleans 6 13-16; sales 14,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 14,000; American 7,450; uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 6 25-32; April and May delivery 6 76; May and June delivery 6 2-32; July and August delivery 7; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL January 18,-130 p. m. Middling

net receipts 16,093; exports to Great Britain 5,864; o France 4,560: to continent 507.

GALVESTON, January 13—Cotton firm; middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 1,4% bales; gross 1,830; sales 717; stock 96,353; exports to France 1,575; to continent 507; coastwise 1. NORFOLK, January 18—Cotton active and firmer; middling 11½; net receipts 2,272 bales; gross—; sales—; stock 46,283; exports to Great Britain 1,579; coastwise 1,253.

BALTIMORE, January 18—Cotton steady; mid fling 11½, low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts—: gross 53 bales; sales 300; to spinners 150; stock 56,381.

BOSTON, January 1s—Cottor dull; middling 12; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 566 bales; gross 567; sales none; stock 5,470; exports to Great Britain 500.

WILMINGTON, January :8-Cotton firm; middling 11½; low middl ng 11 1-16; good ordinary 10 3-16; net receipts 633 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 11,515.

PHILADELPHIA, January 18—Cotton steady; middling 12½; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 240 bales; gross 655; sales to spin-ners 340; stock 15,688.

SAVANNAH, January 18—Cotton firm; middling 113%; low middling 10 15-16; good ordinary 10 1-16; net receipts 2,446 bales; gross—; sales 3,930; stock 98.; exports constwise 781. NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Cotton steady; middling 11½; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½, net receipts 4,462 bales; gross 4,765; sales 16,500 stock 384,63; exports to Great Britain 3,785; coastwise 4,838.

MOBILE, January 18-Cotton firm ; middling 111/2 good middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 2.6 bales; gross—; sales 1,500; stock 41,189; exports to France 2,982; coastwise 46.

to France 2,982; coastwise 46.

MEMPHIS, January 18—Cotton firm; middling 11½; net receipts 336 bales; gross 372; shipments 135; sales 2,100; stock 97,753.

AUGUSTA, January 18—Cotton firm; middling 11½; low middling 10½; good ordinary 10; net receipts 428 bales; shipments none; sales 813

CHARLESTON, January 18—Cotton firm; middling 11½; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 1,764 bales; gross—; sales 2,000; stock 75,900.

#### PROVISIONS GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, January 18, 1882.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
February 1 28%	1 29%	1 2834	1 29%
March 1 29%	1 30½	1 2958	1 30½
	PORK.		
February17 30	17 30	17 271/2	17 27½
March17 47½	17 52½	17 471/2	17 52½
Flour, 6	rain and M	eal.	

BALTIMORE, January 18-Flour fairly active and BALTIMORE, January 18—Flour fairly active and steady; Howard street and western superfine \$4.25@\$4.75; extra \$5.25@\$5.00; family \$6.25@\$7.90; city mills superfine \$4.56@\$5.25; extra \$5.50@\$6.25; family \$7.50@\$7.75; Rio brands \$7.00; Panapsoc family \$8.25. Wheat, southern quiet and steady; western higher; southern red \$1.35; amber \$1.42@\$1.46; No. 1 Maryland \$1.44 bid; No. 2 western winter red spot and January \$1.899\$@\$1.39%; February \$1.41%@\$1.41%; March \$1.437\$@\$1.441, April \$1.444@\$1.45%. Corn, southern easier; western a shade better; southern white 74½; yellow 69@70. Oats steady; southern 50@53; western white 51@53; mixed 50@51; Pennsylvania 50@53.

sylvania 50663.

NEW YORK, January 18—Flour, sou'hern moderately active but weak; common to fair extra \$3.75 (356.30); good to choice extra \$6.35(35.78.1).

Wheat feverish and unsettled, opening 1602e higher but afterwards became weak and lost 1/46 1/40 of the advance, closing unsettled; ungaded spring \$1.076 \$1.236(1.45. Corn 1/46.4c higher, closing very strong; No. 2 69.1/46.70/4. low mixed 77; No. 2 January 69.69.1/4; February 49.70/4. Oats a shade better and moderately active; No. 3 48; do. white 49.649/4; No. 2 February 49. Hoss firm with trade moderate; yearlings 126.22; New¶York 206.28

New York 20@28

ATLANTA, January 18—Flour—There is no quo table change in the market; we quote fancy \$8.00@ \$9.25; extra family \$8.00@\$8.25; family \$7.50@\$7.75. Wheat—Chicago—The market retained its firmness to-day and a further upward movement continued which placed quotations considerably head of yesterday's close. At the close to-day futures ruled frim with January \$1.29\(\frac{1}{2}\), February \$1.29\(\frac{1}{2}\), March \$1.39\(\frac{1}{2}\), Here is no demand for seed wheat. Corn—The market is nominally quiet; we quote white 95c; yellow 90c. Oats—Choice red rust proof seed 90c; firm: feed 55c; upward tendency. Meal—95c@\$1.00. Grits—\$5.50.

CHICAGO, January IS—Flour in good demand at

CHICAGO, January 18-Flour in good demand at CHICAGO, January 18—Flour in good demand at full prices; common to choice western spring \$4.50@ \$6.75; common to fancy Minnesota \$5.25@\$7.75; patents \$7.50@\$9.25; winter wheat flours, fair to choice \$6.50@\$5.00; fancy \$5.00; box grades \$3.00@\$5.00. Wheat active, firm and higher; No. 2 Chicago spring \$1.29½ cash and January; \$1.29½ February. Corn moderately active and higher; \$1.4@62½ cash; \$61½ January; \$1.29 February. Oats firmer; 43½ cash and January; 43% February. At the closing call wheat was easier but not quotably lower. Oats easier but not quotably lower.

ST. LOUIS, January 18—Flour dull: triple extra

not quotably lower.

ST. LOUIS, January 18—Flour dull; triple extra \$5.50@\$7.50; family \$6.15; choice to fancy \$6.45@\$7.10. Wheat strong and higher; No. 2 red fall \$1.41% cash; \$1.43% February. Corn active, firm and higher; 66% cash and January; 65% February. Oats higher; 46;cash; \$4% February.

LOUISVILLE, January 18—Flour quiet; extra \$5.00 @\$5.50; choice to fancy \$7.50@\$8.00. Wheat steady at \$1.37. Corn firm; No. 2 white 73%; do. mixed 67%. Oats firm; No, 2 white 50; do. mixed 48%.

NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Flour stronger; su-

NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Flour stronger; superfine \$4.50(\$4.75; double extra \$5.25@\$5.50; high grades \$9.25@\$7.75. Corn quiet; yellow \$1; white \$6. Oats scarce and firm; prime 57.

CINCINNATI, January 18—Flour easier; family \$6.25@36.50; fancy \$6.75@37.60. Wheat steady; No. 2 red winter \$1.40. Corn strong at 6.@65½. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 47½@48.

#### Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, January 18—Lime—Market firm but steady. In car-load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, \$1.00; less than car-loads \$1.10; Rosendale cement \$2.50 % bolt or 300% neat; Louisville cement, car-load lots \$1.75; less than car-load \$1.25@\$2.50; Portland cement, car-load 18.25@\$2.50; Portland cement, car-load 95.00; plaster-of-paris ("calcined,") car-load lots, \$2.50; in smaller quantities \$2,75@\$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer") car-load lots \$2.50 % bbl; less than car-load \$2.75@\$3.00; marble dust in lots \$3.00@\$4.00 % bbl.

ATLANTA, January 18—Paper—Trade active; prices steady. Manilla No. 2 10@12c B lb; No. 2 7½ asc B lb; No. 3 6½@7c B lb; good wrapping 4@6c B lb; straw 32.@3/2c B lb; burlap bags, 2 bushels, 8½@1½c; second-hand 5@7½c; bran bags 11½@14½c. ATLANTA January 18—Leather—Market active r manufactured goods. We quote leather as follows: emlock sole, best quality, 27@2: hemlock, G. D., @25; hemlock, P. D., 22@23; whiteoak sole 36@42;

arnes feather 30530.

ATLANTA, January 18 — Plastering Hair — Ac
ive; Georgia 20625c ♥ bushel; western 25630c;
aths, car-load, \$2.50 ₺ M; less quantities \$2.75 ₺ M.

NEW YORK, January 18—Wool rather quiet but delivery strong; domestic fleece 36,55; Texas 14,661. ATLANTA, January 18—Wool—In fair demand; washed 28,633; unwashed 20,623; burry 16,615.

ATLANTA, January 18-Tallow-5@6c; demand ATLANTA, January 18-Beans-None on market. ATLANTA, January 18—Bran—\$1.30; firm. ATLANTA, January 18—Hay—\$1.30@\$1.25.

### ATLANTA, January 18—Iron Ties—\$1.75. ATLANTA, January 18—Bagging—10c.

CHICAGO, January 18—Pork fairly active and a shade higher: \$17.20@\$17.25 cush and January; \$17.27½@\$17.20 February. Dressed hogs firm at 7.40. Lard fairly active and a shade higher: 10.50@11 og cash and January; 11.10 February. Bulk meats steady; shoulders 6.40; short ribs 8.85; short clear 9½. At the closing call pork was firmer but not quotably higher. Lard, demand fair with prices higher; 11.05@11.10 January; 11.10@11.12½ February. NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Pork, market bare. Lard quiet; refined, tierces, 11½; kegs 12. Bulk meats shoulders higher; loose 6½; packed 6.60@%; clear rib and long clear weak; packed 9.40@9.50; shortclear 9½@9½. Bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 8; clear ribs 10½@10½; long clear 16½; shortclear 10½. Sugar-cured hams firm; canvassed 11@12½.

12½.

NEW YORK, January 18—Pork rather more active and a shade higher, closing firm: old mess spot \$16.75@\$17.00: new \$17.62½@\$17.75; old mess January \$17.40@\$17.50. Middles quiet but very firmly held; long clear 9. Lard5@7½c higher and more active, closing dull and depressed at 11.2(@11.25; February 11.2 ½@11.25.

ILIVERPOOL, January 18—1:30 p. m.—Middling uplands 6%; middling orleans 6%; tutures dull but steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 18—3:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 6%; March and April delivery 6 27:2; June and July delivery 631-32

LIVERPOOL, January 18—5:00 p. m.—Sales of American 10,000 bales; uplands low middling clause March and April delivery 6 13-16; June and July delivery 6 15-16; futures closed dull and easier.

NEW YORK, January 18—6:000 p. m.—Sales of Sr. LOUIS, January 18—106, Eurk mears active and firm: shoulders 6; clear ribs 8:90: clear sides 9:15. Bacon: firmer; shoulders 7½; clear ribs 10; clear ribs 20; clear ribs 10; clear ribs 20; clear rib

NEW YORK, January 18—Cotton quiet and steady; cinclinnatt, January 18—Pork firmer at \$17.50 middling uplands 12; middling orleans 125-16; sales 386 bales; net receipts 1,527; gross 1,477; consolidated mean stronger; shoulders 63/466/4; clear ribs 8.80@4

Baccn in good demand; shoulders 7½; clear ribs 10; clear sides 10½.

BALTIMORE, January, 18—Provisions firm; mess pork \$18.25. Bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 7½65%. Bacon, shoulders 8½; clear rib sides 10½; hams, 12½613½. Lard, refined, 12½.

fined, 12%.

LOUISVILLE, January 18—Pork steady at \$18.50.

Lard nominal. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 6½.

clear ribs 8.9 ; clear sides 9½. Sagar-cured hams 12½.

Sugar-cured hams 12½.

Crocertes

ATLANTA, January 13 — Market quiet at quotations. Coffee — Steady; Rio 10½@15. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 25@30; best Rio 20; choicels. Sugars—Standard A 10½; granulated 11; cut oaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 10½; yellow C 9½@2½; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses — Black strap 30, Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 3:@60; Japan 46@51.00; Imperial and gunpowder 4: @50; Young Hyson 27@75; English breakfast 35@75 Pepper quiet at 18; allspice, best sfited, 20; china mon 30; salgon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace \$1.25; nutnegs \$1.20@\$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18@25. Crackers — Firm; we quote milk 90; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 90; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c; cream 90; lemon 100; moasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 100. Candy — Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—Firm; No. 2 bbls \$9.00; ½ bbls \$5.00; kits 85; No. 1 \$12.00; ½ bbls \$5.00; kits 85; No. 1 \$12.00; ½ bbls \$5.00; kits 81.0. Soda, in kegs, \$4.00@\$4.50; in oxes, \$c. Rice—Stady; choice 8c; prime 7½c; fair 7c

nair 7c

NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Coffee quiet but firm; Rio \$\frac{3}{4}\text{@}:13\frac{1}{4}\$. Sugar quiet and weak; common to good common 6\frac{3}{4}\text{@}:8\frac{1}{4}\$; prime to choice 7\frac{1}{4}\text{@}:8\frac{1}{4}\$. Molasses in good demand at full prices: common 40\text{@}:3\text{?}; prime to choice 53\text{@}:61\$. Rice steady with a good demand; Louisiana ordinary to choice 5\text{@}:7\text{?}.

NEW YORK, January 18—Coffee dull and heavy; Rio 8½610½. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 7½67½; refued fairly active; standard A 8½6. Molasses, foreign dull and nominal; New Orleans firm and in fairinquiry at 75@63. Rice steady and fairly active; Carolina and Louisiana 5½67½. BALTIMORE, January 18—Coffee dull; Riocar-goes, ordinary to fair 8% 4010. Sugar quiet; A

CINCINNATI, January 18-Sugar firm; haids 97/8 @101/4; New Orleans 63/4@8.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, January 18— Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.40; rye, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium \$1.50@\$2.00; runn rectified \$1.25@\$1.75; New England \$1.50@\$2.50; st. Croix \$4.00; Jaimaca \$3.50@\$4.50; gin, domestic \$1.50@\$2.50; imported \$3.00@\$4.50; gin, domestic \$1.50@\$2.50; imported \$5.00@\$8.50; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, \$1.75; apple and peach brandy \$2.00@\$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy \$1.00@\$1.50; port wine \$1.50@\$6.00, owing traualty; sherry \$1.50@\$6.00; catawba \$1.25@\$1.75; scupp\_rnong \$1.00@\$1.25.

CINCINNATI, January 18—Whisky quiet at \$1.16; combination sales of finished goods of 400 barrels on a basis of \$1.16.

NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Whisky steady; Wines, Liquors, Etc.

NEW ORLEANS, January 18—Whisky steady; western rectified \$1.00@\$1.16.

LOUISVILLE, January 18 - Whisky steady at \$1.16. BALTIMORE, January 13-Whisky easier at \$1.17. ST. LOUIS, January 18 - Whisky steady at \$1.17. CHICAGO, January 18-Whisky steady at \$1.18.

Dry Goods	
ATLANTA, January 18-Trade is ve	ry dull, and
there is nothing in sight at present whi	
any improvement. Prices remain unch	
quote:	mileta.
Solid prints	6
Fancy, new designs	5
Fine brown shirting	
34 brown shirting, standard	51/00 0
brown shirting, standard	617 (012
4-4 brown sheeting, standard	072(413
% brown drills, standard	172
3 blooded	0
bleached	5 @ 9
% bleached4-4 bleached	0/2
4-4 bleached	9/3/012/3
6-oz. white osnaburgs	8/20 9/2
8-oz. white osnaburgs	1072
Southern cotton plaids and stripes	2/200
Camprics	0/900 1
Ticks, mattress	
Ticks, feather	
Yarns	90

Drugs Paints, Oils and Glass.

ATLANTA, January 18—The market is quiet and steady, and no change occurred to-day. Indigo, best, 75@90; madder 14@15; Epsom salts 3@4e; bluestone 8@9c; alum 4@5c; cochineal 90e; magnesia carb. 35@45; for, sulphur 4½@6; roll salphur 3½@4; camphor 40@45; coppens 1½@2; asafætida 35; opium, gum. 84.50@85.00; quimine 82.10@82.25; calo. mel 75c@81.00; blue mass 75; morphine 84.00; chlo roform 81.10@1.25. Kerosene oili n bbls. 15e; castor oil 81.40@81.50 gal; linseed oil, raw, 70@75; boiled 70; lard oil 90@81.25; owing to quantity; sweet oil \$1.00 @3.50; tanner's oil 60@70; lubricating oil 25@40; turpentine 60. White lead 7@8½; furniture varnish \$1.25@81.50; coach arnish \$1.75@38.50; furniture glue 18@25; white 30@40; concentrated 1ye \$3.00@82.00 gallon; axle greuse 75@81.00 dozen. Glas 8x10 \$7.00; 10x12 \$7.00; 10x Drugs Paints, Oils and Glass

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, January 18 — The market is well stocked. Apples—Choice eastern \$5.00. Lemons—\$4.50@\$5.00 @box. Oranges—\$6.00@\$7.00 @boi; \$3.00 @\$5.50 @box. Cocoanuts—\$5.50@100. Pineapples—None. Bananas—\$1.00@\$2.50 @bunch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins, new Boox \$3.00; new London \$3.25; ½ box \$1.75; ½ box 90c. Currants 7½@8c. Cranberries—None. California Pears—\$6.00@\$7.00 @bbil. Citron—26@28c. Almonds—22@2ic. Pecans—16c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Owing to the short crop of last year and the speculation now on foot, prices have advanced and the market is held firm; Tennessee 7c; North Carolina 7c; Virginia 10c; roasted 1½@c lb extra.

Tobacco

ATLANTA, January 18—There is not much chang in the market in the way of quotations, though business, as is generally the case at this season, is extremely quiet; we quote the market as follows: lowest grades 40; medium 42@50; extra medium 52@58; fine 11 and 12:inch 55@65; extra fine and fancy 75@80; Stultz AAA\$1.00; natural leaf 95; Calhoun \$1.15; Cook's extra [90; Cook's extra fige 90; Cook's extra feather wood 90; Lucy Hinton 58; Lucy Lawson 52; shell-road 55; fine-cut pails 70@85. Smoking Tobacco—Blackwell's Durhatm, assorted, 55; other brands and grades 40@50. Snuff—Lorillard's in jars 62; 2-oz. packages \$11.70 \ \text{ gross}; Railroad Mills in jars 55; \text{ Variation of the control of Tobacc

#### Hardware.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, January 18—The market remains firm and fairly active. We quote as follows: Horse-shoes \$4.75; mule \$5.75; Horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames \$5.00@85.50. Tracechains \$10.50. Ames' shovels \$10.50. Haiman's plow-stocks \$1.75. Spades \$10.50@813.00. Axes \$8.00@810.00@dcz. Cotton cards \$5.00. Well-buckets \$4.50. Cotton rope 18. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchantbar) 3½ rate. Plow steel 5c; cast-steel 15c. Nails, \$3.50 rate; firm and in active demand. Glidden bareed wire, galvanized, \$3.00 in the product of the steel \$6.00 in the steel \$

ATLANTA, January 18—Wool—In fair demand; washed 28@33; unwashed 20@23; burry 10@15.

NEW YORK, January 18—Rosin firm at \$2.35@\$240. Turpentine stronger at 55%.

ATLANTA, January 18—Salt—Ground Liverpool \$1.10; Virginia \$1.10@31.25.

ATLANTA, January 18—Barley—\$1.75@\$1.80; in good demand. Jerseed Poultry Chickens & (Italian and Chickens & (I Country Produce

Live Stock
CINCINNATI, January 18—Hogs firm; common and light \$5.25@\$6.50; packing and butchers \$6.45 (@\$6.90)

ROME RAILROAD CO. OF GEORGIA OFFICE OF GENERAL FREIGHT

#### AND PASSENGER AGENT, ROME, GA., January 5, 1882 Change in Schedule,

COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1882, the trains over Rome Railroad will connect at Kingston with trains leaving Atlanta at 5:10 a.m. and 2:50 p.m., arriving in Rome at 9:05 a.m. and 5:50 p.m., General Passenger Agent.

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1,000 Tons Kainit or German Potash Salts. 1,000 Tons Dissolved Bone Phosphate. 2,000 Tons Acid Phosphate jan17—d2w tnes thur sat

jan17—d2w tues thur sat

Georgia, Fulton County—Fred, Krogg versus L.

Sturgis et ak—Bill etc., in Supe.ior Court of
Fulton County, Fall Term, 1881—To W. P.
Orme, Octavus Defendaffer and Simon J. Kamp.

You Are Herkeby ReQUIRED, Personal.

Ly or by attorney, to be and appear at the
Superior Court, to be held in and for said county,
on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in
March next, then and there to answer the plaintiff's
bill, as in default thereof said Court will proceed as
to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Honorable George Hillyer, Judge of
said Court, this 31st day of October, 1881.

C. H. STRONG, Clerk.

A. A. MANNING, Plaintin's Attorney, jan3—dlam4m jan3 feb2 mar3 apr2



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daily size. The actual circulation for the past year

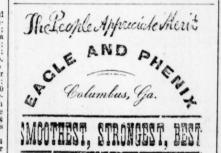
Daily, : : : : 7,037,604 Weekly, 3,498,154 This gives for each day in the year the fol-

Copies of the Daily edition, 126,841 Copies of the Sunday edition, 135,339 Copies of the Weekly edition, 67,273

The Sun has advertising space to sell. In the Daily and Sunday editions its price for ordinary advertisements is 40 cents per agate line. Preferred positions and displayed mat-ter from 50 cents to \$2.50 per line. In the Weekly 50 cents an agate line of space; no extra charge for display. Preferred positions 75 cents to \$2 per line

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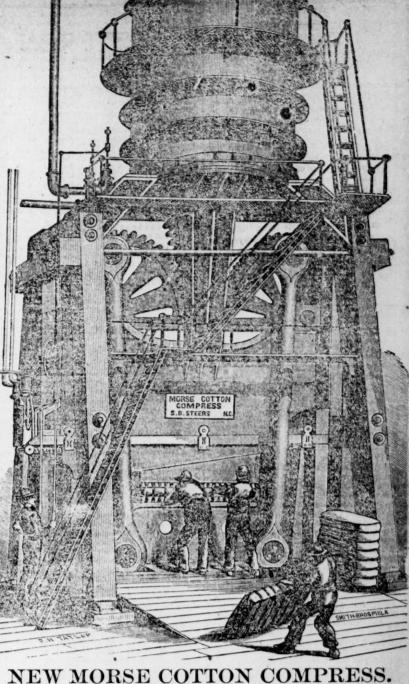
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COTTON COMPRES

#### NEW MORSE COTTON COMPRESS. The Largest and Most Powerful Compress on the Earth.

THIRTY-FIVE have been built and erected n our years; and for this period twice as many as all other Compresses, and in the last two years five times as many as all others combined in the United States, making the investment in the Morse Fress over one million dollars in four years. 400,000 pounds of material are required for a single Compress, and only iron is used of the highest known grade' Their immense weight, strength and durability, make them in the end, the cheapest Compress in use, and the only one to meet the-commercial demands of the present and future. Several of those firs built have now compressed from 400,600 to 500,000 bales cotton, without defect or perceptible wear. The have secured a density (measured in the press) of 75 pounds to the cubic foot.

A FEW CHIEF MERITS.

1. It is, in all respects, simplest in construction, and least liable to disorder or breakage.

2. It is a steam power, and works faster than any of the hydraulic presses and has no packings to give out, when delays would be ruinous.

3. It has fewer points in motion, and consequently less wear and friction than any other compress.

4. Its wedge-shaped rack and cycloidal sectors secure a PROGRESSIVE leverage, nicely adjusted to overcome the increasing density of the bale, as the platen is brought home.

5. Its superior power has reduced freight to a minimum, and wherever located, has made the business of compress wonderfully successful, and at many interior points has doubled the receipts of cotton. New Orleans alone has nine of these mammoth presses: Memphis, three; Houston, three; Norfolk, three; others at Mobile. Galveston, Brenham, Dallas, Fort Worth, Paris, Jefferson, Shreveport, Little Rock, Vicksburg, Meridian, Columbus, (Miss.,) Selma, Wilminton, West Point, Va., Rome and St. Louis, and one may be seen daily at workin this city, (Atlanta.) For descriptive circulars and particulars address.

S. B. STEERS, Sole Proprietor, New Orleans, Or the Builders-READING IRON WORKS, Philadelphia; FULTON IRON WORKS, St Louis. Cut this out for future reference. nov12-d2m sat tues thur not in sup

SEWING MACHINES.

THESIMPLEST LATEST IMPROVED AND MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES, 'S THE

LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME.



200 000 SOLD YEARLY Parties visiting this city during the Great EXPOSITION are cordially invited to call

at our office and inspect THE NEW HOME. Comparison with other machines snlicited.

JOHNSON CLARK & Co., 25 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

H. C. PEEPLES, Manager.

VICTOR

EF-SEND FOR CIRCULARS. TA Victor Sewing Machine Co., MIDDLETOWN, CONN. Southern Office No.8 N. Charles st., Baltimore, Md dect6 d&w3m

FOR SALE.

A LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, STOCK AND Vehicles, all in good order-corn, hay and fodder to last six months. This is the only stable between Dalton and Cardersville. A business that pays well, and will be sold at a bargain.

Address

JAMES M. HARLAN, jan5 dlm

Calhoun, Ga.

With a Lifting Power of 3000 Tons.

STEAMSHIP LINE.

SPEED, COMFORT ENJOYMENT.

FAVORITE ROUTE FOR PASSENGERS. Merchants and Miners Transportation Company.

more and Savannah.
First-class
steamships, fast,
safe, reliable

and comfortable.

Leave Baltimore for Savannah, every Wednesday and Saturday.

Leave Savannah for Baltimore, every Tuesday and Friday.

Two hundred miles of sea travel saved by taking this route.

The trip on the magnificent Chesapeake bay, the rival in beauty and grandeur of the far famed bay of Naples, is rendered interesting and enjoyable by the superb scenery, and numerous points of prominence. Passago—' abin \$15,00, including meals and staterooms. Second cabin, \$12,50, including meals and
state rooms. ROUN: 21klP, \$25.00.
Freight as low as by any other route.
For further information, apply to
JAMES B. WEST & CO.,
64jan1 1m 114 Bay street, Savannah, Ga.

### SEALEDPROPOSALS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED Will BE RECEIVED IT THE CAPPING Stones, until 5 p.m., 23d January, 1882. Bids are to be addressed to the Commissioners of Streets and Sewers and left at the City Engineer's office, where specifications can be seen. The right is reserved to reject

W. H. VENABLE, JOHN BEKKELE, M. E. MAHER,

COAL, COAL.

I AM OFFERING HARD COAL—THE FREE-burning White Ash. Egg—from Pennsylvaniamines, at \$8.50 per ton in car load lots, delivered in Atlanta. Send your orders at once to

JESSE WILDER,

Brunswick. Ga.

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN Portrait and Landscape Painter, Has Removed His Studio to

No. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his works of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.

The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. An Savoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscap dainting.

JOHN S. JAMES & CO COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS, 16 BROAD ST., NEW YORK. JOHN S. JAMES, Member N. Y. Stock Exchange, WARREN T. JAMES.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin. Refers to John H. James, Atlanta, Ga. nov12-d2w&then d 214 m sat tues than

KING HOUSE, STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.1 J. T. MEADOR, Propr

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FROM OUR REPORTEPS' POCKET CAMERAS.

erday in the City-What was Done and Said by Town as Taken on the Fly--In and about the Courts and Departments.

The property-holders on Peachtree street are requested to meet to-day at 12 m. at the Young Men's Library for the purpose of considering the question of paving the streets under the new law.

FURNISHING TO MINORS.—To-day Judge Butt will have Wesley Scanderick before him for a preliminary trial on a charge of furnishing distilled spirits to minors. The exact hour for the trial has not been fixed.

SET AT LIBERTY.—George Wilson and William Haskins were before Justice Pitchford yesterday for a preliminary trial for larceny. The evidence was not strong enough to convict them and they were set at liberty.

In Chambers.—In chambers yesterday Judge Hillyer heard an injunction case from Clayton county, McElroy et al. vs. Chambers et al. executors. The injunction was refused. Chambers court will be held again Friday.

Dead,—Mr. R. P. Jackson, well known in Atlanta by his connection with the mail ser-vice, died yesterday in this city after a lingering illness. Mr. Jackson's death will be the source of great sorrow to many Atlantians.

A Modest Request .- Atlanta, January 2.—Editors Constitution: Will not our city fathers see to having a crossing made in front of Fair street school, and thus protect the health of the children who cross there daily?

FOR RIOT.—Babe Moore, colored, was before

negro dray driver with instructions to bring the trunk to a house on Baker street where she is stopping, but up to dark last night neither the trunk or the drayman had made

A LUNATIC. - A Rabun county official pass A LUNATIC.—A Rabun county official passed through the city yesterday en route to
Milledgeville. With him there was an aged
white man whose name is John Jackson and
who is a raving maniac. The old man imagines that he is engaged in a hand to hand
fight with the devil, and the manner in which
he twists and turns his body in his frantic
efforts to evade his imaginary foe arouses the
sympathy of all who see him.

STUCK IN THE MUD.-Yesterday as a Broad street cotton dealer was passing along East Mitchell street, he found two small children, a boy and a girl.aged five and six years, standing in the middle of the street crying. Inquiry soon developed the fact that they were both fast in the mud, and it was not until the cotton dealer had waded almost knee deep in mud to their aid, that they were extricated from their disagreeable situation. In pulling from their disagreeable situation. In pulling the little girl from the mud one of her shoes was left buried.

Subspicion.—A few evenings ago a fine gold watch and chain and a handsome diamond pin were stolen from a colored man at his home. on Peters street. Soon after the theft was committed the police were notified and a search for the missing property begun. Yesterday evening officers Speer and Crim succeeded in securing a trace of the missing jewelry, which resulted in the arrest of a negro man named J. R. Mitchem. The darkey who lost the property was made to confront Mitchem and is certain that he is the person who robbed him.

A Bold Robbery.-Yesterday evening A BOLD ROBBERY.—Yesterday evening a bold robbery occurred on Wheat street. A Mrs. Jackson had been up town and about dark started home. Just as she reached her gate some one grabbed her from behind, and before she could call for help snatched her pocketbook from her hand and made off. Mrs. Jackson, though terribly frightened by the robbery, says she would know the robber if he were brought before her. She describes him he were brought before her. She describes him he were brought before her. She describes him as being a short, heavy set black negro about twenty years of age. Mrs. Jackson also 'says that she remembers seeing the same negro near the Kimball house and again near the junction of Pryor and Wheat streets.

THEY SAY-That the last two failures reted from Hampton make seven lately for that place.

That there is some mud on the back streets. That the trade in dry goods is being damaged on account of the fact that the mud keeps the ladies off the streets. That the exposition was lucky to escape all

That a large force of laborers passed through the city yesterday en route to the Georgia Pacific railroad camps.

That Colonel Ben Lockett is erecting a fine

convict stockade near the river. LIBRARY DOTS.—Strangers are cordially invited to visit the rooms of the Young Men's library, where the leading newspapers and magazines can be seen at all times.

The board of directors will meet on Wednesday, the 18th instant, at 7:30 p.m., for the purpose of electing life members and to transact other important business. A full attend-

The city council would receive the thanks if 850 members of the library if they would place a crossing in front of the building, on Decatur street.

Librarian Billups desires us to say to the ladies that they are welcome to the use of the parlors at any time for the purpose of holding their society meetings.

Last Saturday was a bright day and the ladies turned out in force. One hundred and forty-seven books were issued. The total number of visitors was 401.

Join the library. The initiation fee is two dollars and the dues are four dollars a year.

Mr. SCARRATT AND THE BROAD WILL CASE. MR. SCARRATT AND THE BROAD WILL CASE.

In reporting the Broad will case, in our issue of the 14th of December, Mr. Small, who was at that time reporting for The Constitution, jans—385 dlaw 4w JEWELRY.

# STILSON, JEWELER,

RELIABLE GOODS AND BOTTOM PRICES.

1459 oct30—d6m top 7thp ux tin tp

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

Rheumatism Teuralgia

Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side.

There is nothing more painful than these diseases; but the pain can be removed and the disease cured by use of PERRY DAVIS PAIN KILLER.

This remedy is not a cheap Benzine or Petroleum product that must be kept away from fire or heat to avoid danger of explosion, nor is it an untried experiment that may do more harm than good.

more harm than good.

PAIN KILLER has been in constant use for forty years, and the universal testimony from all parts of the world is, IT NEVER FAILS. It not only effects a permanent cure, but it relieves pain almost instantaneously. Being a purely vegetable remedy, it is safe in the hands of the most inexperienced.

The record of cures by the use of PAIN KILLER would fill volumes. The following extracts from letters received show what those who have tried it think:

G. H. Walworth, Saco, Me., writes:

I experienced immediate relief from pain in
the side by the use of your PAIN KILLER. Edgar Cady, Owatonna, Minn., says:

About a year since my wife became subject
to severe suffering from rheumatism. Our
resort was to the Pain Killes, which speedily
relieved her. the side by the use or you.

E. York says:
I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism,
and have received great benefit.

reneved her.

Charles Powell writes from the Sailors'
Home, London:
I had been afflicted three years with neuralgia
and violent spasms of the stomach. The doctors
at Westminst'r Hospital gave up my case in
despair. I tried your PAIN KILLER, and it gave
me immediate relief. I have regained my
strength, and am now able to follow my usual
occupation.

I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism, and have received great benefit.

Barton Seaman says:

Have used PAIN KILLER for thirty years, and have found it a never-failing remedy for rheumatism and lameness.

Mr. Burditt writes:

Itaner fails to give relief in cases of theumatism.

Phil. Gilbert, Somerset, Pa., writes:

From actual use, I know your PAIN KILLER is the best medicine I can get. All druggists keep PAIN KILLER. Its price is so low that it is within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctors' bills. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 a bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON. Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

U S. STANDARD SCALES!

CHICAGO SCALE CO., 147, 149 and 151 Jefferson Street, Chicago

MANUFACTURE

MORE THAN 300 DIFFERENT VARIETIES

Buy the Best Quality at Lowest Prices.

A true extract from the minutes. dec29 law5w thur C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

MUSICAL.

MRS. MARY MADDEN

WILL BE AT HER MUSIC ROOMS, 161
Whitehall street, on Tuesday, Wednesday,
Friday and Saturday of every week, from 12 m. until 2 p.m., for the purpose of receiving pupils and
making business engagements.
jaul2-dtil fabl4

WANTED - MANUFACTURING CONCERN wants a business man in Atlanta, and in every city (not already taken.) A few hundred dol-

lars necessary to pay for goods on delivery after or-ders have been secured for the same; \$150 per month

profit guaranteed. The most searching investiga-tion solicited. A. S. ARNOLD & CO., 1293 Broad-

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

A GENERAL MEETING O THE STOCKHOLD-ers of the Hartwell Railroad Company will be held in Hartwell, Georgia, at noon on the twenty-first day of this month, for the purpose of electing new officers, jan 12 td W. R. STEPHENSON, Secretary.

Morton's Saponaceous Ointment, Prepared by W. T. Morton, West Point, Ga. CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES ARISING FROM

CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES ARISING FROM impurities of the blood, such as tetter, ringworm, scald-head, saltheum, erysipelas, pimples or blotches on the skin chapped hands, syphilis and piles, burns, scalds, fever, sores and neuralgia. Removes dandruff from the scalp. No article has ever been discovered that leaves the skin so soft and white, or cures burns or scalds so quickly, as the Saponaceous Ointment.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 31, 1881.

This is to certify that we were relieved of rheumatic pains by one application of Morton's Saponaceous Ointment and rheumatic compound combined. G. W. Hill. Britton Waters, at John M. Hill & Co., 16 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga.; Samuel Prioleau, of the firm of John M. Hill & Co., Atlanta, Georgia.

deco., to became street, Albaba, et al. Samuel Prioleau, of the firm of John M. Hill & Co., Atlanta,
Georgia.

I take pleasure in stating that I was relieved of
severe pains in neck, by W. T. Morton's Saponaceous Ointment and Rheumatic compound.
December 31st, 1881.

E. T. ENGLAND,
This certifies that I have known W. T. Morton and
known of his compounds for several years in his
immediate community, and his remedies are there
considered as a household necessity.

Wat. M. TAYLOR,
with the firm of M. J. Taylor & Co.
Atlanta, Ga., January 2d, 1882.

Morton's Relief is good for toothache, cramps,
chills, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, running
off at the bowels, etc. It is very stimulating. Every
bottle certifies itself! For sale by all druggists.
Circulars sent on application. For sale by Lamar,
Rankin & Lamar, Walter Taylor, Dr. Bradfield, and
other druggists.

jan13 6t

way, New York.

FOR RIGIA.—Babe Moore, colored, was before Justice Pitchford yesterday on a charge of riot. Fred Mitchell and Babe Moore indulged in a big row Christmas, and it was this little event that formed the basis for the warrant. He was bound over.

A Seizure in the Mountains.—On the 16th Deputy Revenue Collector Shepard seized two distilleries in Pickens county. One belonged to a man named Carter and the other was owned by a man named Finch. The officer also destroyed 500 gallons of beer.

For Burglary.—William M. Scott, charged with burglarizing the house of Dr. Curtis, Monday morning, was before Judge Butt yesterday for a preliminary hearing. He was required to give bond for his appearance at a court of final trial.

Mr. and Mrs. Ollie C. Fuller are spending a few days at Jacksonville, Fla. They will make a run up the St. John's river and back, and sail from Fernandina on the 25th for Cuba via Nassau. They expect to spend a week at Nassau and two weeks at Haavana and other points of interest in Cuba.

Released.—Yesterday's issue of The Constitution—William that the following latter with instructions to bring the officers at the station house that he was not Carter, the Florida assassin, for whom there is a reward of \$1.000. After daylight the arrest of one Allen, who was supposed to be Carter, the Florida assassin, for whom there is a reward of \$1.000. After daylight the arrest of one Allen, who was supposed to be Carter, the Florida assassin, for whom there is a reward of \$1.000. After daylight the arrest of one Allen, who was supposed to be Carter, the Florida assassin, for whom there is a reward of \$1.000. After daylight the arrest of one Allen, who was supposed to be Carter, the Florida by the reported the case as an item of news. The will was probated, and mr. Scarratt claims the right to be heard in reply to Colonel Hoge's statement, and week at hanna and thow preached the city night before last, gave the check for her trunk to a house on Baker street wheres he is topping, but up to dark last night to be forme

The Courts. SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA. ATLANTA, Ga., January 18, 1882. Atlanta circuit.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT. No. 8. Turner, administrator, vs. Tubbersina. Ejectment, from Clayton. Argued. Wm, Ezzard, for plaintiff in error. S. L. Bla-lock; J. T. Spence; Jno. I. Hall, for de-fendant.

9. Cox vs. Potts. Illegality, from De-Kalb. Argued. Candler & Thompson, for plaintiff in error. L. J. Winn; for

defendant. defendant.

No. 10. Tarver vs. Tarver, et al. Equity, from DeKalb. Dismissed.

No. 11. Gordon vs. Mitchell. Complaint, from DeKalb. Van Epps & Calhoun, for plaintiffs in error. Candler & Thompson, for defendant.

Pending motion to dismiss, court adjourn.

Pending motion to dismiss, court adjourn

ed until 9:30 a.m. to-morrow. Drovers, Attention.—In bringing mules and horses south, remember that Jere Hollis, corner Fourth and Poplar streets, Macon, Ga., has just completed his stables, and the accommodations are made with a special view to drovers. The lot and stables are pronounced by the oldest drummers to be the best adapted for the purpose of any stable in the city. Charges moderate, and every assistance rendered cheerfully in disposing of the city. Charges moderate, and every assistance rendered cheerfully in disposing of

MANY MULES .- There are five hundred fine mules at Frank Redd's livery stable for sale The mules are fine large ones, and are selling rapidly at good prices.

DIAMOND SPECTACLES.



These Spectacles are manufactured from "MIN UTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES" melted together and are called DIAMOND on account of their harduss and brilliancy.

Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent less heated rays than any other pebble.

They are ground with great scientific accuracy, are free from chromatic aberrations, and produce a brightness and distinctness of vision not before attained in spectacles.

brightness and distinctness of vision not before attained in spectacles.

Manufactured by the Spencer Optical Manufacturit g company, New York. For sale by responsible agents in every city of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., jewelers and opticians, are sole agents for Atlanta, Georgia, from whom they can only be obtained. No peddlers employed.

Do not buy a pair unless you see the trade mark elluloid Eye Glasses a specialty.

rebig div sat waddewly now

CUARDIAN'S SALE—WITHIN THE LEGAL
Thours of sale on the first Tuesday in February
next before the Court-house door in Atlanta, Fultion county, Georgia, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, two city lots, numbers thirty-two (32)
and thirty-three (33), each fronting fitty-two and a
half (52½) feet, more or kes, on McDaniel streetand
running back one hundred (100) feet, more or less,
east to city lots (31) thirty-one and thirty-four (34)
of the same subdivision, being part of the subdivision of the John A. Doake property in the second
ward of the city of Atlanta, and in land lot eightysix (85) of said county of Fulton. Sold under authority of an order of the Court of Ordinary of
Floyd county, Georgia, as the property of Una S.
and Rollie C. Hammond, minors of said Floyd
county, for the purpose of reinvestment.

Guardian of Una S. and Rollie C. Hammond.
Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 3, 1882. jan3-dlaww tues

C EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Silvey, late of
said county, deceased, represents that she has fully
discharged her trust, and prays for letters of dismission. All persons concerned are herey notified
to file their objections, it any exist, on or before the
first Monday in March, 1882, else letters of dismision will be granted the applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

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292 nov6—1aw3m

EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

General and Follows

office, January 7, 1882.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that information has been filed in this office that James Holley, late of said county, departed this life intestate, and no person has applied for administration on his estate and that administration will be vested in the clerk of the superior court, or some other fit and proper person, after the publication of this citation unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS, ETC.

# "A BONANZA FOR ALL."

# JOHN RYAN

Will make things livey this week in his

# SHOE DEPARTME

Immense stock, grand assortment of the well known makes and marvelously low prices. See the following and gather therefrom that great information desired by all, namely,

## WHERE BUY BEST & CHEAPEST GOODS

800 pairs Men's Kip Boots from \$2 upwards. 500 pairs Men's French Kip Boots at \$3, worth \$5. Men's best French Calf N. O. box and plain toe Boots only \$3 50, worth \$6. Men's handsewed Congress at \$4.75, worth \$7. Men's French Calf Congress Button or Buckle, all styles, at \$350, worth \$5 1,200 pairs of Men's Shoes, different styles on Bargain Counter, at \$1.25. 609 pairs Men's Shoes, Congress and Buckle at \$1.50,

700 pairs Men's fine Shoes, Congress, Button and Bals., at \$2, Bargain Counter. 2,610 pairs Ladies fine Kid and Goat Button Shoes at \$2, worth \$3, 1,270 Ladies extra fine Kid Button Shoes at \$3, worth \$5. 765 Ladies Goat Button Shoes reduced to \$1.25. 642 pairs Misses Goat front lace Shoes reduced to \$1--EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. 1,350 pairs Misses Kid Button Shoes at \$1.25, worth \$2. 2,341 Child's Goat and Kid Button Shoes at \$1, worth \$1.50. Men's Slippers reduced to nearly

# LF PRICE

Never since Atlanta has been a city has such remarkable bargains in the Shoe line been offered Don't think of buying a single pair of

# BOOTS, SHOES OR RUBBERS

Georgia, Fulton county—To the superior court of said county.

THE PETITION OF JOHN'S, WISE, FRANK T. Ryan and Charles W. Johnson, and such other persons as they may associate with them and their successors and assigns, show that they wish to be incorporated under the name and style of the Fulton water works and railway company.

The object of said association is to furnish a supply of water in and for the city of Atlanta, and to such persons outside said city as may desire the same, and furnish transportation to passengers, and carry freight to and from the city of Atlanta, to the point where said water works are located, under laws of Georgia, with the privilege of constructing a water works system from same point to be selected by them, of purchasing and holding property for the purpose of carrying on said business of building and using a railroad track either for horse or steam power, and along the water main from the point where said water works may be located, to said city of Atlanta, together with all the rights and privileges, appertaining or belonging to such corporations, or necessary to the carrying on of their work. The capital stock of said company to be five hundred thousand dollars, with the power to increase the same when necessary, for the purpose of carrying on said work. The place of doing business to be in the county of Fulton. The time twenty years, with power of renewal at expiration of said time.

A. A. MANNING.

Petitioners Attorney. until you examine this stock. The stock of Shoes is by far the largest and best assorted in the south, contains nearly all the celebrated makes at prices that would seem ridiculously low in the eyes of any shoe dealer.

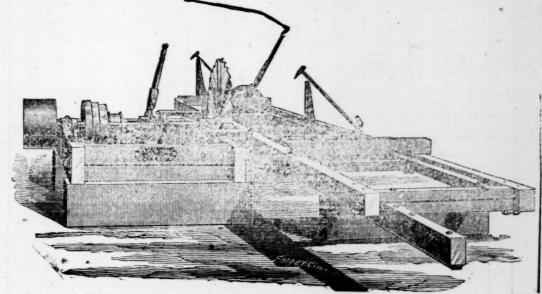
Bear in mind that Shoes kept in this store are not such as are usually sold in Dry Goods stores. No shoddy or imperfect Shoes kept-nothing but first-class, good reliable goods at

JOHN RYAN'S,

61 WHITEHALL, AND 66, 68 AND 70 BROAD STREETS.

MILLS, STEAM ENGINES. ETC.

# E. VAN WINKLE & CO.



MEANS'S HIGH SCHOOL, 76 NORTH FORSYTH Street, Atlanta, Ga. Exercises will be resumed January 2d, 1882, and continue 24 weeks. No attempt is made to popularize the school by advancing pupils more rapidly than is consistent with thoroughness. But every student receives individual attention and is promoted according to his acquirements. Our course of instruction is so arranged that the mind may be developed systematically and successfully by mastering those studies first which are simplest and leaving the more abstract and difficult till later. Mathematics, English composition and penmanship receive special attention. French is taught oy a native of France and a graduate of the university of Paris. Much care has been taken to secure the greatest possible proficiency in every branch of instruction. It is our purpose to let nothing that the teacher can do for the good of his pupil go undone. Pupils are prepared for junlor class of any college in the state. There is also a special course for young men who wish a business education.

For Catalogue address

T. Æ MEANS

CAPTAIN C L. FLOYD.

PROF CHARLES F. GAILMARD FOR SALE---LEVER HEAD BLOCK MILLS, Simple, Accurate and Strong. For Prices and Terms address

E. VAN WINKLE & CO.,

Manufacturers, ATLANTA, GRORGIA. Also, 8, 10, 12 and 15-Horse Power Engines, Mounted and Stationary.

THE OLDEST AND BEST IN AMERICA.

CORTICELLI

for hand or machine use. Ask for it and see that you get it.

FLORENCE

FOR ART DESIGNS IN OUTLINE. FLORENCE KNITTING FOR GLOVES, STOCKINGS, WRISTERS AND EDGINGS.

ANGILLUSTRATED 32 PAGE PAMPHLET, "HOW TO USE PLORENCE KNITTING SILK," SUN - 10 ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF A 3 CENT STAMP.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS. NONOTUCK SILK COMPANY

SOLE MANUFACTURERS. SALESROOMS, 88 WEST THIRD STREET, CINCINNATI.

EDISTO PHOSPHATE CO.,

CHARLESTON, S. C..

J. E. B. SLOAN, GENERAL AGENT. MANUFACTURERS OF FERTILIZERS, HAVE on hand a large lot of high grade Acid Phos-phate, which they will sell cheap for prompt schip-ent. Importers of German Kainit, anio dim—tues thur ast REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

RESIDENCES IN ATLANTA, ANY SIZE AND LOCATION. PARMS NEAR ATLANTA AND IN ANY PORTION OF GEORGIA. MILLS NEAR ATLANTA. VACANT LAND IN AND NEAR ATLANTA

FRIERSON & LEAK,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, 33 MARIETTA STREET

AGENTS BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

#### CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

Does the water in your town or city need Filtering? If so, go at once to McBride & Co's and secure right to manufacture the "GateCity Stone Water . liter." Without a doubt it is the best Filterer in the world. Every Druggist and Liquor Dealer must have one. jan 16dlyabove we re top col

#### COTTON AND WEATHER. Con row, middling uplands closed in Liverpool

yesterday, at 63/d; in New York, at 12e; in Atlanta at 111/4c. Weather.
The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for

Georgia to-day, light rain and partly cloudy weather; winds mostly from east to south, with

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, January 18, 10:31, P. M. [All observations taken at the same moment of

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.		WYN	ND.	Rainfall.	Weather
			Dew Point.	Direction	Force.		
Atlanta	30.09	49	49	N.	Gent.	.45	Lt. rain.
Augusta	30.13	53		E.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
Palestine	30,24	37	29	N. W.	Light	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.18	44	42	N.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
Indianola							
Key West	30.18	75		E.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Mobile	30.09	68		N.	Calm	1.04	Clear.
Montgomery	30.07	57	55	N.	Light	.28	Hy rain
Port Fads	30.13	58	57	S. W.	Fresh	.82	Clear
Pensacola	30.07	68	67	S.	Fresh		Lt: rain
Bavannah	30.15	64			Light	.00	Foggy.

NOTE—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per lour, inclusive; Gentle, 2 to 5, inclusive; Fresh, 5 14 inclusive; Brisk, 16 to 29, inclusive; High, 30

Local Weather Report. ATLANTA, GA., January 18, 1882.

TIME.	1.	ter.	1.	WI	ND.		1
	Barometer	Thermometer	Dew Point.	Direction	Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
6:81 a. m 17:81	30.21 30.25		44 43	E.	Fresh Brisk		Cloudy. Lt. rain.
2:80 p. m 2:81 " 6:31 "	30.11 30.09 30.09	47	43 45 49	E.	Brisk Fresh Gentl	00	Lt. rain. Cloudy. Lt. rain.

Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

CENTENNIAL BUILDING



For superior quality of SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES in Gold, silver and Steel, you wil find the place at No. 5 Whitehall street. Be not induced to pay high prices for inferior goods. I guarantee a perfect fit of every pair I sell, and as I only keep the very best of Lenses in White and Tinted, guarantee every pair to give settisfaction for four years. Give me a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

A. F. PiCKERT.

Wholesale and Retail Jeweier.
jans-dtf 8th p un wea

#### MEETINGS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]

A meeting of the Commercial Brotherhood will be held at the Kimball House breakingt room on Friday, January 20th, 1882, at 8 p.m. Alf commer-cial travelers are cordially invited to attend. L. Stewart, President, M. F. Amorous, Secretary.

PATTI'S CONCERT NEXT WEDNESDAY.—It will be a very gratifying fact to our music lovers to learn that the sale of seats for the concert of the greatest soorano of the age, Adelina Patti, which 'takes place on Wednesday, 25th, reached the enormous sum of two thousand dollars yesterday. It therefore behooves those who intend visiting DeGive's opera house on the occasion to procure their seats, otherwise they are likely to be deprived of the musical treat in store. It may not be generally seats, otherwise they are heary to be depirted of the musical treat in store. It may not be generally known that New Orleans and Atlanta are the only two southern cities which are to be honored by the great diva. We expect numerous delegations from Macon, Augusta, Savannah, Athens, Madison, La-Grange, and even Charleston, S. C. To gratify the many enquiries, we append the programme for the occasion:

PROGRAMME-PART L. 1. Overture-"William Tell," Rossini; Grand or estra ? Duo-"Il Rival," (Puritan) Bellini; Sigs. Sal

vati and Pinto.

3. Rec. et Aria—"Ah! forse e lui," (Traviata) Verdi; (with orchestra) Mme. Adelina Patti.

4. Air—"Noel," A. Adam; Signor Nicolini (Organ Obligato—Signor Gorno).

5. Aria—"Di Sposo, di Padre," (Salvator Rosa) Gomez; Sig. Pinto.

6. Song—"Home, Sweet Home," Bishop; Mme. A. Patti.

Scene de Ballet, Ch. M. Beriot; Mme. Castellan.
Accompanist, Signor Gorno.

PART II.

Third act from Faust, Gounod's opera, in costumes and with scenery, with the following cast:
Marcherita; Mme. Adelina Pitti.
Maria; Signoia Bettini.
Seibel; Signora Dinsoni.
Mephistophele; Sig. Pinto.
Faust; Sig. Nicolini.
Grand orchestra under Signor D'Aroria.
We are desired to intimate to the public that seats can now be secured at Mr. De Give's office in the opera house.

The musical entertainment at the Conservator to-night will be a brilliant affair. Patrons of th Conservatory can procure tickets on application.

Vokes Family.—Nothwithstanding the fearfully bad weather of last night, a fair audience was present at DeGive's opera house to witness the rendition of a highly entertaining programme by the above troube. The programme commenced with an amusing farce entitled "Ruth's Romance." Miss Fanny Bro an was very natural and piquant as Ruth. After this the Vokes appeared in "Belles of the Kitchen," and all in the audience forgot for the time all care, the mud, and the falling of rain on the opera house. All the parts were well taken. The fun had no climax, and ends not by action but the drop of the curtain. The dancing was superb and is worth seeing alone. The burlesque of the tower scene in Trovatore was excellent and most enthusiastically encored. It was truly absurd to see Maurice unsuccessfully balancing a clothes horse on a kitchen table, while Leonora, on her knees, dodged the impending evil and both sang the exquisite music most delightfully. Miss Vokes's voice is really fine and beautifully cultivated. The audience were highly entertained, for the fun was excruciatingly amusing, and the incidents highly agreeable. The performance is chaste, and we take pleasure it saying to readers, go see the Vokes to-night, you will not regret it.

You are sick; well, there is just one remedy that will cure you beyond possibility of doubt. If it's Liver or Kidney trouble, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Debility, "Wells's Health Renewer" is your hope, \$1. Druggists. Depot, Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta

#### THE WYLY FAILURE.

Since the announcement of the failure of A. C. & B. F. Wyly the prospects of a settlement of the firm's debts have been very generally discussed in business circles. There has been nothing of special interest done except the filing of a bill of injunction praying for the setting aside of the assignment and the appointment of a receiver. The money which is being collected is deposited every day to the credit of Mr. Crane. None of it has been expended. Mr. Crane, we understand, hopes to be able to restore the firm to business again. His chance of success is a subject only for conjecture.

The bill of injunction was filed late on Tuesday by Hopkins & Glenn, as attorneys for A. Haas & Bro. against A. C. & B. F. Wyly and Benjamin E. Crane, the assignee, asking that the assignment might be set aside and a receiver appointed and the assets applied to all the creditors. The court made an order appointing Major Crane temporary receiver and setting the case for hearing next Friday, at which time it will come up before Judge erally discussed in business circles. There

t which time it will come up before Judge Hillyer in chambers.

The deed of assignment is attacked on sev-

eral grounds, as follows: By it the assets are to be appropriated, after paying expenses, to the satisfaction of debts in favor of W. M. & R. J. Lowry. In December, it appears, the Wylys made to the Lowrys a deed to their store house, reciting in the deed that the consideration was \$10,000, while it is alleged in point of fact it was made to secure a debt of that amount. Besides that, according to the terms of the assignment, they owe the Lowrys eral grounds, as follows: By it the assets are of the assignment, they owe the Lowrys five thousand dollars on their bank account. The paper which they held on their customers it is alleged was discounted for them by the Lowrys, and there is a large amount of that, it is claimed, outstanding with their in-dorsement. If that paper should be returned dorsement. If that paper should be returned now, in whole or in part, they are liable to the Lowrys, and that debt is also preferred in the assignment. After satisfying the Lowrys and a few other debts of no great amount the assets are to be divided equally among creditors. The individual property of the Wylys is also embraced in the assignment. Their residences are mortgaged, one of them to Mr. Fuller, as trustee for the children of one member of the trustee for the children of one member of the firm. The other residence is mortgaged to Eugene Wyly for thirty odd hundred dollars. The individual property will go to the pay-ment of the individual debts, and if there is

ment of the individual debts, and if there is a surplus it will go to the payment of the other debts. Up to the 31st of December last the firm was Å. C. & B. F. Wyly & Co. At that time two members retired and the firm of Å. C. & B. F. Wyly was formed. The new firm has possession of all of the assets of the old firm, and the indebtedness is chiefly against the old firm. the old firm.

The bill of injunction seeks to have the The bill of injunction seeks to have the assets in the hands of A. C. & B. F. Wyly applied ratably to the debts of the old firm. It is charged in the bill that all of the individual property of A. C. & B. F. Wyly is not embraced in their schedules. The statute provides that if all the property is not placed in the schedules the assignment shall be void. It amounts that none of their indie void. It appears that none of their individual property, except some mules, drays and real estate is in the schedules. The bill charges that about six thousand dollars worth

of individual property is thus omitted and hat it consists of household furniture, pian-os, diamonds, etc. Messrs. A. Haas & Bro., who filed the injunction, have issued the following under

late of yesterday : TO OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

date of yesterday:

TO OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

The failure of A. C. & B. F. Wyly is known to you. Did not have time to write you yesterday, because we were all day with our attorneys, Hopkins & Glenn, engaged in preparing a bill, braying the court to set aside the deed of assignment made by the Mesers. Wyly to Ben. E. Crane, Esq., giving a preference of about thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars to sundry creditors

Upon this application the court appointed Major Crane temporary receiver, and set Friday morning for a hearing upon the merits of our bill. Meanwhile, the temporary receiver has charge of the assets, but is prohibited from making any disbursements. The total liabilities probably amount to one hundred and twenty-five (\$125,000) thousand dollars. Nominal assets one hundred and fifty (\$150,000) dollars. Actual assets about sixty-five (\$65,000) dollars. Of course this last is largely guess work. If we are correct in this estimate of assets there will be about thirty-five thousand (\$35,000) dollars to pay ninety-five thousand (\$35,000) dollars to pay ninety-five thousand (\$35,000) dollars due to the general creditors, unless the deed of assignment can be set aside.

They owe us sixty-eight hundred dollars, (\$6,800). We have entrusted our interests to Messrs. Hopkins & Glenn, and respectfully recommend all our friends and correspondents to send particulars of their claims to this firm, with such instructions as they may deem necessary. Respectfully.

Atlanta, January 18, 1882.

Aside from the facts given above there is

Atlanta, January 18, 1882.

Aside from the facts given above there is little of interest transpiring in connection with the failure. The injunction case is set for Friday, but it is probable that it will not come to a trial, as a meeting of the creditors will in all likelihood be held next week, and natters will remain in statu quo.

To the Friends of A. C. & B. F. Wyly.

It would be almost impossible in our present condition for us to answer, as each deserves, the scores of kind and sympathizing letters we have received since our suspension, forty-eight hours ago, and we trust our friends will accept this mode of advising them of the receipt of their letters of condolence; and be assured that we will ever endeavor to be worthy of their good opinion. Our suspension was occasioned solely by the failure of our customers to meet their engagements. The moneys owing to us and unpaid during the past eight years would pay every dollar of our indebtedness. But it is not pail, and we have made a deed of assignment for the benefit of offercredit ors, including the comfer able he mes of our wives and little ones, and no one shall say it at we have not made a full and fair showing. To our numerous kind friends in the city who have so kindly came forward and tendered their sympathy, (and several of them their purses) we are at a loss for words to express our gratitude.

May the good Lord bless and protect you, each and all.

A. C. & B. F. Wyly. To the Friends of A. C. & B. F. Wyly.

A BOY DROWNED About Whom Some Interest is Felt in Atlanta.

In yesterday's Constitution there appear ed an account of the drowning of an unknown Atlanta boy, near Augusta, on Satur day evening last. It appears that the article was generally read throughout the city, for during the day the reporters were frequently approached upon the subject. Nearly every one who referred to it had an idea that he could name the luckless youth, and as all of these ideas were different they have been compiled and are now presented to THE CONSTITUTION readers. officer they have been compiled and are now presented to The Constitution readers. The first man who knew the dead boy was Mr. George Johnson, of restaurant fame. Said he: "I believe I know who he is. I think it is Will Langford, whose father lives near the rolling mill. The description about fits him, and then he left here just about the time Coup's circus passed through Atlanta. In addition to this I know

here just about the time Coup's circus passed through Atlanta. In addition to this I know that he had a mania for circus life and I am satisfied that it was Will Langford that dropped from that boat."

Another gentleman said: "I know who it was. It was Tom Franklin, a brother of the crippled man who drives the goat. He left here with the circus, and I am satisfied that it is Tom who was drowned." An investigation of this statement, however, proved it incorrect, as Mr. Franklin is now in Atlanta.

The most plausible story is told by a Mr.

### REDUCTION! REDUCTION! CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON

Will offer for the next THIRTY DAYS extra inducements throughout their entire establishment

### DRY GOODS, CARPETS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Being anxious to close out many lines of goods to make room for Spring purchases. CLOAKS, DOLMANS, CIRCULARS, ULSTERS and JACKETS at Great Sacrifice. CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO. 66 and 68 Whitehall St.

from Atlanta over OVERCOATS! away with Coup's circus, and that he was going to work his way to Augusta on a boat. The next morning I heard he had been drowned, and then I felt sorry that I had not paid his way to Atlanta, but that regret was

lanta about three years ago and begun working at the carpenter's trade. My first recollection of Harris was his talk about cir-

with some circus. So we might continue to give the opinion of others who imagine they know the deaboy, but whoever he may have been, he now dead.

JOYOUS NUPTUALS.

At the church of the Immaculate Conception, at four o'clock vesterday evening, Rev Father Cleary performed the ceremony o marriage, the parties thereto being Mr. John

Last night from eleven to one the centre of the city was too utterly lively. Several drunken men had small fights, guns and pistols were fired and some sp rited hooting made things sound like Christmas. The police were busy.

A False Rumor.

A rumor of a bad accident on the Air-Line, by which two men were killed, gained circulation in Atlanta yesterday, but an industrious tracing of the same proved that it originated in a small landslide just above Greenville, South Carolina, and that no lives were lost, and only a slight detention of the regular passenger train caused.

Last night about one o'clock pedestrians in the negbborhood of the Healy building, on Alabama treet, witnessed a shower of bottles which fell in apid succession upon the sidewalk, and apparently ame from a third-story window. Captain Aldridge it da pose of several police officers went into the building and made an effort to discover the guilty with the predauly least of the captain all the productions of the captain and made an effort to discover the guilty and the predauly least of the captain and made an effort to discover the guilty and the predauly least of the captain and made an effort to discover the guilty and the predauly least of the captain and made and effort to discover the guilty and the captain and made and effort to discover the guilty and the captain and made and effort to discover the guilty and the captain and the c party, but he prudently kept quiet and could i

Attention Invoked. EDITORS CONSTITUTION: We would call attention to the fact that very few of the vaccinations madin the second ward have taken effect, fifteen day or more having clapsed since the operations were performed. We think that public safety demand an inquiry into the matter.

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN.

The "Duval," Jacksonville, Florida, under the proprietorship of our fellow-townsmen, Messrs. Scoville & Lee, is receiving a large patronage, and deservedly so. We notice among their arrivals, a few days since, Hon. B. H. Hill. Jr, Hon. George Hillyer, Hon. Frank P. Rice and Mr. Henry W. Grady, with their families.

At the Kimball From Georgia.

J P Bass, Griffin; David Butofzer, Dalton; Co nel William B Johnson, General W 8 Holt, Macc L Lanier and wife, Miss L Huguly, West Poi Miss Alice Kellogg, Newnan; W If Stanley, Ron L F Woodruff, C Jumbus; Miss Minnie Davenpo

The proposed meeting of the Lyric club, at the residence of Major W. B. Cox, to-night, has been postponed to another date on account of the bad weather.

PERSONAL.

General W. S. Holt and William B. Johnson, acon, are at the Kimball. Mrs G. W. Pratt and Miss Anna Auldridge, from Lonsdale, R. I., are stopping at the Stanton house West End.

A Grand Excursion.

A Grand Excursion.

One of the grandest excursions ever planned in Atlanta, has been conceived by Mann and Johnson, the popular ticket agents. The excursion which will be conducted under the personal supervision of Mr. H. A. Callan, will leave Atlanta on the 7th of February, and make a circuit taking in Fernandina, Nassau, Havana, Vera Cruz, City of Mexico, New Orleans, and St. Louis.

HOT Molasses Black Walnut Candy at 103 a.m. to-day; other Candies hot every half hour, at Pholpe's candy kitchen

New Hardware Firm, wholesale and retail, 4 Peachtree street, will be open 15th January. Cal and see them. jan3-dtf

A Disastrous Calamity. JEANESVILLE, January 18.—[Special.]—One of the largest breakers in Luzerne county, employing between three and four hundred men and boys, owned and operated by J. C. Hayden & Co., at this place, was totally destroyed by fire last night, together with about 200 toris of coal in the schutes. Loss \$200,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

HALIFAX, January 18.—[Special.]—The steamer Bristol, from New Orleans for Liverpool, which arrived last evening for coal, has her propeller damaged, and will have to be repaired before pro-ceeding.

New York, January 18.—The annual meeting of the American society of civil engineers was begun to-day in this city and was presided over by Ambel Welch. The meeting was fairly attended.

Struck with a Pick. Macon, Ga., October 10, 1881. Debility, "Wells's Health Renewer" is your hope.

1. Druggists. Depot, Laraar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta.

1. Local Notes

- Ask your druggist for the S. C. M. C. American Star Soft Capsules.

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42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

ELEGANT DRESS SUITS!

ULSTERETTES!

His Shoe department is unusually attractive. He keeps the Kelly, of this city, and Miss Annie Falvey, sister of Mr. John Falvey. The attendants were Miss Josie Waggenstein, of Macon, and Mr. Bernard Hagan.

After the ceremony the happy couple were entertained at the residence of the bride's mother, where a large concourse of friends called upon them, and felicitated them upon their happy union. their happy union.

Mr. Kelly is a clever gentleman, well-known here. The bride is a lady of rare womanly qualities, beloved by an admiring circle of

W.H. BROTHERTON'S

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

MEN, BOYS OR CHILDREN

THE BEST STOCK

GAY'S

37 PEACHTREE STREET.

830 oct16-d3m 8th;

W. H. BROTHERTON'S MILLINERY

MILLINERY

MILLINERY.

Presided over by Mrs. B. Lyon, assisted by Mrs. M. A. Durand. The finest retail millinery establishment south of Baltimore, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

WE WILL OFFER

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

PARLOR AND BED-ROOM

URNITURE -FOR THE-

NEXT 10 DAYS Do not fail to come and see us if you want

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE COME AND SEE THE

Francis Carpet Exhibitor.

ANDREW J. MILLER

42 & 44 PEACHTREE ST. Am prepared to do all kinds of repairing with ispatch.

Jan13—dtilfeb9 wed sat sun 8thp

REVERSIBLES!

LARGE INVOICE! NE.W DESIGNS!

JUST OPENED

NOBBY BUSINESS SUITS!

I will

W. H. BROTHERTON'S CLOTHING,

I

CLOTHING CLOTHING.
Gents', Youths', Boys' and Childs', in great variety and at prices that defy competition, at W. H. MOTHERTON'S.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S DRESS GOODS, SILKS

# SATINS

All wool black cashmere very superior goods, 40c. Beautiful black, colored and

striped silks, 50c. Black satin, a splendid article,

handsome goods, 1.00. An immense stock dress goods in all the latest novelties, at prices that are far below their

market value, at W. H. BROTHERTON'S. DRY GOODS NOTICE.

"The Leader of Low Prices," Closing out the residue of his immense exposition

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE

BARGAINS

BARGAINS & CLOAKS

HALF PRICE! BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS. 5.000 YARDS SOLID AND FANCY. DRESS GOODS.

Goods for 12 1-2 cts worth 25. Goods for 15 cts worth 30.
Goods for 20 cts worth 40. Goods for 25 cts worth 50.

BLACK CASHMERES,

BARGAINS IN UNDERWEAR!

LADIES', GENTLEMEN SAND CHILDREN'S Ladies' heavy weight Merino undervests a Beautiful Goods at 75c worth \$1.25. 25 Dozen Gents' heavy weight undershirts at 75c,

A lot of broken lines in Children's Underwear,

GREAT BARGAINS! BARGAINS IN BLANKETS! BLANKETS! BLANKETS!

BLANKETS! Come and buy them at closing out prices. No stock to be carried over. Must have room for spring goods. Must go. No space to carry them.

BARGAINS IN FLANNELS! BARGAINS IN SKIRTS!

BARGAINS IN HOSIERY ! Bargains in every Department, at JOHN KEELY'S

"The Leader of Low Prices."

W.H. BROTHERTON ... Sole Agent in and for Atlanta for the sale of Mme. Demorest's

Reliable Patterns.

To the Public. Below we publish a letter just received from gentleman belonging to one of the first fam-ies in the state—well known in middle

Georgia. It speaks for itself.

We are not at liberty to publish his name, but are authorized to show his letter to any one suffering with the same complaint, and give them a general history of his case.

We would say that in all our experience we have never known or heard of a more remarkable case—each, nember of our company. able case—each member of our company knew the gentleman well and considered his case hopeless. Yours truly, The Swift Specific Co.

Atlanta, Ga., January 2, 1882.

-, December 29, 1881. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gents: I have delayed thus long in writing Gents: I have delayed thus long in writing because I wanted to make "assurance doubly sure" in the trial of S. S. S. in my own case. And am, indeed, most happy to report that it has entirely eradicated every symptom of the disease from my system. Had I followed the advice of Tom Swift in years gone by it would have saved me ten long years of intense suffering. I have not felt the least return of the disease and can fully and truly recommend. disease, and can fully and truly recommend it to all suffering from the scourge, and espe-cially to the physicians in Macon, who knew my condition, and when I can positively assure them that it has not only relieved me of pain, but has entirely removed every symptom of the disease from my system, it ought to convince even them of its infallible

I do not care to have my name published, but you are at liberty to show my letter to those who formerly knew of my condition especially to Dr. M——, who is so celebrated with his 555 and 471. Let him take the worst case he can find he will be convinced against his orthodox principles. You can also call the attention of Drs. F., B., H., H. and H., to-my letter, all of whom knew of my lamenta-

It is a shame that human kind should suffer-rom the prejudices of physicians to anything not laid down in the text books. Let me assure you of my gratitude, and be-ieve me ever, yours truly.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

Is the great wonder of the age. Tin and Glassware, Knives Colored satins in all colors, and Forks, Spoons, and over one thousand articles that sell in a regular way in other houses for 25c. If you want bargains go tothe 5c Counter at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

Mr.

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Some Beck's pension dicious swin lle rather a arreara now we of app Besid

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